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	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
ACANTHUS (Bear's Breech) φ○ Use: Accents old stone or brickwork.		
mollis - Deeply cut, glossy leaves 4' mauve flower spikes.	48"	July
ACHILLEA (Yarrow or Milfoil) φ○ (Spread: 24" +)  Aromatic fern-like foliage. Drought resistant. Long Blooming. Use: Cut or dried flower or in rock walls and between walking stones.		
filipendulina (Fern Leaf Yarrow)		
f. ' Coronation Gold ' – Golden yellow flowers on 3-4' umbels with gray-green fern-like foliage.	24-36"	June-Sept
f. ' Moonshine ' – Silver-gray foliage. Lemon yellow flowers.	18-24"	June-July
f. ' Parker's ' – Elegant fern-like foliage. Yellow flowers.	24"	Sept
f. ' Pink Deb ' – Pink flowers. Selected by Loleta Powell of Powell's Gardens.	24"	July-Aug
millefolium (Common Yarrow)		
m. ' Oertel's Rose ' – Strong growing rose pink, flowers fade to near white. Excellent re-bloom with strong, healthy green, ferny foliage. Tolerates heat and humidity.	12-15"	June-Sept
m. ' Paprika ' – Intense ruby-red clusters with yellow centers.	24"	July-Aug
m. ' Red Beauty ' – Red flowers.	18"	July-Sept
m. ' Royal Tapestry ' – Royal purple with white center. Repeat bloomer.	24"	June-Sept
m. ' Summer Pastels ' – Mixed colors on compact plants.	24"	June-Sept
m. ' Summer Wave ' – Hearty burgundy with long bloom season.	24"	June-Sept
ptarmica nana 'Ballerina' – Bell-shaped white flowers.	18"	June-Aug
ptarmica 'The Pearl' (Sneezewort) – Double white flowers.	24"	June-Aug
tomentosa aurea (Woolly Yarrow) - Woolly, gray-green leaves with bright yellow flowers.	2-10"	June-Sept
ACONITUM (Monkshood) φκ (Spread: 12-18")  Flowers last the longest in a partially shaded cool and moist location. The roots, leaves and seed are highly poisonous. Use: Good in naturalized areas.		
bicolor - White with blue edges.	42"	July-Sept
cammarum x 'Eleanor' – Near white flowers with delicate blue edge in mid-summer. Vigorous, improved 'Bicolor'.	36-48"	July-Aug
carmichaelii 'Arendsii' – Large blue flowers. Handsome erect clump-former with dark green glossy foliage and thick flower stems.	36-48"	July-Aug
napellus – Deep blue helmet flowers with narrow leaves.	36"	July-Aug
ADENOPHORA (Lilyleaf Ladybell) φκ (Spread: 24") Does not transplant well. Erect perennial with spire-like inflorescence. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Adds blue color in mid-summer.		
confusa – Nodding bell-shaped, fragrant deep blue flowers about 1" long. More drought tolerant than A. lilifolia.	36"	Mid-Summer
lilifolia – Fragrant blue bell-like flowers about ½" long.	18"	July-Aug
AEGOPODIUM (Snow on the Mountain, Goutweed, Bishop's Weed) ○φκ Rapid spreading groundcover. Attractive foliage. Spread by underground stems. Use: Groundcover in poor soil.		


		HEIGHT	BLOOMS
	podagraria variegatum – Variegated green and white foliage. Small white flowers.	6-14"	May-June
	AJUGA (Bugleweed) φκ○●● Good foliage color. Use: Dense groundcover in poor soil, banks.		
	pyramidalis 'Metallica Crispa' – Shiny, bronze foliage with blue flowers.	10"	April-May
	reptans – Solid green foliage with blue flowers.	6"	April-May
	reptans 'Bronze Beauty' – Deep bronze foliage with blue flowers.	6"	April-May
	reptans 'Burgundy Glow' – Foliage of burgundy, creamy white and green with blue flowers.	6"	April-May
	reptans 'Silver Beauty' – White and green variegated leaves, blue flower spikes.	6"	May-June
	ALCEA (Hollyhock) φκ○● Biennial. Showy, erect plant. May need staking. Use: Background.		
	rosea – Double rose colored flowers.	48"	June-July
	r. 'Charter's Double Mixture' – Fluffy, double mix.	84"	June-July
	r. 'Indian Spring' – Old fashioned single mix.	72-96"	June-July
	r. 'Singles Mix' – Old fashioned singles. Great for hollyhock dolls.	48-72"	Summer
	r. 'Zebrina' – Single saucer shaped flowers, white with purple stripes.	30"	Summer
	'Summer Memories Mix' – A cross between A. ficifolia x rosea. Single flowers in a wide range of colors with mostly light yellow. The 7-lobed foliage stays fairly clean, not as prone to hollyhock rust.	72"	Summer
	ALCHEMILLA (Lady's Mantle) φκ○● (Spread: 24") Will self sow. Attractive foliage. Prefers moist soil. Use: Border.		
	mollis – Tiny yellow-green flowers appear in clusters above silver-green rounded leaves.	6"	April-May
	m. 'Auslese' – Greenish-yellow veil-like flowers, gray-green foliage.	20"	
	m. 'Thriller' – Yellowish, starry flowers over gray-green, mat-forming foliage.	18"	June-July
	AMPELOPSIS (Variegated Porcelain Vine) φκ ○● Use: On fences or trellis.		
	brevipedunculata 'Elegans' – Attractive variegated vine.	Vine	
	ANCHUSA (Italian Bugloss) φκ○● Use: Banks, groundcover.		
	capensis 'Blue Angel' – Biennial with marine-blue flowers.	8-10"	June-Aug
	ANEMONE (Japanese Anemone) φκ● (Spread: 12-24") Attractive foliage. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Front or middle border.		
	hupenensis (Japanese) - Flower in purple-red shades up to 3" across.	24-36"	Sept-Oct
	h. 'Prinz Henrich' – Semi-double deep rose flowers. Winter hardy with protection.	24"	Aug-Oct
	pulsatilla (Pasque Flower) - Bell-shaped violet-purple flowers, fern-like foliage, globular masses of silvery seed heads follow.	8-10"	April-May
	tomentosa 'Robustissima' - Bright pink flowers. Hardy and vigorous.	24-36"	Aug-Sept




	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
silvestris (Snowdrops) – Pure white nodding flowers. Naturalizing and cutting.	18"	Spring
x hybrida 'Andrea Atkinson' – White flowers.	40"	Aug-Sept
x hybrida 'Honorine Jobert' – Large, single white flowers.	36-48"	Aug-Oct
ANEMONE (Cont.)		
x hybrida 'Queen Charlotte' – Pink semi-double flowers.	36"	Sept-Oct
x hybrida 'Whirlwind' – Semi-double white flowers.	24-36"	Sept-Oct
ANTENNARIA (Pussytoes) φ○		
 Native. Prefers dry soil. Attractive foliage. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Groundcover between paving stones, rock walls.		
dioica – White or pink flowers.	7-8"	June
ANTHEMIS (Marguerite) ○φκ (Spread: 24")		
Aromatic foliage. Profuse bloomer. Use: Good in hot, dry locations.		
tinctoria 'St. Johannes' – Bright orange flowers.	24"	June-Sept
AQUILEGIA (Columbine) ○φκ ◐ (Spread: 12")		
 Long blooming. Gray-green foliage. Use: Border and naturalized settings.		
'Biedermeier' (Colorado Columbine) - Densely clustered bouquets in mixed colors. Dwarf rockery plant.	8-10"	May-June
'Blue Shades' – Shades of blue on tall, mounded foliage. Cut flower.	30"	Late Spring
canadensis (American Columbine) - Native. Red and yellow flowers with blue-green leaves.	15-24"	April-June
'Crimson Star' – Bright crimson red with white corolla and yellow stamens.	24-30"	Early Summer
ferdinandi-coburgii 'Variegata' – Low growing, green and white mats. Tolerates shade. White flowers.	4-5"	Late Spring
flabellata 'Alba' – White, short spurred flowers.	8-10"	April
f. 'Mini Star' (Fan Columbine) – Blue-white flowers.	6"	May-June
'Goldfinch' – Softer yellow than the bird of the same name.	18-24"	May-June
'Nora Barlow' – Showy, double flower. Cups and spurs have been replaced by rows of maroon petals with greenish white tips.	24-30"	Late Spring
'Songbird Series' Very early, large flowering with a compact habit.		
'Blue Bird' – Mid-blue sepals, white petals.	24"	May-June
'Cardinal' – Dark red/white.	28"	May-June
'Dove' – Lovely, pure white.	24"	May-June
'Lavender and White' – Showy, a bit taller than others in series.	30"	May-June
'Robin' – Soft pink sepals, white petals, re-bloomer.	24"	May-June
ARABIS (Rock Cress) φ○ (Spread: 18")		
 Plants should be pruned back after flowering. If leafminer becomes a problem, cut plant to ground. Tufted foliage. Use: Rock garden, border.		
alpina 'Compinkie' – Deep rose blooms. Evergreen.	6"	April-May
blephorophylla 'Spring Charm' – Large rosy-purple flowers, basal rosette of foliage.	4-8"	Early Spring
caucasica 'Snow Cap' – Dwarf, compact plants with dense masses of	6"	Early Spring

		HEIGHT	BLOOMS
	snow-white flowers. Tough, hardy.		
ARENARIA (Sandwort) φκ ○	Requires good moisture. Profuse flowers. 12" long trailing stems. Use: Rock garden, border.		
	montana – Evergreen groundcover, with white flowers.	4-5"	May-June
ARISAEMA (Jack-in-the-Pulpit) κτ ●	Native. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Low or wet naturalized area.		
	maritima 'Dusseldorfer Stolz' (Dusseldorf Pride) – Red flower.	6"	May-June
	triphillum - Tiny flowers hidden in large purple-green three lobed leaves which develop clusters of bright red berries in summer.	12-18"	April-June
ARMERIA (Thrift, Sea Pink) φ○	Use: Good in hot, dry locations, borders.		
✕	maritima 'Lauchiana' - Pink flowers. Symmetrical tufted mounds spread to one foot wide. Salt tolerant.	6-10"	May-June
ARTEMISIA (Wormwood) φκ (Spread: 18-24").	Foliage plant. Use: Foliage plant for drying or border or rock garden.		
	arborescens 'Powis Castle' - Compact mound of divided ferny, silver foliage.	30"	Foliage
	'Huntington' – Bold, silver accent. Lacy leaves.	48"	Foliage
	ludoviciana 'Silver Queen' - White hairy leaves with gray-white flowers (not showy).	24"	Foliage
	stellerana 'Silver Brocade' - Fragrant yellow flowers, deeply toothed frosted gray-white leaves.	8-10"	Foliage
	schmidtiana 'Silver Mound' - Aromatic, silver-gray foliage with small white or yellow flowers (not showy).	6-10"	Foliage
	versicolor 'Sea Foam' - Uniquely shaped silver leaves.	18"	Foliage
ARUNCUS (Goatsbeard) φκτ ● (Spread: 6')	Prefers moist soil. Native. Use: Back border, single specimen.		
	aethusfolius – Creamy white spikes. Fern-like foliage.	2"	June-July
	diocus – Ivory white feather plumes.	60"	June-July
	diocus 'Child of Two Worlds' – Showy panicles of white flowers with feathery foliage.	48"	Early Summer
ASARUM (Wild Ginger) κτ ●	Pungent foliage. Similar flavor to Old World Ginger. Use: Groundcover, edging plant.		
	canadense – Leaves 3-6" inches, purple-green flowers.	6-8"	
ASCLEPIAS (Silkweed) φ○	Late blooming daisy-type flower. Pinching will promote compact plants. Use: Naturalizing.		
	incarnata (Swamp Milkweed) - Dusty pink flowers, native to Eastern US.	24-48"	July-Aug
✕	incarnata 'Ice Ballet' – Pure white flowers.	36"	July-Aug

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
tuberosa (Butterfly Flower) - Brilliant orange flowers, native to Eastern US.	24"	June-Aug
ASTER (Hardy Aster) φ○		
Use: Long blooming time. Blends well with other colors. Naturalizing and native and border.		
 alpinus 'Happy End' – Purple-rose flowers.	10"	May-June
ASTER (Cont.)		
cordifolius (Blue Wood Aster) – Average to dry soil, blue flowers. Good naturalizer under trees and at the edge of the woods.	24-36"	Sept-Oct
dumosus 'Alert' – Reddish-purple flower.	12"	Summer
ericoides 'Monte Cassino' – White flowers on erect stems.	36"	Sept-Oct
ericoides 'Snow Flurry' – A very low dense carpeting groundcover covered with ½" single white flowers with gold center.	6-8"	Sept
nova-angliae 'Purple Dome' – Purple flowers on a compact plant. Heavy bloomer.	18"	Sept-Oct
novi-belgii (New York Aster) 'Nesthakchen' – German cultivar with striking pinkish red blooms.	18"	Late Summer
n.b. 'Newton Pink' – Deep reddish-pink flowers with rich green foliage. Perfect for edging a sunny flower border.	15"	Late Summer
n.b. 'Professor Kippenburg' - Bright blue flowers.	12-15"	Sept
n.b. 'Wood's Pink' – Lots of soft pink daisy-like flowers on low-growing plant. Resistant to powdery mildew and rust.	8-12"	Late Summer
oblongifolius 'October Skies' – Short, bushy and blue. Low growing mound of bushy foliage. Highly tolerant of drought and poor soil. A Primrose Path introduction. Excellent groundcover potential.	18"	Sept-Oct
x frikartii 'Monch' – Lavender-blue flowers with gold centers. Upright, free flowing variety. Cutting back foliage reduces winter survival.	6"	July-Sept
ASTILBE (False Spirea, False Goat's Beard) φκτ● (Spread: 24")		
Fluffy spikes of various shades of white, pink or red adorn the elegant and lacy foliage from early to late summer depending on cultivar. Grows best in rich moist soil. Tolerant of wet sites. Use: Dried flower, pond areas, front border, shade gardens.		
ardensii 'Anita Pfeifer' – Pastel pink.	24"	July
a. 'Bressingham Beauty' – Long lasting arching clear pink flowers.	36"	July
a. 'Bridal Veil' – Gently drooping, large dusty white panicles.	28"	July
a. 'Cattleya' – Tall, elegant large open panicles of rose-pink.	40"	July-Aug
a. 'Cotton Candy' – A Walters Gardens, Inc. introduction. Deep pink with nice fluffy plumes and compact habit.	16"	July-Aug
a. 'Etna' – Dense, dark red flower spikes.	20"	July
a. 'Fanal' - Deep, blood red narrow, spikes. Mahogany foliage turning green by summer.	20"	June
a. 'Flamingo' – Slightly fragrant pink flowers.	20"	Late Summer
a. 'Gloria' – Clear lilac pink.	32"	July
a. 'Glow' ('Glut') - Intense, dark red, narrow foliage.	30"	July
a. 'Granat' – Rose-red with deep glossy green foliage.	24"	June
a. 'Hyacinth' – Lilac.	38"	July
a. microphylla 'Montgomery' – Deep red flowers.	24-36"	June
a. microphylla 'Peach Blossom' - Delicate pink with a hint of peach.	24"	June
chinensis (Dwarf Chinese Astilbe) 'Finale' - Pink red.	15-18"	July-Sept
c. 'Pumila' - Lavender-pink. Ground cover for shade, tolerates	16"	July-Aug





	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
dry soils.		
c. 'Superba' (taquetii) – Rosy purple flowers on a red stem.	36"	July-Aug
c. 'Veronica Klose' – Dark rose-purple, torchlike flower.	16"	Aug-Sept
c. 'Visions' - Sweetly scented, diamond shaped raspberry red plumes.	12-14"	Aug
japonica 'Bremen' - Rose-pink fading to mid-pink. Bold foliage.	24"	July
j. 'Deutschland' – Glossy deep green foliage. Pure white lacy panicles.	30"	June
j. 'Pink Lightning' – Slightly fragrant rose-purple flowers on small, compact plants. Glossy, deep green leaves.	24"	Early Summer
j. 'Rheinland' - Clear pink, large flowers, bold foliage.	24"	June
ASTILBE (Cont.)		
simplicifolia 'Hennie Graafland' - Delicate pink, slightly drooping panicles.	16"	June-Aug
s. 'Sprite' - Attractive dark bronze foliage with shell pink flowers	12"	June-Aug
with open droopy panicles. Dwarf selection from Bressingham Gardens.		
AUBRIETA (Purple Rock Cress) ○φκ● (Spread: 24")		
 Evergreen specimen excellent for borders, beds or rock gardens.		
Should be trimmed back after flowering. No serious insect or disease problems.		
Use: Rock garden, border, stone walls.		
'Whitewell Gem' – Dark purple flowers.	6"	April-May
AURINIA (Basket of Gold, Rock Madwort, formerly Alyssum) φ○ (Spread: 18")		
 Prostrate habit. No serious insect or disease problems. Drought tolerant.		
Use: Rock walls, raised beds.		
saxatile compactum - Dense clusters of tiny yellow flowers.	10"	April-May
BAPTISTA (False Indigo) φκ● (Spread: 36")		
 Native. Erect plant that may need staking. Can tolerate wet and dry sites.		
No serious insect or disease problems.		
Use: Background or specimen plant.		
australis – Racemes of pea-shaped indigo-blue flowers. Showy 2-3" black seed pods for dried arrangements.	36-48"	June
lactea – White flowers, black pods for arrangements. Native.	36-48"	May-July
'Purple Smoke' (Wild Indigo) – Charcoal, gray stems with purple flowers. Vigorous grower.	36"	May-June
BELAMCANDA (Blackberry Lily) φ○ (Spread: 24")		
Tall, Iris-like foliage with showy two-inch flowers. Drought tolerant.		
Use: Perennial border. The ornamental black seed clusters may be dried for use in arrangements.		
chinensis – Orange flowers with maroon spots.	36"	July
BELLIS (English Daisy, True Daisy) ○φκ●		
Long blooming biennial.		
Use: Front border or massing.		
perenne 'Pomponette Mix' – Mix of bright colorful small flowers.	6"	April-May
BERGENIA (Saxifraga, Heartfelt Bergenia, Pig Squeak) ○φκ● (Spread: 12")		
 Attractive shiny foliage. Long blooming. Foliage may be used in fresh arrangements. Clump-forming plant. No serious insect or disease problems.		
Use: Perennial border.		
cordifolia 'Bressingham White' – White flowers.	12"	April-May




	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
c. 'Red Bloom' – Clusters of deep, rosy pink bells above glossy leaves. Leaves turn deep burgundy in fall through winter.	15-18"	April-May
c. 'Rotblum' – Red flowers.	2-15"	April-May
c. 'Winter Glow' (Winterglut) - Red flowers. Excellent fall color and winter foliage.	12-15"	May
BOLTONIA (Starflowers) φ○ (Spread: 3-4')		
Long blooming, small daisy-like flower clusters that resemble asters. Tolerates heat and humidity. Native.		
Use: Fall flowering background plant.		
asteroides 'Nana' – Pinkish-lilac flowers. Dwarf habit.	18-24"	Aug-Sept
a. 'Pink Beauty' - Masses of small pink flowers on tall stems.	48"	Aug-Sept
a. 'Snowbank' - Masses of small pure white flowers on tall stems.	48"	Aug-Sept
BRUNNERA (Alkanet, Siberian Bugloss) κ● (Spread: 18")		
Self sows. Excellent dark green foliage. No serious insect or disease problems.		
Use: Shady border plant, naturalizing, woodland setting.		
macrophylla - Large, green heart-shaped leaves. Tiny clusters of small blue flowers resembling forget-me-nots.	12"	May-June
CALTHA (Cowslip, Marsh Marigold) κ● (Spread: 18")		
Prefers wet sites. Native.		
Use: Water gardens, streams.		
palustris – Golden yellow flowers rise above shiny dark green heart-shaped leaves. Plants go dormant in mid to late summer.	18-24"	April-June
CAMPANULA (Bellflower or Harebell) ○φκ● (Spread: 6-24")		
Drought tolerant. Widely used perennial.		
Use: Border or rock garden, informal grouping or naturalizing.		
 carpatica 'Blau Clips' (Blue Clips) – Light green leaves with violet-blue flowers.	8"	June-Sept
c. 'Bue Uniform' – Light green leaves with medium blue flowers.	8"	June-Sept
c. 'Weisse Clips' (White Clips) – Light green leaves with white bells.	8"	June-Sept
glomerata 'Supbera' - Rich violet blooms.	20"	June-July
g. 'Supbera Alba' – White flowers.	20"	June-July
medium claycanthema mixed (Cup and Saucer) – Biennial. Large bell-shaped flowers in a mix of blue, rose, or white flowers. May need staking.	24-36"	June-July
persicifolia 'Blue' – Large sky-blue bell type flowers.	24"	May-June
p. 'Telham Beauty' – Delicate china-blue flowers.	24"	May-June
portenschlagiana (Dalmation Bellflower) – Lilac blue flowers. Low-growing, compact perennial with attractive foliage.	4"	May-July
poscharskyana (Serbian Bellflower) – Lavender-blue flower. Drought resistant, fast growing groundcover.	4-6"	May-June
rotundifolia (Scotch Bluebell) – Clusters of bright blue bells.	12"	July-Sept
r. 'Olpica' – Dainty bright blue bells.	12-18"	July-Sept
CASSIA (Wild Senna) ○φ		
Use: Dry roadsides and thickets.		
marylandica - Large, yellow clusters of lupine-like flowers over bold deep green foliage.	4-6'	Aug
CATANANCHE (Cupids Dart) ○φκ● (Spread: 12")		
	15-18"	June-Sept

		HEIGHT	BLOOMS
✂	Drought tolerant. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Dried flower, mass border plant.		
	caerulea – Lavender-blue everlasting flowers, easy to grow, drought resistant.	24"	Summer
	caerulea 'Alba' – White corn flower-like blooms.	15-18"	June-Aug
CELASTRUS (American Bittersweet) ○φ	Use: Vigorous, quick-covering vine for fences.		
	scandens – Twining woody native vine. Distinctive bicolor fruit.	Vine.	
CENTAUREA (Bachelor Button or Knapweed) ○φ (Spread: 12-24")			
	Long blooming. Cut back after flowering. Drought tolerant. Use: Mass in border.		
	delbata – Large, fringed pink flowers, deeply cut silvery leaves.	24-36"	Summer
	delbata 'Rose' – Rosy-pink flowers. Cutleaf gray foliage.	12-24"	May-June
	montana (Mountain Bluet) – Blue flowers. May be invasive.	12-24"	May-June
CENTRANTHUS (Red Valerian or Jupiter's Beard) ○φκ● (Spread: 24")			
	Will self sow. Long blooming. Prefers neutral to alkaline soil. Drought tolerant. Use: Bushy border plant.		
	ruber – Carmine rose. Fragrant.	18-24"	June-July
	ruber alba – White. No serious insect or disease problems.	24-36"	June-July
	ruber coccineus – Carmine-rose flowers, drought tolerant.	24-36"	June-July
CERASTIUM (Snow in Summer) ○φκ● (Spread: 12')			
	No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Border, rock garden, edging.		
	tomentosum – Attractive, evergreen, silver-gray foliage. Groundcover.	6-12"	May-June
	tomentosum 'Yo Yo' – Evergreen groundcover valued for its woolly gray foliage. White flowers.	4-6"	May-June
CERATOSTIGMA (Plumbago, Leadwort) ○φ (Spread: 12-18")			
	Use: Groundcover for large rock garden or border of shrub bed.		
	plumbaginoides - Dark blue flowers and shiny green foliage that turns red in the fall.	8-12"	Aug-Sept
CHELONE (Turtlehead) ○φκ● (Spread: 24")			
	Native. Dense, upright plant. Prefers moist to wet soil. Use: Good for naturalizing along streams or ponds.		
	glabra – Unique white flowers.	24-48"	Aug-Sept
	lyonii – Pink flowers on deep green plant. Native.	24-48"	Aug-Sept
	lyonii 'Hot Lips' – Lustrous, deep green foliage topped with rose pink turtle head shaped flowers. Red stems persist most of the season.	24-36"	Aug-Sept
CHRYSOGONUM (Golden Star, Green and Gold) κ			
	Use: Border, groundcover.		
	Yellow daisies over soft green leaves. Clump forming and long-flowering.	6"	Spring
CIMICIFUGA (Kamchatka Bugbane) ●κ● (Spread: 24-36")			
	Native. Erect plant. Use: Naturalizing in wet areas.		
	racemosa – Bottle brush-like white flowers.	72"	July-Aug
CLEMATIS (Clematis) ○φκ●			
	Needs trellis for support.		

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
Use: Arbors, fence.		
montana 'Alba' – Medium white flower.	8-12'	May-June
'Anna-Louise' – Five inch flower with contrasting red/purple bar and red anthers.	8-10'	May-June, Aug
'Bee's Jubilee' – Large blue-pink flower.	8-15'	May-June, Aug
'Belle Nantaise' – Delicate grayish-lavender, long pointed sepals and cream stamens. Very large 8-9" flowers.	4-6'	June, Sept
'Belle of Woking' – Medium silvery-blue double flower.	6-9'	June-July
'Blue Ravine' – Large blue-mauve flower.	8-12'	May-June
'Comtesse De Bouchard' - Rosy-pink sepals with cream stamens. Profuse bloomer.	8-12'	June-Sept
'Dr. Ruppel' – Carmine pink bars on light pink flowers.	8-10'	June-Sept
'Duchess of Edinburg' – Double white.	8-10'	June-Sept
CLEMATIS (Cont.)		
'Earnest Markham' – Large magenta red flowers with gold stamens. Magenta red large flowers with gold stamens.	8-12'	July-Aug
'Edith' – Large 6-7" pure white flower with contrasting dark stamens.	8-12'	July-Aug
'Elsa Spath' – Medium, violet-purple flower.	8-10'	May-June, Sept
'Etiol Violet' – Medium, deep purple.	13-20'	July-Sept
'Guernsey Cream' – Very light creamy yellow with cream stamens.	8-12'	July-Aug
'Haku Ookan' – Violet sepal that tend to curve into white sepals. Tends to semi-double.	8-12'	June-July
'Henryi' – Large creamy white flowers.	10-12'	June-Sept
'Horn of Plenty' – Rosy mauve with a deep color bar, compact plant.	8-10'	June-Aug
'Jackmanni' – Heavy bloomer. 5-6" velvety purple flowers with light beige stamens.	8-10'	June-Sept
'Jackmanni Superba' – Medium, deep purple flower.	12-20'	Jun-Aug
'Lady Betty Balfour' – Dark violet-blue flowers.	12'	Aug-Oct
'Lady Londesborough' – Large light blue flowers.	8-10'	June, Aug-Sept
'Lilacina Floridbunda' – Deep, purple very full, extremely free flowering.	8-10'	May-July
'Lincoln Star' – Medium raspberry pink.	8-12'	May-June, Sept
'Miss Bateman' – Medium, creamy white flower.	7-8'	May-Jun
'Mrs. Robert Brydon' – Bluish-white 1" flowers in large clusters.	8-12'	June-Sept
'Nelly Moser' – Large mauve with lilac bars.	8-10'	June-Sept
'Nib' – Very dark ruby-red pointed sepals with gold stamens.	8-12'	June-July
'Paniculata' – Pure white medium flower.	13'	May-June
'Pink Champagne' – Deep rosy-pink, very free flowering.	10-12'	June-July
'Ramona' – Lavender-blue flowers.	8-10'	June-Sept
'Royal Velvet' – Rich velvet purple with red anthers flower.	8'	May-June
'Star of India' – Medium violet-purple flowers.	7-8'	June-Aug

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
'Sunset' – Dark velvet red 5-7" flower with purple edges.	8-10'	May-Sept
'The President' – Deep purple with dark purple stamens. Flower does not fade in the sun.	10-12'	May-Sept
'Ville de Lyon' – Large carmine-red edged with crimson.	10-12'	June-Sept
'William Kennett' – Deep lavender flowers.	8-10'	June-Sept
viticella 'Polish Spirit' – Very rich purple-blue 3-4" open flowers.	8-10'	June-July
viticella 'Venosa Violaceae' - 4-5" flowers of white with purple veins throughout turning all purple on the edges.	8-10'	June-July
virginiana 'Vitalba' – Small 1" white flowers on an extremely vigorous growing plant.	8-10'	June-July
CONVALLERIA (Lily of the Valley) DKL ●		
Aggressive spreader. Prefers moist soil. Use: Shade, groundcover.		
majalis – Fragrant, white bell shaped flowers. Tiny orange berries appear after bloom.	6-8"	May-June

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
COREOPSIS (Tickseed) φ○ (Spread: 12-24")  Drought tolerant. Bushy perennial. No serious insect or disease problems. Native to South.  Use: Naturalizing, long blooming period, fast spreading.		
auriculata 'Zamphir' – Golden flowers with unique fluted tubular petals.	12-18"	Summer
'Crème Brulee' – Larger, dark flowers on brighter green and slightly hairy foliage. Neat, robust mounds spreading 3'. Rebloomer.	20"	Summer
'Golden Gain' – Uniform, clump-forming sturdy, drought-tolerant with golden blooms.	16-18"	Summer
grandiflora 'Baby Sun' – Compact, golden yellow blooms.	12-20"	June-Sept
g. 'Early Sunrise' (Big Flower Coreopsis) - Award winning double form blooms bright gold over dark green basal mounds.	12-24"	June-Aug
g. 'Flying Saucers' – Large, glowing golden flowers. Border, container and a sturdy cut flower.	15"	June-Sept
'Limerock Ruby' – Long blooming 1.5" red flower with yellow centers.	12"	Summer
rosea – Pink flowers on mounds of finely cut foliage, late to emerge in spring.	12-18"	July-Sept
rosea 'Sweet Dreams' – Big bicolor 1.5" flowers. White ray petals with raspberry bases surrounding yellow centers.	18-24"	Summer
verticillata 'Grandiflora' (Golden Showers) - Bright yellow flowers on fern-like foliage.	24"	June-July
v. 'Moonbeam' – Creamy yellow flowers.	18-24"	June-July
v. 'Zagreb' – Clear yellow flowers.	15"	June-July
CORONILLA (Crown Vetch) φκ○● Use: Steep banks and hillsides, invasive.		
varia – Fast spreading groundcover with pink-white flowers.	18-24"	June-Oct
CROCOSMIA (Montbretia) φ (Spread: 12")  Sword-shaped foliage. Use: Middle border, containers, long-lasting cut.		
'Emily McKenzie' (Montbretia) – Glowing orange blossoms with crimson throats.	24-30"	July-Sept
'Lucifer' – Brilliant flame-red flower, good for cutting.	36-40"	July-Aug
'Norwich Canary' – Canary yellow blossoms on sword-like foliage.		
DELOSPERMA (Hardy Ice Plant) ○φ Low succulent foliage. Drought tolerant. Use: Ground cover for dry, sandy areas.		
cooperi – Pink flowers.	3"	June-July
'Mesa Verde' - Iridescent salmon-pink flowers.	2"	Spring-Fall
nubigenum – Yellow flowers.	2-3"	June-July
nubigenum 'Basutoland' – Small yellow flowers.	2-3"	June-July
DELPHINIUM (Larkspur) ○φ (Spread: 12")  Erect plant. Tall varieties. Requires staking. Cut back after flowering to promote second bloom. Prefers moist, slightly alkaline soil. Use: Border, background and cutting.		
cultorum 'Magic Fountain' – The following colors are available: dark blue, lavender, pure white, sky blue, and lilac pink. Generally doesn't require staking.	24-30"	June-July

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
'Blue Fountain' – Rich blend of blues shades plus white.	36-60"	Summer
'Dark Blue/Dark Bee' – Violet blue flower with black bee.	36"	June-July
DELPHINIUM (Cont.)		
'Lavender' – Dense spikes of soft lavender.	36"	June-July
'Lilac Pink' – Cool pink.	36"	June-July
'Sky Blue' – Pale-blue flowers with white bee.	36"	June-July
elatum 'Pacific Giant' Series	48-72"	June-Sept
'Astolat' – Lilac pink to deep raspberry-rose.		
'Black Knight' – Deep velvety blue with black bees.		
'Blue Bird' - Clear blue with white bee.		
'Cameliard' – Lavender.		
'Galahad' - Clear white with white bee.		
'King Arthur' - Violet with white bee.		
grandiflorum 'Blue Mirror' – Gentian-blue flowers on loose sprays, not dense. Often reblooms.	18-24"	May-June
x belladonna 'Bellamosum' – Large, dark blue flowers.	36"	June-Sept
x belladonna 'Casa Blanca' – Loose spikey white flowers.	36-48"	June-Sept
DIANTHUS (Maiden Pink, Pinks, Sweet William) φ○ (Spread: 18-24")		
 Long blooming. Dense rounded habit. Use: Border plant, rock garden.		
 'Artic Star' – Fluffy, semi-double, pure white flower.	6-8"	Early Summer
barbatus 'Double Mix' (Sweet William) - Biennial with mixed colors of white, red, and pink.	18"	June-July
barbatus 'Midget Mix' (Sweet William) – Mix of beautiful double flowers.	8-12"	Summer
'Bath's Pink' – Delicate, soft-pink blooms with a spicy, sweet scent. Very hardy and rugged.	12"	June-July
deltoides 'Brilliant' – Small crimson flowers on mat of deep green.	8-12"	June-July
deltoides 'Zing Rose' (Maiden Pink) – Vibrant pink flowers with dense green foliage.	6"	June-Aug
'Pixie' – Fragrant, fringed flowers, pink with dark pink accents and a red ring around the throat. Reblooms.	11-12"	Spring-Fall
plumaris 'Spring Beauty' – Double flowers of rose, pink, salmon, white.	12-16"	Aug
DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart) ○φκ▶		
 Long blooming. Use: Shaded border, wildflower garden.		
cucullaria (Dutchman's Breech)- Wildflower with dainty flowers.	6"	May-June
eximia (Fringed-leaf Bleeding Heart) (Spread: 18") - Beautifully fringed blue-green foliage forms a basal clump from which arise sprays of heart-shaped rosy-pink flowers.	18-24"	June-Sept
formosa 'Luxuriant' (Dwarf Bleeding Heart) (Spread: 18") (Patent pp 3324) - Cherry-red blossoms on ferny green foliage.	12-15"	April-Oct
'Snowdrift' - Ferny foliage with pure white flowers.	12-15"	April-Oct
spectabilis (Old Fashioned Bleeding Heart) (Spread: 36") – The old fashioned bleeding heart. Pink blossoms, globular shape.	30-46"	May-June
spectabilis alba (Old Fashioned Bleeding Heart) (Spread: 30-36") The old fashioned with white blossoms.	30"	May-June
'Zestful' (Dwarf Bleeding Heart) (Spread: 18") – Deep green fern	12-15"	April-Frost

leaf with pink flowers.

DICTAMNUS (Gas Plant) ○●

Once placed, it is best left undisturbed as it does not transplant well.
Use: Excellent specimen or background plant in the perennial border

	albus (fraxinella) – Mauve-pink on showy racemes.	32"	June-July
	a. 'Albiflorus' – White flowers.	32"	June-July
✂	a. 'Purpureus' – Dark veined, pink flowers.	30"	June-July

DIGITALIS (Foxglove) ○φκ●



Dignified spikes of tubular flowers. The biennial varieties self sow in the garden. Dead head old flowers to promote re-bloom.
Use: Shade gardens, woodland settings.

	grandiflora (ambigua) – Dwarf perennial foxglove with large yellow bell-shaped flowers marked with brown.	24"	June-July
	mertonensis – Perennial foxglove with a color of crushed strawberries.	36"	June-July
	obscura – Rusty orange flowers. Smooth foliage. Requires well drained or dry site.	15"	July-Aug
	purpurea 'Excelsior' – Large blend of unusual shades.	48-60"	June
	purpurea 'Giant Shirley' – Biennial, blend of mixed colors.	48"	June-July
	purpurea 'Foxy' – Biennial, delightful mix of white, yellow and pink in a variety of shades.	36"	June-July

DODECATHEON (Common Shooting Star) ●κ

Has basal foliage clump. Foliage becomes dormant in summer.
Mix with Tiarella. Prefers moist soil.
Use: Shade, woodland garden.

	meadia – Flower colors vary from purple to pink, lavender or white.	6-12"	May-June
	meadia 'Album' – Lovely white flowers.	6-12"	May-June

DORONICUM (Leopards Bane) ○φκ● (Spread: 12-18")

Foliage deteriorates in summer. Moist soil. Attractive early spring perennial. Plant near other perennials with spreading foliage.
Use: Shady border.

	caucasicum magnificum - Bright yellow daisy-like flowers.	20"	April-May
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ECHINACEA (Purple Coneflower) ○φκ● (Spread: 24")











Drought resistant. Light shade will enhance color. Erect plant.
Use: Naturalized area.


	purpurea (Purple Coneflower) - Showy purple flowers. Native wildflower. Similar to <i>E. pallida</i> , but flower petals are much deeper pink.	24-48"	July-Sept
	p. 'Alba' – White flowers with coppery cone.	24-36"	July-Sept
	p. 'Bright Star' – Rosy-red with a maroon center.	30-36"	July-Aug
	p. 'Kim's Knee High' – Dwarf with clear pink drooping flexed flowers.	18-24"	July-Aug
	p. 'Magnus' – Deep rose flowers. Non-drooping petals.	36"	July-Aug
	p. 'Rubinstern' (Ruby Star) – Intense carmine red flowers with horizontal petals.	40"	July-Aug
	p. 'White Swan' – White flowers with a coppery cone.	30-36"	July-Aug

ECHINOPS (Globe Thistle) ○φ (Spread: 24-36")







Lower foliage deteriorates. Erect plant.

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
Use: Dried flower, specimen.		
bannaticus 'Blue Glow' – Intense blue.	24-36"	July-Oct
EPIMEDIUM (Barrenwort)  (Spread: 12")		
Clip back old foliage in spring to expose flowers. Low mound. Prefers moist soil. Use: Shade border, groundcover. Good under trees.		
x rubrum – Ruby-red flowers with green heart-shaped foliage. No serious insect or disease problems.	9"	May-June
x versicolor 'Sulphureum' – Light yellow flowers with green heart-shaped foliage.	9"	May-June
x youngianum 'Niveum' – White flowers.	9"	May-June
x youngianum 'Roseum' – Pink flowers with green heart-shaped leaves.	9"	May-June
ERIGERON (Fleabane)  (Spread: 18-24")		
 Native. Dead head to prolong bloom. Erect plant. Use: Dry flower perennial gardens.		
'Pink Jewel' – Pink daisy-like flowers with yellow centers.	12-24"	July-Aug
ERODIUM (Heron's-bill, Stork's Bill)  (Spread: 24")		
Alpine plant. Use: Rock garden, stone wall.		
'Charm' – Pink flowers on tiny foliage mounds.	6-12"	May-June
EUONYMUS (Purpleleaf Wintercreeper) 		
Use: Groundcover, erosion control. Tolerates any well-drained soil conditions.		
fortunei 'Coloratus' – White flower, dull green oval-shaped foliage changes to brilliant red in fall. Vigorous grower.	6-8"	Summer
EUPATORIUM (Mistflower/Hardy Ageratum, Joe Pye Weed) 		
 Native. Use: Naturalizing, structural plant.		
coelestinum – Purplish-blue clusters of flowers. Prune several times during season to promote fuller plant. Needs moist soil.	24"	Aug-Sept
fistulosum (Joe Pye Weed) - Huge, rounded pink-lavender flower heads. Floodplains, meadows and moist locations.	6-10"	July-Sept
maculatum 'Gateway' (Joe Pye Weed) (Spread 3') – Huge red flower clusters atop deep wine-red stems. Needs moist soil.	60-72"	July-Sept
rugosum 'Chocolate' (Snakeroot) – Chocolate leaves with deep shiny purple stems with contrasting bright white flowers. Plant is toxic.	36-48"	Sept-Oct
EUPHORBIA (Cushion Spurge) 		
Will grow in dry soil. Use: Sunny, dry slope. May be invasive. Rock gardens and outcroppings.		
corollata – Red, fall color. Erect flower stalks to 3' topped with small, white flowers forming loose heads to 8" across.	12-36"	May

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
myrsinites – Succulent silvery foliage with bright yellow flowers	6-12"	April-June
FERNS See pages 35-36.		
FRAGARIA (Strawberry) ○φ		
Use: Groundcover.		
'Lipstick' – Quick spreading, semi-evergreen with reddish-pink flowers. Occasionally edible fruit.	4-6"	Summer
FILIPENDULA (Meadowsweet) ○φκ▶ (Spread: 24")		
Soft, textured flower.		
Use: Wide accent plant in dry areas, good in border.		
hexapetala – Fluffy white panicles over rosettes of toothy leaves. Moisture loving.	12-24"	July
rubra 'Venusta' – Very large pink flower heads.	48"	July/Sept
vulgaris – Small creamy-white flowers on tall stems. Carrot-like foliage.	4"	June-July
GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower) ○φ (Spread: 24")		
Long blooming. Native.		
Use: Dry perennial gardens.		
 aristata 'Arizona Sun' – Single 3" mahogany red flowers with bright yellow petal edges.	8-10"	June-Aug
a. 'Goblin' – Red flowers with yellow margins.	12"	June-Aug
a. 'Dazzler' – Golden-yellow flower with maroon center.	16"	June-Aug
a. 'Monarch Strain' – Red flowers edged in yellow.	30"	June-Frost
grandiflora 'Burgundy' – Solid wine-red flowers.	24"	June-Aug
GAURA (Wand Flower) ○φ		
Native. Long blooming, vase shaped. Tolerates dry soil. No serious insect or disease problems. Tender perennial, treat as annual.		
Use: Border plant.		
lindheimeri – Arching stems of white flowers turning rose with age.	36"	July-Oct
I. 'Crimson Butterflies' – Deep pink flowers with dark red foliage. Short and Compact.	12-18"	June-Oct
I. 'Siskiyou Pink' – New introduction. Green foliage has a reddish tinge. Brilliant reddish-pink flowers with white stamens. Tendency to revert to white. Long flowering.	18"	Summer
I. 'Whirling Butterflies' – Bright white flowers on numerous thin spikes.	18-24"	June-Oct
GENISTA (Broom, Woodwaxen) ○φ		
Use: Accent.		
multibracteata (tinctoria) - Woody leguminous sub-shrub. Dark green foliage. Yellow flowers.	24-36"	June-July
sagittalis - Prostrate shrub with green winged branches giving it an evergreen appearance. Topped by small clusters of golden-yellow flowers.	24-36"	June-July
GERANIUM (Cranesbill) ○φκ▶		
Highly valued for their long flowering period with most having peak bloom in late Spring-early Summer, as well as attractive foliage. This hardy perennial will enlighten the perennial border or rock garden.		
Use: Groundcover or front border, garden path, rock garden, or wooded areas.		

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
'Claridge Druce' – Lilac pink flowers.	18"	June-Aug
cantabrigiense 'Biokova' - Masses of delicate pink flowers.	12"	June-Aug
c. 'Karmina' - Intense pink flowers.	12"	June-Aug
cinereum 'Ballerina' - Pink flowers with lilac centers.	6"	June-Aug
c. 'Dwarf Ballerina' - Pink flowers with purple-lilac centers. Compact plant.	4"	June-Aug
endresii – Deeply lobed, five-pointed foliage. Cool-summer climate or protection from afternoon sun.	18"	June-Aug
e. 'Wargrave Pink' - Salmon-pink funnel cups over sharp foliage. A vigorous performer. Well-drained soil mix.	20"	June-Aug
GERANIUM (Cont.)		
himalayense 'Plenum' - Double violet flowers.	12-18"	May-Sept
'Johnson's Blue' – Best known, vivid periwinkle blue, 2" wide flowers. Finely cut green leaves.	15-18"	May-July
lancastrisense – Creeping habit. Flowers are pink with a purplish-red vein.	6-8"	May-Oct
l. 'Max Frei' - Red-purple flower.	8-10"	June-Aug
l. 'Striatum' - Pink, candy striped. Dwarf mounded form.	6"	June-Sept
'Patricia' – Cross between G. enressii x G. psilostemon. Big, bold dark green foliage. Bright pink-magenta flowers with a black star-shaped center. Long flowering.	24-36"	Summer
'Philippe Vapelle' – Hybrid between renardii and platypetalum. Neat mounded habit makes it excellent as a mass ground cover. One inch purplish-blue, long lasting flowers with distinct darker veins. Blue-gray foliage.	15"	Summer
sanguineum (Bloody Cranesbill)- Deep purplish-red.	12-15"	June-Sept
s. 'John Elsey' - Carmine flowers above deep green leaves.	15"	July-Aug
s. 'New Hampshire Purple' – Reddish-purple flowers on compact, spreading mounds of intricately cut leaves. Turns brilliant crimson-red in fall.	12-18"	May-June
'Tiny Monster' – Quick spreader, excellent ground cover. Purple-violet on finely cut green foliage.	16-18"	May-Aug
GEUM (Avens, Grecian Rose) ♂φ (Spread: 12-18") Requires moist, well-drained soil.		
✕ Use: Border.		
chiloense 'Mrs. Bradshaw' – Orange-scarlet double flowers.	24"	May-July
coccineum 'Borisii' - Neat tuft growth with orange flowers. Basal rosettes of fuzzy leaves.	12"	May-July
quellyon 'Lady Stratheden' (Goldenball) – Deep, golden yellow, double flowering selection.	24"	May-July
GRASSES See pages 37-42.		
GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath) φ (Spread: 12-24")		
✕ Fine textured plant. Prefers alkaline soil. Use: Dried flower, groundcover.		
'Compact Plena' – Dainty white flowers on compact plants. Long-lasting, cut flower.	18"	June-July
paniculata 'Bristol Fairy' - Double white flowers. Long-lasting cut flower.	36"	June-July
p. 'Festival' – Vigorous, attractive free-flowering.	36"	June-Sept

		HEIGHT	BLOOMS
	Prolific pink-double and semi-doubled flowers.		
	p. 'Happy Festival' – Compact form of 'Festival' with bigger white flowers. Self branching habit suitable for garden containers.	24-30"	June-Sept
	p. 'White Festival' – White form of 'Happy Festival'.	24-30"	June-Sept
	repens 'Alba' – Gray-green foliage with white flowers.	4-6"	June-July
	r. 'Rosea' – Gray-green foliage with pink flowers.	4-6"	June-July
HEDYSARUM (French Honeysuckle) φ			
	Use: Butterfly garden. ○		
	coronarium – Dense erect spikes of fragrant deep red flowers, glaucous foliage to 30".	30"	July
HELENIUM (Helen's Flower, Sneezeweed) ○ φ (Spread: 3')			
	Pinch back six weeks prior to bloom to reduce height. Needs moist soil. Native.		
	Use: Back border.		
	hoopesii – Yellow flowers in summer.	24"	Summer
	'Rotgold' – Red and gold flowers. Brilliant shades.	36-48"	Fall
HELIANTHEMUM (Sun or Rock Rose) ○ φ (Spread: 12-18")			
	Prefers dry, alkaline soil. Prune early spring.		
	Use: Ground cover, border rock wall.		
	nummularium – Dwarf, shrubby evergreen for rock gardens. Bright flowers in many colors.	6-8"	June-July
HELIOPSIS (False Sunflower) ○ φ			
	Native. Needs moist soil. Loosely branched.		
✕	Use: Middle border.		
	helianthoides 'Summer Sun' – Bright golden double 4' flowers.	48-60"	July-Sept
HELLEBORUS (Lenten Rose) ▶ κτ●			
	Grows easily and is pest and disease resistant. Prefers moist soil.		
	Use: Border under trees, near walk.		
	foetidus (Bear's Foot Hellebore) – Immense heads with hundreds of pale green, rose-edged flowers above large fern-like evergreen leaves. Shrubby, tolerant of dry shade, intolerant of wet sites.	18-24"	Jan-April
	niger (Christmas Rose) - White flowers, long-lived perennial. Self-seeds.	12"	
	orientalis (Lenten Rose) – Dense evergreen 2' foliage, nodding cup-shaped flowers of white, cream, pink to purple. Excellent ground cover for shade.	4"	March-
April			
	x hybridus 'Sunshine Strain' – Hand pollinated to insure the most vigorous and colorful strain, the Sunshine Farms selection represents a complex hybrid of several species.	15-18"	Early Spring
HEMEROCALLIS (Daylily) ○ φ κ ▶ (Spread: 12-24")			
	Heat and drought resistant. Better flowering in low fertility. No serious insect or disease problems.		
	Use: Border, under trees.		
	'Anzac' – Large red flowers.	18-36"	July

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
'Bama Music' - Pale pink self with yellow throat.	28"	July
'Beloved Returns' - Ruffled pale chartreuse yellow. Repeat bloomer.	30"	July-Aug
'Black Eyed Stella' - Crimson eye against ruffled yellow flowers.	12-18"	June-Sept
'Catherine Woodbury' - Large, orchid fragrant flowers.	18-36"	July-Aug
'Cleo' - Butter yellow bicolor with lavender tips.	40"	July
'Double Charm' - Double lemon yellow. Extended bloom (16 hours).	24"	July
'Double Dream' - Double pink flowers.	22"	June-July
'Eenie Weenie' - 2 ½" dwarf yellow flowers.	12"	May-July
'Frans Hals' - Rust and orange bicolor with creamy midribs on petals.	28"	July-Aug
'Frosty Beauty' - Peach, rose and orchid blend with deeper edges and gold throat.	32"	July
HEMEROCALLIS (Cont.)		
'Golden Gift' - 4" golden yellow bloom with green throat.	32"	June-Aug
'Gordon Biggs' - Raspberry-red with bright red band and green throat. Sculpted petals.	24"	
'Green Flutter' - Canary self with green throat. Good branching and bud count. Repeat award winner.	20"	Aug
'Hall's Pink' - Light, low growing pink.	20"	Aug
'Happy Returns' - Canary yellow flowers.	20"	May-Frost
'Hearts Afire' - Medium red.	36"	July
'Holly Herrema' - Yellow self with very green throat. Fragrant.	28"	July
'Hyperion' - Lemon yellow, delightful fragrance and extended bloom.	40"	July
'Ice Carnival' - Near white with green throat. Usually repeats bloom.	28"	July
'Joan Senior' - Near white blossoms, tepals are ruffled, pale yellow. Watermarked and a lime green eye.	23"	
'Little Grapette' - Light grape-purple self with green throat. Award winner.	12"	June
'Luxury Lace' - Pink, lime blue throat. Fragrant.	30"	July-Aug
'Manilla Moon' - Gold. Tetraploid.	30"	July
'Mary Todd' - Buff colored, heavily ruffled. Tetraploid. Award winner.	26"	June
'My Melinda' - Pink bitone rose-pink petals with pale pink midribs and sepals. Small yellow band.	24"	
'Pardon Me' - Cranberry red self with yellow green throat. Reblooms.	18"	July-Oct
'Pink Embers' - Salmon-pink with tangerine throat. Re-bloomer.	19"	June-July
'Prairie Blue Eyes' - Lavender with lavender blue eye and large yellow-green throat.	28"	
'Prairie Moonlight' - Lemon yellow self with green throat, very fragrant.	34"	
'Raspberry Pixie' - Raspberry blend. Fragrant.	24"	July
'Razzamatazz' - Lazy purple flowers, petals have narrow pie crust	20"	Summer

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
edges, dark purple veining and paler purple midribs. Bright yellow throat. Blooms nearly all summer.		
'Red Select' - Deep red.	28"	June-July
'Royal Fire' - Red.	28"	July
'Ruffled Apricot' – Apricot-orange tepals with paler midribs and deep golden orange throat.	28"	
'September Gold' - Deep gold.	32"	Aug
'Siloam Cinderella' - Pink bitone with blush-pink petals and faint pink sepals. Rose-red band with a lime green throat. Ruffled petals.	18"	
'Stella de Oro' - Gold petals, award winner.	11"	June-July
'Tawny' – Deep orange. Often seen colonized along country roads.	36"	Summer
'Winning Ways' – Greenish yellow flower with small green throat. Award winner.	32"	June-July

HERBS See pages 43-46.

HEUCHERA (Coral Bells, Alumroot) 



Mounding plant with attractive foliage. Needs moist soil with good organic matter content.
Use: Border or woodland garden.

americana 'Ruby Veil' - Incredible leaves up to 8" across, metallic ruby zones over slate gray venation.	15-18"	May-June
'Amethyst Myst' – Burgundy leaves overlaid with a fine haze of silver.	10"	
'Firefly' – Dense mound of bright green foliage and airy clusters of vibrant red flowers held aloft on wiry stems.	24"	July
macrorhiza 'Autumn Bride' (<i>H. villosa</i>) – Fuzzy, chartreuse to lime green, nearly evergreen foliage, erupts in September with fountains of pure white flowers and continues until frost.	24"	Sept
micrantha x 'Palace Purple' - Mahogany-red foliage, small white flowers.	15-18"	June-July
'Pewter Moon' – Outstanding silver-gray foliage marbled with pewter-gray veins with a deep maroon underside. Ice pink flowers on 22" maroon stems.	9"	
'Pluie De Feu' ('Rain of Fire') – Bright cherry red blossoms.	24"	May-July
sanguinea 'Bressingham's Hybrids' – Bell shaped blooms of coral to red shades.	24"	May-July
s. 'Coral Cloud' – Coral-pink flowers on 22" stems.	10"	May-July
s. 'Frackel' – Dark scarlet bells.	24"	May-July
s. 'Silver Veil' – Medium-sized leaves, dark green veins weave a lacy pattern with silver.		
s. 'Sioux Falls' – Bright red bells over mounds of deep green foliage.	30"	

HEUCHERELLA (Foamy Bells) 

Cross between Heuchera and Tiarella.
Use: Decorative border.

'Pink Frost' – Pink starry flowers on 18" scapes over silver-green foliage. Long blooming.	5"	Mid-Spring
'Viking Ship' – Unique form. Extremely cut, marked leaves in spring. Profuse pink flowers on 18" scapes, blooms a long time. Tolerates	6"	Mid-Spring

humidity.

HEIGHT BLOOMS

HIBISCUS (Rose Mallow) Οφκ Ԁ



Native to wetlands. Flowers 6-12" wide.

Use: Specimen in back border along ponds or streams.

'Anne Arundel' – Glorious pink flowers measure 9" across.	48-60"	Late Summer
'Blue River II' – Lovely dinner plate size clear-white flowers.	48-60"	Late Summer
'Lady Baltimore' – Well-defined cone-shaped pink flowers with satiny red center.	48"	Late Summer
'Turn of the Century' – Unusual bicolor petals from dark red to light pink.	72-96"	July

HOSTA (Plaintain-Lily) Οφκ ԁ (Spread: 18-36")

Remains attractive from spring until frost with mounding, attractive foliage.

Low maintenance except to cut old flower stalks. Blue forms benefit from shade to retain their color. Yellow forms require more light.


Use: Groundcover, border.

'Blue Cadet' – Blue heart shaped foliage with lavender flowers.	15"	July-Aug
'Big Daddy' - Deep blue puckered leaves with white flowers.	30"	July





HOSTA (Cont.)




'Blue Angel'- Heavily textured blue leaves.	16"	June-July
'Bressingham Blue' – Large, heart-shaped leaves, white flowers.	32"	July-Aug
'Candy Hearts' – Thickly textured green heart-shaped leaves that form a compact mound. Lavender flowers.	6-24"	July
fortunei 'Aureo-Marginata' – Dark green leaves with a golden edged border and lilac flowers.	12-24"	July-Aug
'Francee' – Green heart-shaped leaves with narrow clean white margins and lavender flowers.	12-24"	July
'Frances Williams' – Handsome blue-green foliage with wide golden yellow border and white flowers.	12-24"	June-July
'Gold Drop' – Small, gold heart-shaped leaves. Good for edging as it forms nice clumps. Lavender flowers.	6-12"	June-July
'Golden Tiara' – Deep lavender flowers on heart-shaped green leaves with wide golden margin.	6-12"	June-Aug
'Hadspen Blue' – Powdery steel blue rounded leaves lasting well into the season. Light lavender flowers on 15" scapes.	15"	Summer
'Halcyon' – Heavily ribbed spear-shaped blue leaf with violet flowers. Heavily ribbed spear-shaped blue leaf with violet flowers.	12-24"	Summer
'Honeybells' – Large oval shaped, clear green leaves. Fragrant light lavender flowers.	36"	Aug-Sept
'Krossa Regal' – Frosty blue foliage. Upright leaves with lavender flowers that grows to five feet.	40"	Aug-Sept
'Patriot' – Wide, pure white margin with lavender flowers. Good sun tolerance.	12-24"	Summer
'Royal Standard' – Forms large mound of glossy, wavy green leaf with white fragrant flower. Sun and drought tolerant.	26"	Aug

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
sieboldiana elegans 'Blue Giant' – Heavily textured, large blue-gray rounded leaves with white flowers. Leaves corrugated as they mature.	24-36"	June-July
'Sum and Substance' – Giant Hosta leaf, color varies from light green to chartreuse to gold depending on sun. Pale lavender flowers.	36-48"	Aug
undulata 'Albo Marginata' – Lavender blooms on large green leaves edged with broad bands of white.	12-24"	July
undulata 'Medio-Variegata' – Wavy leaves with white center and green margins. Lilac flowers.	12-24"	July-Aug
ventricosa – Large, glossy dark green leaves forming dense clumps. Violet blue flowers.	30"	July
'Wide Brim' – Green center with wide irregular margins of creamy-yellow. Open-faced light lavender flowers. Good grower.		Summer
'Winfield Blue' – Considered to be the best blue-leafed cultivar.		Late
Summer Powdery purplish-blue color that holds well into late summer. Good substance. Bluish lavender flowers in late summer.		
HOUTTUYNIA (Korean Houttuynia) ○ φκτ●●		
Use: Wet areas.		
cordata 'Chameleon' – Heart-shaped leaves. Very striking foliage of yellow, bronze and scarlet red. Vigorous grower, spreading by rhizomes. White flowers. Breaks dormancy late.	6-9"	Summer

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort) $\odot\phi\kappa\blacktriangleright$ (Spread: 24") Use: Groundcover; dry, shady areas.		
calycinum – Large yellow flowers with showy stamens on green foliage Excellent groundcover. No serious insect or disease problems.	12"	June-July
x moseranum 'Tricolor' – Striking pink cream and green foliage. Yellow flowers on arching stems.	15-18"	June-July
IBERIS (Candytuft) $\odot\phi$ (Spread: 24")  Evergreen groundcover. Cut back to 2" after flowering. Use: Rock gardens, edging.		
gibraltica - Lilac to white flowers.	8"	April-June
saxatilis – Multi-petaled white flowers, deep green foliage.	8"	May-June
sempervirens – Clusters of white flowers on narrow evergreen leaves. Excellent groundcover or perennial border.	12"	April-May
s. 'Alexander's White' – Low-growing, compact with white flowers.	10"	April-May
s. 'Autumn Snow' – Profusion of white flowers in the spring, re-blooming in the fall.	8-12"	April, Sept
s. 'Weisser Zwerg' (Little Gem)- Tight, white flowers.	6"	April, Oct
INCARVILLEA (Hardy Gloxinia) $\phi\kappa\odot\blacktriangleright$ Use: Showy specimen.		
delavayi – Rose-purple trumpet flowers with yellow tubes.	12"	April-May
INULA (Swordleaf Inula, Sunray Flower) $\odot\phi$ (Spread: 18") Use: Front border.		
ensifolia - Yellow daisy-like flowers on round, compact plants.	16"	July-Sept
IRIS (Iris) $\odot\phi\kappa\blacktriangleright\bullet$ Use: Border, rock garden, woodland garden or mass or specimen around lakes and streams.		
cristata (Dwarf Crested Iris) Rich, well drained soil, blue-violet flowers. Native, good naturalizing ground cover.	6"	April-May
cristata 'Alba' – White flower, average to moist conditions.	6"	April
ensata (Japanese Iris) (Spread: 18") Requires moist soil. Sword-like foliage.	28"	June-July
e. 'Hakubaton' – White self with saffron throat.	32"	June-July
e. 'Henry's White' – Pure white selection.	36"	Early Summer
e. 'Mt. Fuji' – White.	24-30"	June-July
e. 'Picotee Wonder' - White, picotee magenta edge.	32"	Late Spring
e. 'Royal Robes' – Dark purple flowers.	24-30"	June-July
e. 'Sensation' – Double violet blue flowers with a small bright signal.	32"	
e. 'Variegata' – Variegated leaves and purple flowers.	30"	June-July
foutidissima (Coral Iris) – Blue flowers, stunning orange-red seed berries. Good naturalizing groundcover.	24"	June-July
germanica (Bearded Iris) – Good drainage essential. Large, showy.	24-48"	May-June
palida 'Variegata' (Zebra Iris) (Spread: 18") - Striking variegated foliage makes attractive accent. Delicate lavender-blue flowers.	24-30"	June
pseudacorus (Yellow Flag Iris) - Beardless, bright yellow, moist soil.	36-48"	Late Spring
siberica (Siberian Iris) (Spread: 18-24") Orange-fall colored leaves, sword-like foliage. Moist-retentive slightly acid soil. 'Butter and Sugar' – Bright yellow falls and white standards.	26-30"	


	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
'Caesar's Brother' - Deep blue flowers.	42"	June
IRIS (Cont.)		
'Snow Queen' – White flowers, reblooms in fall.	30"	June-July
'White Swirl' - Ruffled wide white with a slight hint of yellow throat.	30"	June
vericolor (Blue Flag Iris) – An emergent aquatic native to marshes, bogs and wet meadows. Blue violet flowers in moist location.	2-3'	May-June
JASMINIUM (Jasmine) ○φκ▶		
Use: Showy background.		
fruticans (Hardy Yellow Jasmine) – Bright yellow flowers on this dense evergreen to semi-evergreen, dark green foliage.	4'	
KNIPHOFIA (Tritoma, Red Hot Poker) ○φ		
Use: Showy specimen, accent.		
'Bressingham Court' - Stiff spikes of yellow and flame-red flowers on clumps of narrow grassy foliage.	24"	Sept-Oct
uvaria 'Early Hybrids' – Red and orange shades.	30"	Early Summer
LAMIASTRUM (Golden Dead Nettle, Yellow Archangel) ▶κτ● (Spread: 18-24")		
Plant assumes mound shape.		
Use: Groundcover for woodland or shade areas.		
galeobdolon 'Herman's Pride' – Distinctive silver variegation. Leaves are small and attractive. Neat mound shape habit. Yellow flowers.	12"	Spring
LAMIUM (Spotted Dead Nettle) ▶κτ●		
Native. Wide spreading clump prefers moist, well-drained soil.		
No serious insect or disease problems.		
Use: Groundcover for shade areas.		
maculatum 'Beacon Silver' – Silver-white leaves, green margin. Pink flowers.	4-8"	April-July
m. 'Orchid Frost' – Trailing stems with shimmering silver centers and scalloped blue green margins. Resistant to foliar diseases. Showy and heavy blooming with orchid-pink flowers.	4-6"	Spring
m. 'Pink Pewter' - Pink flowers on variegated foliage.	4-8"	April-July
m. 'Purple Dragon' – Dense terminal spikes of rich purple flowers and silvery foliage.	4-8"	May-June
m. 'Shell Pink' – Pink flowers with leaves marbled with white.	6"	May-June
m. 'White Nancy' - White flowering form of Beacon Silver.	4-8"	April-July
LATHYRUS (Sweet Pea) κτ▶●		
Use: Vine.		
latifolius – Vigorous perennial used to climb fences, trellises or rocks. Mixed colors in shades of red, pink and white.	4-8'	Summer
LAVENDULA See Herbs page 44.		
LEONTOPODIUM (Edelweiss) φ○		
Use: Rock gardens. Well drained soil.		
alpinum – Star-like woolly white flowers. Gray foliage.	6-12"	Summer
LEUCANTHEMUM (Shasta Daisy, Chrysanthemum) ○φκ (Spread: 24")		
Taller varieties require staking. Prefer well drained soil. Deadhead for better appearance. Do not crowd.		
Use: Front border.		



	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
superbum (Shasta Daisy) 'Aglaya' – Large double white frilled flowers.	28"	June-Sept
s. 'Alaska' – Large single white daisy flowers.	20"	June-July
s. 'Becky' – Single long lasting white daisy flowers on stout stems. Very heat tolerant.	36"	July-Aug
LEUCANTHEMUM (Cont.)		
s. 'Deiner's Double' – Large semi-double to double white.	24"	June-July
s. 'Silberprinzesschen' (Silver Princess) – Dense mound of white daisy flowers.	12-15"	June-Aug
s. 'Snowcap' – Long lasting pure white flowers.	10-12"	June-Aug
s. 'Snow Lady' – 2-3" white daisy flowers. AAS winner.	10-12"	May-June
s. 'Thomas Killen' – Extra large flowers with double rows of white petals with a crested and gold center. Makes one of the best cut flowers.	30"	June-Aug
pacificum – Beautiful white-edged leaves, clusters of small yellow flowers.	12"	Oct
rubellum 'Clara Curtis' - Pink to rose-red single flowers.	24-36"	Aug-Sept
 superbum 'Cobham Gold' – Double creamy yellow flowers with deeper yellow centers.	15-18"	June-Aug
LIATRIS (Kansas Gayfeather, Blazing Star) ♂φ (Spread: 24")		
 Native. Stout plant with erect stems. Use: Drying, middle border.		
spicata 'Floristan Violet' – Large spikes of rosy-purple flowers. Best variety for cut flowers.	36-48"	July-Sept
s. 'Floristan White' - White flowers.	36-48"	July-Sept
s. 'Kobold' - Compact plant, rose-lavender flowers.	24"	July-Sept
LIGULARIA (Ragwort, Senecio) ♂φκτ● (Spread: 3-4')		
Bold foliage and flowers. Prefers moist soil. Use: Specimen along side water or moist or wet shade gardens.		
dentata (Bingleaf Golden Ray) – Yellow-orange flowers.	36-48"	July-Aug
d. desdemona – Handsome bronze-green foliage on upper side and purple underneath. Orange daisy-like flowers. No serious insect or disease problems.	36-48"	July-Aug
d. 'Othello' – Orange flowers, red-purple foliage.	24"	
palmatiloba – Large yellow daisy-like flowers on deeply lobed green foliage.	36-48"	Summer
 prezwaliskii – Yellow spikes of flowers. Deeply cut foliage. Needs adequate moisture.	48"	July-Aug
stenocephala 'The Rocket' – Spires of bright yellow flowers.	60"	July-Aug
LILIUM (Lily) ♂φ		
 Erect stem and showy flowers. Good drainage essential. Use: Mass in middle border.		
 asiatic 'Peach Pixie' – Peach.	14-16"	June
a. 'Crimson Pixie' – Red.	14-16"	June
a. 'Reinesse' – Pure white.	14-16"	June
longiflorum 'Close Up' – Pink with yellow center.	33"	June
l. 'Club House' – Golden orange.	33"	June
l. 'Imperial Love' – Rosy pink.	38"	June
l. 'Manhattan' – Mauve pink.	36"	June
l. 'Nomade' – Plum.	33"	June
l. 'Rachel' – Wine red.	36"	June


	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
oriental 'Mona Lisa' - Soft pink.	16"	June
o. 'White Stargazer' – White.	18"	June
LIMONIUM (Statice, Sea Lavender) ○φ (Spread: 24")		
Basal foliage. Multiple branched flower stems. Salt tolerant.		
✂ Use: Border dried flowers, sea-side planting.		
latifolia – Airy clusters of small lavender-blue flowers.	24"	Summer
perezii – Deep rich blue flower heads. Attractive dried.	36"	Spring-Summer
tataricum – Silvery-gray flowers on airy spikes. Attractive dried.	18"	July-Aug
LINARIA (Toadflax) ○φ		
Use: Showy backdrop.		
purpurea – Showy, slender spikes of small pink or purple snapdragon-like flowers over a long period. Attractive, gray-green narrow foliage.	3'	
LINUM (Flax) ○φ (Spread: 12-18")		
Light, airy textured plant.		
Use: Rock garden or border.		
perenne - Large bright blue single flowers.	12-24"	May-Sept
perenne 'Saphir' (Sapphire) – Dwarf plant with brilliant blue flowers.	10"	May-Sept
LIRIOPE See Grasses page 39.		
LOBELIA (Cardinal Flower) ○φκ (Spread: 24")		
Native. Erect plant. Prefers moist soil.		
Use: Naturalized garden along streams or ponds.		
 cardinalis – Spikes of flame red flowers. No serious insect or disease problems.	36-48"	July-Sept
 fulgens 'Queen Victoria' – Scarlet flower spikes, 1 1/2" long. Bright scarlet throughout the fall. Mulch year around.	60-72"	July-Sept
siphilitica 'Blue Select' – Stiffly erect plant, blue flowers.	36"	Late Summer
LUNARIA (Honesty, Money Plant) ○φκ		
Use: Pods may be used in dried arrangements.		
annua – Self-sowing biennial. Heart-shaped toothed leaves. Small purple flowers. Decorative flat round seed pods are useful dried.	24-36"	Spring
LUPINUS (Lupine, Bluebonnet) ○φκ		
Bright, showy flowers – 1-2' long. May need staking.		
Best results if roots are treated with Legume inoculate.		
Use: Middle border.		
 'Gallery Blue' – Blue flowers.	20"	
 'Gallery Pink' – Pink flowers suited for pots and gardens.	20"	
'Popcicle' – Colorful mix of blue, purple, yellow, red, pink and bicolor.	18-24"	May
'Russell Hybrid Mix' - Mix of colors. Best in cool location.	30-36"	June-July
LYCHNIS (Maltese Cross, Campion, Catchfly) ○φ (Spread: 18")		
Erect plant. Prefers moist soil.		
Use: Small massing or middle border.		

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
chalcedonica – Fiery-red flowers borne on dense terminal heads.	24"	June-July
LYSIMACHIA (Loosestrife) ○φκ▶ (Spread: 24") White Gooseneck and Moneywort are very different. Use: Informal perennial garden or moist woodlands.		
clethroides (Gooseneck Loosestrife) (Spread: 2-3') Spikes of small white flowers. Yellow fall color. Must be divided.	36"	July-Aug
LYTHRUM (Loosestrife) ○φκ▶ (Spread: 2-3')  Erect perennial. Use: Naturalizing low wet areas or along streams and banks.		
'Happy' - Deep pink, dwarf.	18"	Aug
'Mordens Pink' - Rose-pink flowers among willow like leaves.	36"	July-Sept
MACLEAYA (Plume Poppy) φ○ (Spread: 6")  Upright plant. Prefers moist soil. Invasive. Use: Dried flower, rear border, specimen.		
macrocarpa 'Kelway's Coral Plume' – Coppery plumes. Silver foliage.	60"	Aug-Sept
MALVA (Hollyhock Mallow) ○φκ▶ (Spread: 18") Drought tolerant. Self sows. Loosely branched. Continuous bloomer. Use: Mid to rear border in large garden.		
alcea fastigata – Soft green foliage. Profuse, bowl-shaped soft pink flowers about 2" across on branching stems.	36-48"	June-Sept
moschata 'Alba' - White flowers all summer.	36"	July-Sept
sylvestris 'Zebrina' – Soft pink flowers with raspberry-purple markings like a pinwheel.	24-48"	June
MAZUS (Creeping Mazus) φκ○▶ Use: Excellent between stones, pavers or in rock gardens.		
reptans – Dense growing creeping groundcover with tiny leaves forms a mat. Tiny purplish-blue tubular flowers, grows in moist soil.	2"	Spring
MERTENSIA (Virginia Bluebell) ▶κ Native. Erect plant which forms a clump. Prefers moist soil. Foliage dormant in summer. Use: Shaded rock garden or front border.		
virginica – Pink flowers turning to violet-blue as they age. Pale green leaves.	18-24"	April-May
MONARDA (Bee Balm, Bergamot, Oswego Tea) ○φκ▶ (Spread: 36")  Native. Bushy perennial. Deadhead to prolong bloom. Prefers moist soil. Aromatic mint-like foliage. Flowers borne on whorls. Use: Naturalizing, middle border of perennial garden.		
 'Blue Stocking' – Violet-purple flowers. Heat and drought tolerant. Fragrance of mint when foliage is crushed.	24-36"	July-Sept
didyma 'Cambridge Scarlet' – Crimson flowers.	24-36"	July-Aug
d. 'Croftway Pink' – Delicate pink flowers.	30"	June-July
d. 'Grandview Scarlet' – Rich red. Mildew resistant.	24-36"	June-July
d. 'Jacob Cline' – Vigorous, large red. Mildew resistant.	48"	June-July
d. 'Mahogany' – Deep red-brown. Native.	36"	June-July
d. 'Petite Delight' – Lavender-rose flowers atop mound of dark	15-18"	Mid Summer











	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
green, crinkled and highly mildew resistant foliage. 18-24" spread.		
'Marshall's Delight' – Pink flowers, mildew resistant.	24-36"	July-Sept
'Raspberry Wine' – Buds like raspberries open to wine red flowers.	30-42"	July-Aug
Dark green foliage is mildew resistant.		
MYOSOTIS (Forget Me Not) \blacktriangleright κ (Spread: 6")		
Compact plant. Prefers moist soil.		
Use: Border, rock garden, naturalizing.		
sylvatica 'Victoria Blue' - Dark blue flowers.	6-8"	May-June
OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose, Sundrop) \circ φκ (Spread: 12-18")		
Use: Border, rock garden.		
berlanderi 'Siskiyou' – Cup-shaped 3" pale pink flowers, spreading habit.	6-8"	June-July
caespitosa (Gumbo Lily) – Large white flowers.	6"	June-July
'Cold Crick' – Sunshine Farms introduction. Clump form, long lasting, needs good drainage. All day blooming with wiry reddish stems. Fine textured deep green narrow leaves with deep gold flowers.	10-12"	May-June
fruticosa (Sundrops) – Red buds open to bright yellow flowers.	15-18"	June
f. 'Youngii-Lapsley' – Large, bright, fragrant, yellow poppy-like flowers. Upright plant.	20"	June-Aug
missouriensis (Missouri Primrose) – Large yellow flowers, unique seed pods.	10"	June-Aug
PACHYSANDRA (Japanese Spurge) \blacktriangleright κ \bullet		
Use: Groundcover.		
terminalis – Evergreen groundcover, white flower.	6"	April-May
t. 'Green Carpet' – Broader leaves that are darker and shinier green. More compact and slower spreading.	6-8"	
PAEONIA (Garden Peony) \circ φκ \blacktriangleright (Spread: 36")		
Large semi-double flowers bloom one to two years after they are planted.		
Coarsely-branched shrub. Attractive foliage. Well-drained soil.		
Use: Specimen, cut flowers.		
'Barones Schroeder' – White.	36"	June
'Benjamin Franklin' – Dark red.	36"	June
'Bowl of Beauty' – Creamy center with single and semi-double red.	30-36"	Mid Season
'Edulis Superba' – Rose pink.	36"	June
'Felix Crousse' – Brilliant ruby red with silky luster.	32"	May-June
✕ 'Festiva Maxima' – Very large white flowers with prominent crimson flakes on a few central petals. Tall, strong stems and large dark green foliage. Excellent for garden.	32"	May-June
'Karl Rosenfield' – Fully double flowers of bright crimson, non-fading.	32"	May-June
✕ 'Mons Jules Elie' – Large double pink. Excellent for bouquets.	36"	Mid Season
'Sarah Bernhardt' – Double light pink blooms.	36"	June
'Shirley Temple' – Light pink.	32"	May-June
'Top Brass' – Double white with shades of ivory, light pink and yellow.	25"	Mid-Late Season
suffruticosa (Tree Peony) - The name "Tree Peony" is misleading. They differ from herbaceous peonies in that they are dwarf, slow growing, woody shrubs. Their branches do not die down in the fall and should not be cut to the ground as is done with herbaceous peonies. Tree peonies should be grown and treated as a shrub.	48"	May
Use: Specimen.		
s. 'Yaciyotsubaki' - Pink.		
s. 'Taiyo' – Red.		
s. 'Shimadaijin' – Purple.		


		HEIGHT	BLOOMS
	s. 'Godaishu' – White.		
PAPAVER (Oriental Poppy) ○φ			
✕	Erect plant. Flowers 4-6" across. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Border and mid-border.		
	nudicaule 'Wonderland' – Mix of oranges, pinks, whites and yellow.	8-10"	All Summer
	orientale 'Allegra' – 6" scarlet with black eyes.	12"	May-June
	o. 'Beauty of Livermore' – Deep oxblood red.	24-36"	May-June
	o. 'Brilliant' – Fiery scarlet.	24-36"	May-June
	o. 'Prince of Orange' – Bright orange-scarlet.	24-36"	May-June
PAPAVER (Cont.)			
	o. 'Princess Victoria Louise' – Salmon-pink.	24"	May-June
	o. 'Queen Alexander' – Brilliant salmon-pink.	30"	May-June
	o. 'Royal Wedding' – Pure white with black center.	30"	May-June
	'Pizzicato' – Wide range of red, scarlet, orange, pink and white.	18-20"	
PARDANCANDRA (Candy Lily) ○φ			
	Use: Mid-border, island gardens.		
	norrisii – Iris-like foliage with 2" blooms in a wide range of colors blue to orange.	36"	June-Frost
PENSTEMON (Beardtongue) ○φκ▶			
 ✕	Perennial with rounded 2-lipped tubular flowers. Good drainage essential. Use: Border.		
	barbatus 'Coccineus' - Scarlet flowers similar to 'Prairie Fire'.	36"	June-July
	b. 'Elfin Pink' – Clear pink.	12"	June-July
	b. 'Prairie Dusk' – Rose-purple.	20"	June-July
	b. 'Prairie Fire' – Scarlet-crimson.	20"	June-July
	b. 'Rondo' – Dwarf mix in shades of dusty pink to sky blue.	16"	June-July
✕	digitalis 'Husker Red' – Red foliage and white flowers with a tint of pink.	30-34"	June-July
	strictus - Blue-violet snapdragon-like flowers on stiff spikes. Drought tolerant. Native.	18"	June
	'Purple Haze' – Semi-evergreen with dazzling purple.	6-8"	May
	x mexiali 'Red Rocks' – Bright rose flowers with magenta-veined white throats.	30"	Summer
PEROVSKIA (Russian Sage) ○φ			
	Use: Filler plant.		
	atriplicifolia (Spread: 3-4') – Silver foliage, spikes of lavender-blue flowers.	6"	July
	'Filagran' – Upright growth habit. Fine textured foliage. Blue flowers.	42"	Sept
	'Little Sprite' – Short, upright habit.	25"	Summer
PERSICARIA (formerly Polygonum) ○φ			
	No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Groundcover.		
	affine 'Himalayan Border Jewel' – Light pink flowers amid dark green foliage. Foliage turns dark red in fall.	4"	May

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
filiformis 'Painter's Palette' – Green leaves with red-brown zones, ivory splashes and overall deep pink tinge.	24"	Foliage
PHLOX (Wild Sweet William, Tall Garden Phlox, Creeping Phlox, Moss Pinks) ○ φκ●●		
Use: Background, groundcover, cut flower.		
arendsii x 'Suzanne' – White background with red centers that become lighter toward the center.	20"	Spring
✕ carolina 'Miss Lingard' (Wedding Phlox) – Pure white fragrant flowers.	24-36"	June
divaricata 'Fullers White' – Star-shaped white.	12"	May-June
✕ d. 'Laphammi' – Nice sky-blue for woodland garden.	12"	May-June
PHLOX (Cont.)		
divaricata 'London Grove Blue' – Fragrant and compact blue wild sweetwilliam with burgundy winter foliage.	8-10"	Spring
douglasii 'Crackerjack' – Intense crimson flowers. Showy plant for rock garden or atop a wall.	6"	Mid-Late Spring
douglasii 'Rose Cushion' – Compact, broad mat of needle-like foliage.	2-3"	Spring
paniculata 'Blue Boy' (Tall Garden Phlox) – Nearest to true blue.	36"	July-Aug
 p. 'Bright Eyes' – Clear pink with red eye. Highly mildew resistant.	36"	Summer
p. 'David' – Bright white, fragrant. Highly mildew resistant.	36-48"	July-Sept
p. 'Dodo Hanbury Forbes' – Pink with red eye.	36"	July-Aug
p. 'Eva Cullum' – Warm pink with red eye.	36"	July-Sept
p. 'Franz Schubert' – Sturdy grower, lilac.	36"	July-Sept
p. 'Juliet' – Pale pink.	24"	July-Sept
p. 'Laura' – Fuchsia-purple flowers with starry white centers and dark eyes. Mildew resistant. Fragrant.	24-30"	Summer
p. 'Starfire' – Brilliant red, bronze foliage.	36"	July-Aug
 stolonifera (Creeping Phlox) - Round to oblong leaves and creeping habit make them excellent groundcovers in the native shade garden. Very drought tolerant when established.		
s. 'Blue Ridge' – Lavender-blue.	6-8"	April-May
s. 'Bruce's White' – Pure white with yellow eye.	36-48"	April-June
s. 'Sherwood Purple' – Masses of purple.	8"	April-May
subulata (Creeping Phlox, Moss Pinks)		
s. 'Blue Emerald' – Compact long flowering blue.	4-6"	April-May
s. 'Candy Stripe' – White with bold pink brush stroke down each petal.	4-6"	April-May
s. 'Red Wing' – Bright crimson with dark red center.	4-6"	April-May
s. 'White Delight' – Large white.	4-6"	April-May
PHYSALLIS (Chinese Lantern) ○φ		
Perennial with round habit. Can be invasive. Use: Border, pods may be dried.		
franchetti - Non-showy white flowers with orange pods.	20"	June-Aug
PHYSOSTEGIA (False Dragonhead, Obedient Plant) ○ φκ● (Spread: 36")		
Erect plant. Prefers moist soil. Use: Naturalization.		
✕ virginiana Spikes of pink flowers. Native.	24-36"	July-Aug
v. 'Rosea' – Plentiful spikes of rose-pink on tall stems.	24-36"	Late Summer
v. 'Summer Snow' – White dense cluster, dark green foliage.	15-30"	Aug-Sept
v. 'Vivid' – Bright pink selections.	24"	July-Aug

		HEIGHT	BLOOMS
PLATYCODON (Ballonflower) ○ φκ●			
Late to emerge in Spring. Good drainage essential. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Borders, rock gardens.			
	grandiflorus 'Misato Purple' – Dwarf purple.	8"	July-Aug
✂	g. 'Album' – Pure white.	24"	July-Aug
	g. 'Double Blue' – Double rich violet-blue with darker veins.	24"	July-Aug
	g. 'Fuji Blue' – 2-2 1/2" Deep blue flowers.	20"	July-Aug
	g. 'Fuji Pink' – Soft pink flower buds open to star-shaped blooms.	20"	July-Aug
	g. 'Fuji White' – Pure white flowers.	20"	July-Aug
✂	g. 'Mariesii' – Violet blue.	12-24"	July-Aug
	g. 'Shell Pink' – Soft shell pink. Color best in semi-shade.	24"	July-Aug
PODOPHLLUM (Common Mayapple) κ (Spread: 12")			
Native. Best in moist soil. Use: Green carpet below deciduous trees or shady slopes above walks.			
	peltatum – Creamy white very fragrant flower emerges from umbrella-like foliage. All parts of this plant are potentially poisonous except for the yellowish fruit.	12-18"	May
POLEMONIUM (Jacob's Ladder) ○φκ●			
Delicate plants for moist and partially shady location. Forms mounds of divided foliage above which they produce abundant clusters of flowers. Use: Border.			
	boreale 'Heavenly Habit' – Compact, upright grower. Violet-blue flower with clear yellow eye. Rebloomer.	15-20"	May-June
	caeruleum – Light blue flowers.	18-24"	Late Spring
	c. 'Album' – Lovely white flowers. Reblooms if deadheaded. Border plant.	24"	
	carneum 'Apricot Delight' – Soft bunches of pink-apricot blossoms. Easy to grow. Rock gardens.	15-20"	May-June
POLYGONATUM (Small Solomon's Seal) ●κ (Spread: 24")			
Native. Perennial with arching stems. The root when cut appears to bear hieroglyphics.			
	biflorum – Small bell-like yellow flowers followed by black berries. Graceful plants, known for design of leaves. Use in naturalized areas or shadiest part of perennial border. No serious insect or disease problems.	24-36"	May-June
	cummutatum (Greater Solomon's Seal) – Greenish-white flowers. Blue-black berries.	36-72"	April-June
	humile (Dwarf Solomon's Seal) – White tipped with green bell-shaped flowers on attractive miniature foliage.	6-8"	Early-Mid Summer
	odoratum 'Variegatum' – Gracefully arching variegated foliage with ivory flowers laced under the stem. Black berries in fall.	24-30"	April-June
POLYGONUM (Silver Lace Vine) ○φ			
Neat tufted habit. Use: Front border, fences, trellis.			
	aubertii – Rapid, twining vine with fragrant, profuse white flowers growing in long erect cluster.	20-30"	Aug
POTENTILLA (Cinquefoil, Five Finger) ○ φκ●			
Use: Rock garden.			









	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
nepalensis 'Miss Willmott' – Carmine-scarlet flowers.	12"	Early Summer
tonguei – Creeping evergreen form. Flowers are apricot with a crimson center.	3"	June-Sept
PRIMULA (Primrose) ● ₁		
Use: Front border, containers.		
'Danoova Mix' – Mixed colors.	6"	April-June
denticulata Mix (Drumstick Primrose) – Dense cluster of flowers in red-purple to white head above a whorl of textured leaves.	6"	Spring
'Pacific Hybrids' – Vibrant mixed colors.	6"	Spring
PRUNELLA (Self Heal) ○ φκ ₁ ● (Spread: 12")		
Use: Front border. Low-clumping plant.		
grandiflora 'Loveliness Pink' - Groundcover. Flowers profusely.4-10"	June-Aug	
g. 'Rosea' – Pink flowers on dense mat of foliage. No serious insect or disease problems.	4"	May
PULMONARIA (Lungwort, Bethlehem Sage) ○ φκ ₁ ●●		
No serious insect or disease problems.		
Use: Single specimen or massed as ground cover.		
'Majeste' - Leaves are silver-gray with a very narrow green margin. Blue-pink flowers.	12"	Spring
'Raspberry Splash' – Brilliant silvered leaves and a strong upright growing habit. Raspberry-pink flowers.	12"	Spring
saccharata 'Janet Fisk' – Foliage has a white marbling effect. Pink flowers turn blue as they mature.	12"	April-May
s. 'Mrs. Moon' – Silvery spotted leaves with pink flowers that turn blue as they mature.	12"	April-May
s. 'Sissinghurst White' – Handsome, white flowers.	12"	April-May
'Victorian Brooch' – Distinctive spotted foliage and excellent mounding form. Large, very distinctive flowers of magenta-coral on a compact scape. Dark ruby calyces and intensified silvering along floral bracts.	12"	Spring
PULSATILLA (Pasque Flower) λ● (Spread: 12")		
No serious insect or disease problems.		
Use: Rock garden, front border.		
patens - Delicate lavender cup-shaped flowers in early spring.	6-18"	April-May
vulgaris 'Alba' – Lovely white bell-shaped flowers about 2-3" wide. Tiny ornamental fernlike leaves follow the flowers. The blooms are replaced by seed in the form of interesting globular masses of silvery down.	8-10"	Early Spring
RHEUM (Rhubarb) ○φ		
Use: Ornamental or edible.		
australe (emodii) – Very large coppery leaves on 6' red stalks. Small red flowers.	72"	May-June
'Canada Red' – Stalks are intensely red with red flesh. Very tender, sweet and fine flavor. Heavy producer.		
palmatum 'Red Select' – Deep red flowers on red-leafed plants. Leaves turn red in fall. <u>Ornamental only.</u>	48-60"	Spring

		HEIGHT	BLOOMS
	'Victoria' – Large green stalks, vigorous growth. Tart but delectable flavor.		
RODGERSIA (Bronzeleaf Rodger's Flower) 	Use: For dramatic effect in bog or water garden.		
	aesculifolia – Very bold, handsome foliage that resembles the leaf of a horse chestnut tree. Moisture retentive soil. Spires of cream to pinkish flowers.	12-24"	Summer
RUDBECKIA (Black-eyed Susan or Coneflower) 	Use: Background.		
 X	fulgida 'Goldstrum' – Deep yellow daisy-like flowers, black cone.	24"	July-Sept
	hirta 'Cherokee Sunset' – Blend of golden yellow, orange, bronze, and mahogany shades on double to semi-double 4" flowers.	24"	
	h. 'Indian Summer' – Huge semi-double and single golden yellow flowers.	36-42"	
	h. 'Prairie Sun' – Light green-eyed golden yellow 5" flowers.	36"	
RUELLIA (Wild Petunia) 	Use: Groundcover.		
	humilis – Lavender flower. Sprawling plant with long blooming season.	12-24"	June-Aug
SALVIA (Meadow Sage) 	(Spread: 24")  Each variety have erect to round growth habit. Drought tolerant. Use: Border.		
	nemorosa 'Blue Hills' – Truest blue. Reliable, long lived.	24"	July-Sept
	n. 'Blue Queen' – Spires of violet-blue flowers.	24-30"	Early Summer
	n. 'East Friesland' ('Ostfriesland') - Violet-purple flowers.	18"	Early Summer
	n. 'Lubeca' – Violet-blue spikes last 3 weeks longer than East Friesland.	30"	July-Sept
	n. 'May Night' ('Mainacht') - Outstanding cultivar. Splendid deep purple flowers. Long flowering.	18"	Early Summer
	n. 'Rose Quarry' – Rose pink flowers.	24"	Early Summer
	n. 'Rose Queen' – Rose pink flowers.	24"	June-July
	n. 'Snow Hill' – White flowers.	24"	July-Sept
	verticillata 'Purple Rain' – Broad leaves, smoky purple flowers and a less erect habit than other salvia's.	14-20"	All Summer
SAPONARIA (Rock Soapwort, Soap Plant) 	Use: Rock gardens, edging.		
	ocymoides - Rampant, vigorous plant. Bright pink flowers.	8"	May-June
SCABIOSA (Pincushion Flower) 	(Spread: 18") Rounded plant. Use: Border.		
 X	caucasica 'House Hybrids' – Soft lavender to pure white.	15-18"	July-Sept
	columbaria 'Butterfly Blue' – Profuse lavender-blue flowers all summer.	12-18"	July-Sept
	c. 'Pink Mist' – A true soft pink flowers.	12-18"	July-Sept
	superba 'Mongolian Mist' – Large dazzling purple-blue full pin cushions.	12"	July-Sept
SEDUM (Stonecrop) 	Interesting fleshy-leaved plants that are perfect for a rock garden or dry areas. Distinct foliage changes with the seasons. Perfectly hardy, will grow in any soil. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Good in stonewalls and rock gardens, may be used in groups or as single specimen in rock gardens or borders. Also used as a groundcover		

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
or edging.		
album 'Murale' – Reddish-purple leaves in spring and fall. White flowers.	5-6"	June-July
cauticola 'Lidakense' - Pink-purple flower on mounding blue/grey/green leaves.	2-3"	Aug-Sept
kamtschaticum – A ground-hugging plant that makes spreading mounds of fleshy, lightly toothed leaves. Clusters of ½" star-shaped yellow flowers appear at the tips of each stem.	6"	Early Summer
k. var. floriferum ('Weihenstephaner Gold') – A dense, trailing plant with deep-green, serrated leaves that take on a bronze cast in fall. In early summer, rust-red buds open to a galaxy of golden-yellow stars, which brighten the garden for several weeks.	6"	June
k. 'Variegatum' – Pale green leaves tinged with white and pink.	4-5"	June-July
Orange-yellow flowers.		
maximum 'Atropurpureum' (Mahogany Plant) – Wine to bronze purple leathery leaves with cream-rose flowers.	24"	Fall
reflexum 'Blue Spruce' – Yellow flowers. Blue-gray narrow leaves closely set on stem.	4-8"	Sept
'Rosy Glow' – Purple-gray foliage with ruby-red flowers.	8"	Aug-Oct
SEDUM (Cont.)		
sieboldii (October Dahne) (Spread: 16") – Graceful arching stems with glaucous gray, almost round, ternate pink-tinted toothed leaves form a lovely mound. Good in containers or baskets.	9"	Sept
 spectabile 'Autumn Joy' – Bronze flowers on flat clusters.	15"	Aug-Sept
s. 'Brilliant' – Gray-green leaves with rose colored leaves.	18"	Aug-Sept
s. 'Variegata' – Green and white succulent foliage, pale pink flowers.	18"	Aug-Sept
spurium 'Schorbuser Blut' (Dragon's Blood) – Bronze foliage with brilliant red flower.	3-4"	June-Aug
s. 'Fuldaglut' (Fulda Glow) – Creeping, red fleshy foliage. Red flowers.	3-4"	July
s. 'Tricolor' – Green and white with splashes of red.	4-5"	Aug
'Vera Jameson' – Glaucous mahogany-red foliage with arching stems dusty-pink.	10-12"	Sept
SEMIAQUILEGIA ☉φ		
Use: Rock garden for cool, moist sites.		
ecalcarata – Small, violet-purple cup-shaped flowers on soft, fine-textured plant with delicate, pubescent gray-green leaves.	8-10"	
SEMPERVIVUM (Hens & Chicks, Houseleek) ☉φ		
Grows well in a variety of soils. No serious insect or disease problems.		
Use: Accent, containers, rock gardens and walls.		
arachnoideum – Evergreen succulent plant with rosettes.	6"	
'Sanford Hybrids' – Deep red evergreen with large rosettes.	3-10"	June-Aug
'Silverine' - Off green mixed with red.	3-10"	June-Aug
SIDALCEA (Miniature Hollyhock, Prairie Mallow) ☉**φκ▶		
Erect perennial, resembles Hollyhock. Pink flower.		
Use: Middle border.		

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
'Party Girl' - Carmine-rose flowers.	36"	July-Sept
SILENE (Campion, Catchfly) ϕ Attractive all season. Use: Rock gardens.		
maritima 'Swan Lake' (Double Robin White Breast) – Large, pure white fully double flowers borne freely on prostrate, gray-green foliage.	4-6"	May-Aug
uniflora 'Druetts Variegated' – White pinwheel flowers erupt from tubular pink-veined buds. Deep green leaves with wide, creamy-white margins.	3-6"	
SISYRINCHIUM (Blue-Eyed Grass) ○ϕ Tolerates some drought. Use: Rock gardens or pots.		
bellum – Small blue flowers centered with yellow throat.	12"	May-June
SOLIDAGO (Goldenrod) ○ϕ Use: Can be mixed with Asters for fall colors, cut flowers.		
rugosa 'Fireworks' – Compact clump forming plant with a radiating flower form that really looks like fireworks. Prefers average to moist soils.	36-48"	Late Summer
✕ sphacelata 'Golden Fleece' – Many wands of golden flowers. Semi-evergreen heart shaped leaves. Great groundcover.	18"	Aug-Oct
STACHYS (Lamb Ears, Woolly Betony) ○ϕ Use: Border, along paths, silver accent.		
byzantina 'Silver Carpet' – A rare bloomer, low maintenance form.	8"	
lanata (Spread: 18") – Small bright purple flowers appear against soft, woolly, white foliage. Well-drained soils with low fertility best.	12-18"	July
STOKESIA (Stokes' Aster) ○ϕκ (Spread: 18") Round habit. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Groups of three or more in perennial border.		
laevis 'Blue Danube' - Deep blue solitary flower heads 3-4". Native.	12-18"	July-Frost
I. 'Honesong Purple' – Royal purple 4" flower with hint of red center. Deep green mounding foliage.	14"	June-Sept
I. 'Klaus Jelitto' - Enormous pale-blue flowers.	18"	June-Frost
I. 'Omega Skyrocket' – Outstanding blue flowers above waist height.	36" +	
I. 'Purple Parasois' – Flowers can display five different colors on one plant by their maturity – from light powder blue to magenta.	12-18"	Mid Summer
I. 'Silver Moon' - White flowers.	18"	July-Frost
'Peaches Pick' – Lavender-blue flowers, blooms longer and later. Upright deep green foliage.	18"	June-Sept
TANACETUM (Pyrethrum, Painted Daisy) ○ϕκ● Use: Accent.		
coccineum –'Robinson's Mixture' – Lacy, foliage, exceptionally large, daisy-like flowers, colorful mix.	18"	Early Summer
TEUCRIUM (Germander) ○ϕκ● (Spread: 12-24") Use: Edging, rock gardens, dwarf hedge.		
chamaedrys – Dwarf, shrubby plant with thick, glossy-green foliage	2"	June-July

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
that resembles boxwood. Rose colored flowers.		
THALICTRUM (Meadow Rue) ○▷φκ		
Use: Perennial border, background, wildflower garden.		
aquilegifolium (Spread: 2-3') – Rose and white flowers, graceful columbine-like foliage. No serious insect or disease problems.	24-36"	July-Aug
rochebrunianum - Reddish lilac flowers, glabrous foliage.	60"	June-July
rochebrunianum 'Lavender Mist' – Attractive foliage complemented by delicate lavender-purple sprays.	72-96"	Summer
THYMUS See Herbs page 46.		
TIARELLA (Foamflower, False Miterwort) ▷κ1 ●		
Native. Low growing plant with attractive foliage. Underplanting for hostas and shrub or along shaded walkways. Thrives in cool, shaded area.		
Use: Borders, woodland settings.		
cordifolia (Foam Flower) (Spread: 12-24") – White flower. No serious insect or disease problems.	6-12"	June
'Iron Butterfly' – Broad, deeply dissected, glossy green leaves with black-purple centers. Lightly fragrant white flowers.	8"	May-June
wherryii (False Miterwort) – Non-creeping, clump-forming, bronze-green, maple-like heart-shaped leaves that turn reddish in winter. Creamy white flowers are tinged with pink. Outperforms cordifolia.	6-12"	June
TRADESCANTIA (Virginia Spiderwort) ○φκ▷ (Spread: 24")		
Grass-like leaves. Cut to ground in mid-summer for fall bloom. Prefers moist to boggy soils.		
Use: Naturalized shade areas and wild gardens.		
'Concord Grape' – Triangular concord grape blossoms with sulfur yellow stamens. Blooms up to 8 weeks. Frosted blue-green foliage.	15-18"	Summer
'Osprey' – Light blue with darker blue eye.	18-24"	Summer
'Snowcap' – Pure white flowers. Native.	18"	June-Sept
'Zwanenburg Blue' – Violet purple flowers.	18-24"	June-Sept
TRICYRTIS (Japanese Toad Lily) ▷κ1● (Spread: 24")		
Graceful arching ladder-like leaves that alternate up the stems. The orchid-like flowers start late in the season just in time to lighten up the shade garden while everything else is falling asleep.		
formosana 'Amethystina' – Exceptional flowers whose petals are white and blue, red-tinged at tips with red spots.	24"	Sept-Oct
hirta 'Miyazaki Hybrids' – White lily-like flowers spotted with purple and black.	36"	Late Summer-Fall
TRILLIUM (Trillium) ▷κ		
Wildflower. Plant goes dormant after flowering.		
Use: Shady garden.		
erectum (Wake Robin) - Native. Purple flower.		April-June
grandiflorum - Snow-white flowers with glossy green foliage.	14"	April-May
sessile luteum - Yellowish-green flowers.		April-June

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
undulatum - Red blaze in center. Prefers acid woods, bogs.	8-20"	April-May
TROLLIUS (Globeflower)  (Spread: 24") Erect plant. Prefers rich, moist soil. Use: Moist rock garden, along streams or ponds.		
chinensis 'Golden Queen' – Large golden-orange buttercup flowers.	36"	June-Aug
UVULARIA (Big Merrybells)  (Spread: 12-18") Native. Prefers moist soil. Use: Shaded border or woodland garden.		
grandiflora – Lemon-yellow bell-shaped flowers with rich green lacinate foliage on arching branches.	12-24"	May-June
VERBASCUM (Mullein)  (Spread: 18-24") Tall, columnar habit. Use: Border, groundcover, containers.		
'Caribbean Crush' – Tall sturdy stalks of ruffled flowers in shades of mango, yellow, and rosy- peach.	40-48"	July
'Chaixii' –Bright yellow flowers with a long bloom period.	36-48"	June-Sept
'Jackie' – Pale cantaloupe blossoms with rose-pink overtones. Fuzzy stamens are plum-rose. Requires well-drained soil.	18"	Summer
'Raspberry Ripple' – Soft pink flowers with raspberry streaking.	30-36"	July
'Summer Sorbet' – Magenta-purple flowers with hint of peach and a darker raspberry eye.	24"	July
VERBENA (Verbena)  Use: Containers, groundcovers.		
 canadensis – Bright lavender flowers.	12"	June-Aug
VERONICA (Speedwell)  (Spread: 18-24")  Many varieties – all long flowering. Dead head for prolonged bloom. Use: Border, accent.		
austriaca 'Crater Lake Blue' – Blue flowers.	15"	June-July
'Goodness Grows' – Dwarf bushy habit with violet-blue flowers.	12"	April-Frost
spicata 'Blue Charm' - Mounded plant with blue flowers.	15-18"	June-Aug
s. 'Icicle' - Pure white flowers.	18-20"	June-Aug
s. 'Noah Williams' – Creamy white form of V. 'Icicle'. White flowers.	15"	June-July
s. 'Red Fox' - Red flower with erect tapering stems.	12-15"	June-Aug
'Sunny Border Blue' - Sturdy violet-blue spikes.	8-20"	June-Sept
'Waterperry' – Spreading habit. Light blue flowers. Foliage turns purple in winter.	4-6"	June-Sept
'Waterperry Blue' – Long flowering ground cover. Glossy, deep green leaves with burgundy and copper. Lavender-blue flowers with white eyes.	4-6"	June
VINCA (Periwinkle)  Use: Groundcover, slopes.		
major 'Variegata' (Big Leaf Periwinkle, Vinca Vine) - Evergreen trailing vine. Prefers regular watering, well-drained, fertile, loamy soil. Dark	8-18"	Early Spring

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
green, white margined 1-3" leaves with blue-lilac 1-2" flowers.		
minor (Common Myrtle) – Dark green foliage with blue flowers.	6-8"	May
m. 'Alba' – White flowers.	6-8"	Spring
m. 'Atropurpurea' – Purple flowers.	6-8"	Spring
m. 'Bowles' – Light blue flowers that spread out from the crown rather than rooting along the stem. Heavy, glossy foliage.	6-8"	Spring
m. 'Variegata' – Variegated cream and green leaves with a blue flower.	6-8"	May

VIOLA (Violet) Οφκτι ● (Spread: 12-15")



Heart-shaped foliage. Prefers moist soil.
Use: Borders, naturalizing.

Sept	'Etain' – Fragrant 1 3/4" pale yellow flowers with lavender-purple margins.	6-8"	May-June,
	Blooms heavy in spring, sporadically until fall.		
	labradorica – Dark green foliage, tinged with purple. Small mauve-lavender flowers.	4"	April-May
	obliqua 'Royal Robe' – Dark violet-blue flowers.	6-8"	April-May
	obliqua 'White Czar' – Large white flowers.	6-8"	April-May
	'Rebecca' – Vanilla scented white flowers with flushed lemon yellow centers flecked with deep violet eyes.	8-10"	May, Sept
	sororia 'Freckles' – Pale blue fragrant flowers dotted with tiny purple markings.	5"	April-May

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
FERNS		
ADIANTUM		
pedatum (Maidenhair) κι● (Space: 18") One of the most delicate ferns. Has a lacy, soft, green leaf with dark centers. Grows very fast. Circular fronds on slender stems.	12-20"	Foliage
ASPLENIUM		
ebenoides (Dragon Tails) κι● (Space: 12") Evergreen, ideal for rock gardens. Medium green foliage.	4-9"	Foliage
platyneuron (Ebony Spleenwort) ▶ Likes moisture.	24-36"	Foliage
ATHYRIUM		
filix-femina (Lady) κι● (Space: 24") Has a bright green-yellow cast with side and deep cut leaves. Comes up in April and goes dormant in September. Likes moist soil, is showy but not evergreen.	24-60"	Foliage
pyemocarpon (TN Ostrich) ● κι▶ (a.k.a. 'Glade') A glade fern. Similar to true Ostrich fern.	36"	Foliage
niponicum 'Pictum' (Japanese Painted) κ▶ (Space: 18") Exciting purple, gray, green variegated foliage; perfectly hardy.	18-24"	Foliage
DENNSTAEDTIA		
punctilobula (Hayscented) ▶κι● (Space: 12") Has smoky gray-green tints as it grows older. Smells like hay and likes moist soil with slightly acid soil. Comes up last of April and dormant in September.	24-30"	Foliage
DRYOPTERIS		
erythrosora (Autumn) ▶κι● Evergreen. New fronds emerge coppery-pink, turning deep green. Frost turns it a pleasing bronze.	30"	Foliage
goldiana (Goldie) ▶κι● Evergreen fern. Tall, like cinnamon, but with darker green fronds.	48"	Foliage
marginalis (Leatherwood) ▶κι A very pretty, hardy and vigorous fern which is also semi-evergreen. A very dark green color. It is sometimes used by florists.	24"	Foliage
spinulosa (Toothed) ▶κ Almost evergreen. Dies when new fronds appear. Need some sun.	10-24"	Foliage
MATTEUCCIA		
struthiopteris (Ostrich) ▶κι● Tall, erect , gracefully arching plants, not evergreen. Leathery deep green foliage.	24-60"	Foliage
ONOCLEA		
sensibilis (Sensitive) φκι Green foliage for sun or shade. Likes open meadows and moist forests, Sensitive to early frosts.	12-24"	Foliage

FERNS

OSMUNDA

cinnamonea (Cinnamon) ▶ κτ ● (Space: 18")	24-36"	Foliage
It's first foliage looks like cinnamon sticks. The leaves that come later are a deep waxy green. Comes up in late April and dormant in September. Takes partial sun as long as soil is damp. Shaped like a ball.		
claytoniana (Clayton) κτ ● (Space: 12")	24-48"	Foliage
Large coarse arching fern for dry soil.		
regalis (Royal) κτ ● (Space: 36")	48-60"	Foliage
Attractive evergreen with red stems and vigorous, dark green fronds, turning brown with age. Good for wet lands.		
sensibilis (Sensitive) ▶κτ ●	12-18"	Foliage
Likes moist, shady places but will also take some sun. Comes up in late April and goes dormant in September. Semi-evergreen. A beautiful fern.		

POLYSTICHUM

acrostichoides (Christmas) ▶ κτ ● (Space: 18")	12-24"	Foliage
Best of the evergreen ferns. Deep in rich color leaflets which are lance-shaped in dense clusters.		

THELYPTERIS

noveboracensis (New York) κ▶ (Space: 8")	18-24"	Foliage
Likes dryer soil. Light green. Goes dormant in September.		

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
GRASSES		
ACORUS φκ ●		
gramineus 'Variegatus' (Japanese Sweet Flag) (Spread: 12") Yellow-green and cream foliage. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Excellent water plant.	6-12"	Foliage
ANDROPOGON φ		
scoparius 'The Blues' (Schizachyrium) (Little Blue Stem) Bluish foliage, heat tolerant, pink culms.	24-36"	
BRIZA φ		
media (Quaking Grass) (Spread: 12-18") Foliage forms a low green tuft . Heart-shaped flowers are purplish and "quake" at the slightest breeze. Graceful inflorescence, used in flower arrangements, Spring bloomer. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Massing or dried flowers.	24-36"	June
CALAMAGROSTIS φκ○●		
One of the showiest ornamental grasses.		
x acutiflora 'Karl Foerster' (Karl Foerster's Feather Reed Grass) Vertical habit, green leaves, golden flowers. Blooms two weeks earlier than Stricta. Use: Fall color, specimen, massing.	60-72"	Summer
x. a. 'Overdam' (Striped Feather Reed Grass) Nicely variegated with white-edged erect leaves in compact clumps. Pink plumes. Gold inflorescence. Use: Specimen, massing wet areas.	24-36"	Early Summer
x a. stricta (Stiff Feather Reed Grass) (Spread: 24") Excellent inflorescence color of reddish-bronze turning to buff. Moist rich soil. Rich green foliage with airy flowers spikes. Use: Flowers good for drying, small garden, massing wet areas.	60-84"	Mid-Summer-Fall
brachytricha (Achnatherum) (Korean Reed Grass) Fine textured rosy inflorescence in September, looks good all fall. Use: Small groupings.	24-36"	Early Fall
CAREX ○φκ● ●		
buchananii (Leatherleaf Sedge) Everbrown 2' cinnamon colored vertical clumps. Striking when planted with blue or variegated grasses.	12-24"	Foliage
comans (New Zealand Hair Sedge) Green foliage, rock gardens.	12-24"	Foliage
comans 'Bronze' (Bronze colored New Zealand Hair Sedge)	5-8"	Foliage
glauca (Blue Sedge) Silvery-blue blades, used for groundcover or filler, tolerates light traffic.	6"	Foliage
grayi (Gray's Sedge). Medium green foliage with light green seed head	36"	Foliage
hachijoensis 'Evergold' (Variegated Japanese Sedge) Prominently vanilla striped, leaves 1/4" wide. Use: Accent plant in mass or specimen, slope or rock gardens.	8-10"	Foliage
morrowii Good groundcover.	12"	Foliage
morrowii 'Ice Dance'	12"	

Semi-evergreen ground cover. HEIGHT BLOOMS

GRASSES

CAREX (Cont.)

morrowii 'Variegata' (Silver Variegated Japanese Sedge) Semi-evergreen, narrow white leaf margins. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Good ground cover or shady border.	12"	Foliage
muskingumensis (Palm Sedge) Slow creeping, foliage resembles palm fronds. Needs moisture. Use: Groundcover under trees, near ponds, or containers.	24"	Foliage
nigra (Black Blooming Sedge) Dense growth habit. Powder blue foliage. Use: Groundcover, accent, rock gardens or in containers.	6-9"	Foliage
oschilmensis 'Gold Strike' . Golden variegated.	10"	
pendula (Drooping Sedge) Weeping foliage. Arching flower spikes. Moist, semi-evergreen. Use: Accent plant along water or dried flower.	24-36"	Foliage

CHASMANTHIUM Οφκ

latifolium (Uniola latifolia) (Northern Sea Oats) (Spread: 12-18") Clumping bamboo-like foliage, showy drooping flowers. Blooms are green in spring changing in the fall. Use: Accent in naturalized areas or containers.	36"	Spring-Fall
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CORTADERIA Οφ

x selloana (Pampas Grass) Zone 8 (Spread: 4-6') Beautiful, inflorescence silver-white, has been known to survive mild winters. Graceful foliage, beautiful white plumes. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Specimen plant. It can be over-wintered with protection.	96-144"	Late Summer
selloana 'Rosea' (Pink Pampas Grass) Pink form of above.	120"	

DESCHAMPSIA Οφκ

caespitosa (Tufted Hair Grass) Showy, dense tufts of grass. Delicate inflorescence in several colors. Durable grass. Use: Border, rock garden, water's edge.	36"	May-June
c. 'Northern Lights' (Northern Lights Tufted Hair Grass) Highly variegated leaves to 12" have pink blush on new growth and in cool weather. A very striking plant.	36-60"	June-Fall
c. 'Brozeschleier' (Bronze Veiled Tufted Hair Grass) Bronze-yellow flowers.	36"	May-June

ERIANTHUS see Saccharum. Ο

FESTUCA Οφ

cinerea 'Dwarf' (glauca) Dwarf Blue Fescue Dense clump, blue foliage. Drought tolerant. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Edging, bank.	8"	Foliage
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glauca 'Elijah Blue' (Blue Fescue)	HEIGHT 10"	BLOOMS Foliage
Rigid compact grass with thin silver blades. Holds blue color well throughout summer. Prefers light loamy soil, low in fertility. Use: Edging, bank.		

GRASSES

HAKONECHLOA ●●κτ

macra 'Aureola' (Golden Japanese Forest Grass) (Spread: 18")	18"	
Graceful plant with slender stems that hold bright yellow foliage with thin green stripes having the effect of a tiny bamboo. Deciduous. Spreading clumping habit. Use: Groundcover, great in containers.		

HELICTOTRICHON ○φ

sempervirens (Blue Oat Grass) (Spread: 12-18")	24"	June
Striking glaucous, metallic blue foliage with showy flowers at 5'. Use: Specimen in border or rock garden.		
s. 'Sapphire' (Sapphire Blue Oat Grass)	24"	Summer
Similar to the species, this selection has the best blue color. The leaf blades are a bit wider at maturity.		

HYSTIX ○φκτ ●●

patula (Bottle Brush Grass) (Spread: 8-12")	36"	Foliage
Showy pink flower heads. Use: Accent in lightly shaded borders. For cutting and drying.		

IMPERATA ○φ

cylindrica 'Red Baron' (Japanese Blood Grass)	12-18"	Foliage
Green blades at base with red towards upper part of plant. Needs sharp drainage. Not invasive. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Massing.		

LIRIOPE ○φκτ ●●

Use: Perfect for banks and beds, not recommended for borders.		
muscaria (Creeping Lilyturf)	12"	July-Sept
Grass-like evergreen, Purple flower spikes. Use: Border for sun or shade. Groundcover.		
m. 'Big Blue' (Big Blue Lilyturf)	15-18"	July-Sept
Dark violet flowers, dark green foliage. Wider leaf blade and bigger flower than L. m. 'Green'. No serious insect or disease problems.		
m. 'Monroe White' (Monroe White Lilyturf)	12-15"	July-Sept
Wide, dark green ½" leaf blade with white flower spikes. Requires shade, slightly slower grower.		
m. 'Royal Purple' (Royal Purple Lilyturf)	12-15"	July-Aug
Attractive deep purple flower on green, grass-like foliage.		
m. 'Variegata' (Variegated Lilyturf)	15-18"	July-Sept
Green with white variegation on outside leaf. Lavender flower spikes.		
spicata (Creeping Lilyturf)	10"	July-Sept
Narrow ¼" leaf blade, spreads rapidly by underground rhizomes. Pale lavender flower spikes. Blue-black berry-like fruit.		

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
GRASSES		
MISCANTHUS Oφκ (Spread: 3-4')		
purpurascens (Flame Grass) Reddish foliage. Use: Specimen, groups.	48-60"	July-Aug
sinensis 'Goliath' – Massive foliage, pink flowers. .	96-108"	Sept
s. 'Gracillimus' (Maiden Grass) Arching stalk of gray-green leaves with feathery burgundy to purple plumes. Pale pink panicles. Prefers deeply cultivated soil high in organic matter. Use: Specimen, dried flowers, screen.	36-60"	Sept
s. 'Graziella' (Graziella Maiden Grass) Large, white flowers, slender foliage, one of the best.	60-72"	Aug
s. 'Malepartus' Robust grower. Large pink-purple inflorescence turning silver in Aug. Good fall color.	72-84"	July-Aug
s. 'Morning Light' (Morning Light Japanese Silvergrass) Narrow band of clear white on leaf margin, silver variegated. Reddish-bronze inflorescence in October. Fluffy cream colored flower. Use: Excellent specimen for garden.	60-84"	Oct
s. 'Nippon' One of the smallest Miscanthus sinensis. Slender foliage.	48-60"	July-Fall
s. 'November Sunset' (November Sunset Japanese Silvergrass) Robust foliage, good yellow-orange fall color. Use: Specimen, screen.	72-96"	Nov
s. 'Puenktchen' (Little Dot) Finer than Miscanthus s. 'Zebrinis', good grower.	60-84"	
s. 'Puarpurascens' Upright tight clumps, livery flowers, foliage orange/red in fall. Likes sun.	36-48"	
s. 'Rotsilber' (Red Silver) Reddish to silver inflorescence. Good fall color.	36-48"	Aug-Sept
s. 'Sarablende' Fine silvery foliage, golden inflorescence in September. Use: Specimen, groups.	60-72"	Aug
s. 'Silberfeder' (Silberfeder Maiden Grass) Silver midrib. Silky flowers well above foliage. Use: Specimen, screen.	48-72"	Aug
s. 'Strictus' (Porcupine Grass) Yellow variegation in horizontal bands. Narrow upright form. Foliage similar to Zebra Grass, although Porcupine Grass is hardier. Coppery colored flowers. Use: Pool plantings or grass garden. Specimen or mass.	72"	Sept
s. 'Variegatus' (Variegated Japanese Silver Grass) Foliage: creamy colored variegation. Use: Specimen or groups.	60-84"	Sept
s. 'Yaku Jima' Dwarf variety from island of Yaku Jima. Looks like dwarf gracillimus. Blooms silver. Use: Specimen, groups.	36-48"	Aug-Sept

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
s. 'Zebrinus' (Zebra Grass) Horizontal yellow bands on foliage, grows as wide as tall.	60-84"	

GRASSES

MISCANTHUS (Cont.)

transmorissonensis Resembles M. Yaku Jima. Earliest blooming Miscanthus, blooms continuously from June-November. Silver inflorescence. Evergreen until heavy frost. Use: Small garden.	36-48"	June-Nov
t. 'Cabaret' (Variegated Miscanthus) Most outstanding, broad fresh green leaves with wide cream center stripes, pink flowers.	72-84"	Sept-Oct
var. condensatus 'Cosmopolitan' Sun. Very broad foliage, green center with wide cream white margins.	84-108"	
virgatum 'Rotstrahibusch' (Hanse Herms Red Switch Grass) Best red fall color.	36-48"	

PANICUM $\text{O}\phi$

Use: Massing Native.

virgatum (Switch Grass) Green upright leaves, yellow-orange leaves in the fall. Dainty flower. Foliage attractive until late winter.	48-72"	July
v. 'Haense Hermes' (Red Switch Grass) Compact habit, bright red-orange in fall.	36-42"	July
v. 'Heavy Metal' (Blue Switch Grass) Stiffly upright metallic blue. Attractive form and color. Strong pink tones in inflorescence. Yellow Autumn color.	36-48"	All
v. 'Shenandoah' (Red Switch Grass) The brightest red Panicum by a long shot. It colors up by June and the flowers are also red. The shortest of the group and also the slowest grower.		June
v. 'Trailblazer' (Trailblazer Switch Grass) Forms grassy green clumps. In fall the foliage turns a lovely shade of gold with red tints, while smoky sprays of reddish flowers rise up and dance in Autumn breezes.	36"	

PENNISETUM $\text{O}\phi\kappa\blacktriangleright$

alopecuroides (Fountain Grass) Slender stems with copper feathery plumes. Hair-like structures grow outward from each spike. Especially beautiful on dewy mornings when moisture is held in the hair-like structure. Excellent fall décor. Use: Mass or specimen, seaside planting, fresh flower arrangements.	36-48"	Aug-Oct
a. 'Cassian' (Cassian Fountain Grass) Good dwarf grass. Bright fall color. Use: Group or mass planting.	24"	Sept
a. 'Hameln' (Dwarf Fountain Grass) (Spread: 18-24") Hardy, deciduous compact clumping grass. Buff colored panicles. Drought tolerant. Use: Group or mass planting.	24-36"	July-Sept
a. 'Little Bunny' (Miniature Fountain Grass) Petite very fluffy white blooms.	10-12"	Sept-Oct

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
Use: Great groundcover, rock garden plant.		
a. 'Little Honey' (Little Honey Dwarf Fountain Grass) Variegated sport from "Little Bunny".	8-12"	Sept-Oct
GRASSES		
PENNISETUM (Cont.)		
a. 'Moudry' (Black Fountain Grass) Unique black flowers. Re-seeds. Use: Group planting, accent, good for drying.	24-36"	Sept-Oct
a. 'National Arboretum' Larger, deeper black flowers than 'Moudry'. Use: Group planting, accent.	24-36"	Sept-Oct
orientale (Oriental Fountain Grass) Soft tawny pink flowers a month earlier than 'Hameln'. Very attractive and under used. Fully hardy through zone 6. Best planted by the end of the summer.		
rueppeli Green leaves 2 feet, seedheads 4 feet tall in purple, rose and red shades.	48"	Summer-Fall
setaceum 'Rubrum' (Purpleleaved Fountain grass)	24-36"	
PHALARIS ○φ		
arundinacea 'Feesey' (Strawberry and Cream Ribbon Grass) Green and white striped foliage blushed with pink. Rapid spreading, Does well in poor, dry soil, but is also very moisture tolerant.	24"	
SACCHARUM ○φ		
ravennae (Erianthus ravennae) (Plume, Hardy Pampas Grass) Similar to Pampas Grass but hardier with narrower silver-white flowers. Beautiful autumn color. Mulch in colder climates. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Accent, screening, dried flowers.	96-120"	Aug-Sept
SCHIZACHYRIUM ○φ		
scoparium 'Blaze' (Little Bluestem) Colorful fine-leaved bunch grass, russet red in fall and winter. Use: Groundcover, naturalizing.	12-24"	Foliage
SESLERIA ○φ Native.		
autumnalis (Autumn Moor Grass) Evergreen. Yellowish-green leaves. No serious insect or disease problems. Use: Large scale groundcover, slopes, coastal gardens, rocky sites.	8-12"	May-June
SISYRINCHIUM ○φκ▶		
bellum (Blue Eyed) Bluish-purple flowers with narrow bluish-green leaves. Use: Rock garden.	6"	May
SPODIOPOGON ○φ		
sibiricus (Graybeard Grass, Frost Grass) (Spread: 24") Erect clumping grass. Horizontal lines from the leaf blades. Red fall color. Likes dry to average soils. Use: Specimen or in groupings.	60"	Aug

HERBS

ALLIUM ○ φ		
schoenoprasum (Plain Chives) (Space: 18") – Perennial.	12"	June
Rose flowers on stalks make an attractive border in the perennial garden. No serious insect or disease problems. Used for onion flavoring in soups, vinegar's or meat dishes.		
tuberosum (Garlic Chives) – Perennial.	12"	
Slightly finer foliage than A. schoenoparsum. Distinct garlic flavor. Used for flavoring with cheese, eggs, sauces and salads.		
ALOYSIA **φ		
triphylia (Lemon Verbena) – Tender Perennial.		
Strongly lemon-scented foliage. Vigorous grower.		
ANETHUM ○ φ		
graveolens (Fernleaf Dill) – Annual.	18"	
Excellent flavor. Dark, finely divided foliage on basil-branching plants.		
ANTHEMIS ○ φ		
nobilis (Roman Chamomile) – Perennial .	4"	
White daisy-like flower on a 10" stalk. Makes feathery groundcover. Will take light traffic and mowing. Pungent apple scent. Flowers used in teas and hair rinses to lighten hair.		
ARTEMISIA ○ φ		
dranunculus (French Tarragon) – Perennial.	24"	
Fine-textured dark green foliage that rarely flowers. Prefers poor, dry soil. Leaves flavor steaks, seafood, chicken, sauces, salads, marinades and vinegars.		
CORIANDRUM ○ φ		
sativum (Coriander, Cilantro) – Short Lived Annual.	24-36"	
Delicate foliage with clusters of mauve flowers. Seed used in soups and curries. Leaves known as " Chinese Parsley" or cilantro. Leaves used to flavor salads, soups, and stews.		
CYMBOPOGON ○ φ		
citratus (Lemon Grass) – Perennial.	24-36"	
Smooth, pale-green foliage. A favorite of Asian chefs for soups.		
FOENICULUM ○ φ		
vulgare (Fennel) – Perennial.	48"	
Licorice-scented leaves and seeds. Used as a spice, flavors salads.		
GALIUM ● κτ		
odoratum (Sweet Woodruff) – Perennial.	6"	May-June
Tiny white flowers on fragrant leaves. (Fragrance of newly mowed hay). Likes moist soil. Fresh: The flower can be used in wines and liquors. Dried: The flower makes delightful sachets. Plant can be a groundcover. No serious insect or disease problems.		
HELICHRYSUM ○ φ		
italicum (Curry) – Perennial.		Summer
Dense, evergreen subshrub with silver-gray leaves. Produces clusters of butter-yellow flowers. Smells of curry especially after rain.		

HERBS

LAVANDULA ○φ



angustifolia (Lavender) – Perennial.

Outstanding garden plant as well as herb. Spikes of fragrant flowers in midsummer. Likes dry heat, hates extreme humidity and wet soil. Used for medicinal and decorative purposes.

'Blue Cushion' – Spectacular dwarf habit and free-flowering performance. 16" June-Aug

'Hidcote' – Compact plant with deep blue flowers. 12" June-Aug

'Jean Davis' – Pale pink flowers. 10-12" June-Aug

'Melissa' – Has white flowers with a soft-pink blush. They stand out prominently against a dense, bushy mass of fine, silver-gray foliage. 20-24"

'Munstead' – Fragrant, deep purple flowers. 15-18" June-Aug

'Sarah' – Improved 'Munstead', more uniform, larger flowers and extended bloom. 18-24"

x intermedia 'Grosso' (Lavandin)– Lavender grown for use in perfumes and sachets. It is exceptionally fragrant. Dense flower spikes are violet in color and are held well above the needle-like, gray-green foliage. 20" Mid-Late Summer

x intermedia 'Provence' – Long stems of very fragrant, light-purple flowers appear over a long period. Commercially used in perfumes and sachets and are perhaps the best Lavender flowers for cutting. Plant in the herb or rose garden or along a path. 24-36" Mid-Late Summer

LIPPIA ○φ

graveolens (Mexican Oregano) – Tender Perennial. 12-24"

Most commonly used herb for commercial oregano.

MELLISSA ○φκ▷

officinalis (Lemon Balm) (Space: 36")– Perennial. 18-24" July-Aug

Whitish blooms, sweet slightly hairy pale-green lemon flavored leaves, often used in medicinal teas, soups, and salads. Serves as a fragrant background in perennial borders.

MENTHA ○φκ▷



piperata (Peppermint) – Perennial. 36" July-Aug

Drought tolerant. Strong mint flavor used in flavoring candies and medicines. Deliciously fragrant. Great for tea.

pulegium (Pennyroyal) – Perennial.

Toothy aromatic green leaves. Distinctive whorls of lavender flowers.

requienii (Corsican Mint) – Perennial. 2-4" July-Aug

Low growing. Strong mint scent.

spicata (Spearmint) (Space: 18") – Perennial. 24" July-Aug

Perennial. Cool mint flavor. Classic mint for mint juleps.

suaveolens (Applemint) – Perennial. 24"

Soft, fuzzy, gray-green leaves.

NEPETA ○φκ▷



cataria (Catnip) - Perennial 24-36" July-Sept

Lemony-mint scented leaves with white or lavender flowers. Attracts bees, birds, and cats. Used in tea or as an ant repellent.

mussinii (Catmint) (Spread: 18-24") – Perennial. 12-24" June-Sept

Showy sprays of blue flowers. Used in borders and for foliage.

'Six Hills Giant' (Catmint) – Perennial. 24-36" Early Summer

Large dome of fragrant, gray-green foliage that disappears in early summer under a frothy mass lavender-blue flowers. Hardier, more

tolerant of southern heat. HEIGHT BLOOMS

HERBS

NEPETA (Cont.)

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|--|--------|--------------|
| <p>x faassenii 'Dawn to Dusk' (Faassen's Catmint) – Perennial.
Flowers of rose-pink. Drought tolerant plant with gray-green leaves.
Reblooms if cut back.</p> | 24" | Early Summer |
| <p>x faassenii 'Blue Wonder' (Blue Wonder Catmint) – Perennial.
Spectacular groundcover with 6" blue flower spikes.
Good for edging.</p> | 12-14" | Early Summer |
| <p>x faassenii 'Walker's Low' (Walker's Low Catmint) – Perennial.
Compact mound of gray-green foliage is covered with
lavender-blue flowers.</p> | 10" | April-Fall |

OCIMUM $\bigcirc\phi$

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|--|-----|----------|
| <p>basilicum (Basil) (Spread: 12") - Tender Annual.
Sweet - Very fragrant with white flowers and bright green leaves.
Plant used for border, leaves for flavoring.</p> | 24" | July-Aug |
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ORIGANUM $\bigcirc\phi$

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|---|--------|-----------|
| <p>majorana (Sweet Marjoram) - Annual.
Small white flowers, tiny gray-green leaves with spicy scent.
Used as flavoring for meats, poultry, fish, stuffing and sauces.
Also as scents sachets and soaps. Great pot plant.</p> | 12-15" | Aug-Sept |
| <p>onites (Italian Oregano) – Perennial.
Small light green leaves; has a sweeter flavor than other oreganos.</p> | 24" | |
| <p>vulgare (Greek Oregano)- Perennial.
Large, dark green pungent leaves. More upright in growth.</p> | 12-24" | July-Sept |

PELARGONIUM $\bigcirc\phi$

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|---|--------|-----------|
| <p>species (Scented Geraniums Varieties) (Spread: 24") - Annual.
Used in teas and sachets. Good container plant.</p> | 12-18" | June-July |
| <p>Apple – Light green velvety foliage with fresh apple scent, small
white flowers.</p> | 10-12" | |
| <p>Chocolate Mint – White flowers. Mint-scented leaves are green
with brown center.</p> | 18-24" | |
| <p>Citronella – Powerful lemon scent. Reputed to repel insects.</p> | | |
| <p>Ginger – Large, frilled spicy leaves, light green in color. Showy
rose-lavender flowers.</p> | 36" | |
| <p>Lime – Tart lemon-lime scent. Upright form, small toothed leaves.
Lavender blooms.</p> | | |
| <p>Old Fashioned Rose – Popular culinary variety, also used in perfume.
Large heart-shaped leaves; true rose fragrance. Small-veined
lavender flowers.</p> | | |
| <p>Orange – Small leaves, compact habit and distinct orange aroma.</p> | | |
| <p>Peppermint – Pinkish-white flowers over velvety gray leaves.</p> | 18" | |

PETROSELINUM $\bigcirc\phi$

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|---|-----|--|
| <p>crispum (Curled Parsley) (Spread: 18")– Hardy Biennial, treated as an
Annual. Curled dark green leaves with celery scent. Garnish.</p> | 12" | |
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ROSMARINUS $\bigcirc\phi\kappa\bullet$


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|---|--------|------|
| <p>officinalis (Rosemary) (Spread: 36") – Tender Perennial.
Tender, shrubby evergreen with needle-like leaves, woody stems,
powerful pine scent and pale blue-lavender flowers. Sharp
pine-scented leaves flavor meats, vegetables, etc. Flowers and
leaves also used in sachets.</p> | 24-36" | July |
|---|--------|------|

HERBS

ROSMARINUS (Cont.)

- o. **'Arp'** – Tender, shrubby evergreen with aromatic leaves and woody stems. 24"
- o. **'Irene'** (Spread: 24") - Trailing dark green foliage with deep blue flowers. 6" July
- o. **'Prostratus'** (Weeping Rosemary) – Trailing dark green foliage with pale blue-lavender flowers. Prostrate, or low grower. Excellent for making " living wreaths" , or for training in any shape.

SALVIA ○ φ

- elegans (rutinland)** (Pineapple Sage) - Tender Perennial. 36"
Scarlet flowers with sweet pineapple scent. Use in salads and butters. Excellent houseplant.
-  **officinalis** (Garden Sage) – Perennial. 24"
Woolly, gray leaves with peppery-scent flavor.
Use to flavor pork, poultry, sausage, tea, and cheese.
- officinalis aurea** (Golden Sage) – Perennial.
Chartreuse leaves edged in gold.
- officinalis 'Tricolor'** (Tricolor Sage) – Perennial.
Green, white and pink foliage.


SANTOLINA ○φ

- incana** (Gray Lavender Cotton) – Perennial. 15"
Silver-gray aromatic foliage with bright button flowers.
Use in moth repellent sachets.
- neapolitana** - Perennial.
Fine textured foliage.
- virens** (Green Lavender Cotton) – Perennial. 14"
Deep green foliage, bright yellow flowers.

SATUREJA ○ φ

- hortensis** (Summer Savory) – Annual. 18"
Lilac-pink flowers with bushy growth. Spicy peppery leaves flavor meat, fish, poultry, potatoes and vegetables.

THYMUS ○ φ

- citriodorus argenteus variegatus** (Silver Edged Thyme) – Perennial. 4"
Narrow-leaved, fine compact grower.
- citriodorus aureus variegatus** (Golden Lemon Thyme) – Perennial.
Pungently lemon scented. Golden and variegated when in bright light.
- praecox 'Coccineus'** (Creeping Red Thyme) – Perennial. 2-4"
Low-growing perennial thyme with small elliptical green leaves.
Bears fuchsia-red blooms in summer, attractive to bees.
Used in rock gardens.
- praecox 'Pink Chintz'** – Mat forming creeper with tine green leaves and ¼" pink flowers.
-  **pseudanuginosus** (Woolly Thyme) – Perennial. 2-3"
Forms thick, woolly silver-gray aromatic mat. Used in walls between stones.
- pulegioides** (Oregano Scented Thyme) – Perennial.
Fast-growing, with the largest leaf of any thyme. Distinct oregano scent.
- serpyllum coccineu** (Creeping Mother of Thyme) – Perennial. 2-6"
Scarlet flowers. Used in rock garden between stones.

	HEIGHT	BLOOMS
vulgaris (English Thyme) – Perennial. Tiny lavender flowers. Fragrant gray-green rounded leaves. Semi-creeping habit. Strong grower. Popular culinary variety. Used in sachets.	6-12"	June-July

DEER RESISTANT PLANTS

Annuals and Biennials

Ageratum houstonianum	Ageratum
Alyssum	Madwort
Antirrhinum majus	Snapdragon
Begonia x semperflorens cultorum	Wax Begonia
Calendula officinalis	Pot Marigold
Celosia	Cockscomb
Cleome hassleriana	Cleome
Cosmos sp	Cosmos
Dahlia sp	Dahlia
Digitalis sp	Foxglove
Heliotropium arborescens	Heliotrope
Hypoestes phytostachya	Polka-Dot Plant
Ipomoea sp	Morning Glory
Lantana montevidensis	Trailing lantana
Lobelia erinus	Edging Lobelia
Lobularia maritima	Sweet Alyssum
Mirabilis jalapa	Four-O'Clock
Myosotis sylvatica	Forget-Me-Not
Papaver sp	Poppy
Pelargonium x hortorum	Zonal Geranium
Petunia	Petunia
Salvia farinacea	Blue Salvia
Salvia sp	Sage
Senecio cineraria	Dusty Miller
Silybum sp	Thistle
Tagetes sp	Marigold
Tropaeolum majus	Nasturtium
Verbena x hybrida	Verbena
Vinca cathartanthus roseus	Vinca
Zantedeschia sp	Calla Lily
Zinnia elegans	Zinnia

Wildflowers

Amsonia	Bluestar
Arisaema triphyllum	Jack-in-the-
Pulpit	
Trillium	Birthroot
Viola labradorica	Labrador Violet

Herbs

Allium schoernoprasum	Chives
Allium sp	Ornamental Onion
Allium terosum	Garlic Chives
Anethum graveolens	Dill
Borage officinalis	Borage
Lavandula	Lavender
Mentha pulegium	Pennyroyal
Mentha sp	Mints, Peppermint, Spearmint
Nepeta sp	Catmint
Ocimum basilicum	Basil
Origanum sp	Oregano
Petroselinum crispum	Parsley
Rosmarinus officinalis	Rosemary
Santolina	Santolina
Tanacetum sp	Tansy
Teucrium	Germander
Thymus sp	Thyme

Bulbs

Allium	Onion
Amaryllis	Amaryllis
Anemone	Anemone
Canna	Canna
Caladium	Caladium
Calla Lily	Calla Lily
Convallaria	Lilly of the Valley
Fritillaria imperialis	Crown imperial
Galanthus	Snow Drop
Gladiolus	Gladiolus
Hyacinth	Hyacinth
Leucojum	Snowflake
Lycoris	Resurrection Flower
Muscari	Muscari
Narcissus sp	Daffodil
Scilla	Grape Hyacinth

Shrubs

Berberis	Barberry
Buddleia davidii	Butterflybush
Buxus	Boxwood
Calluna sp	Heather
Calycanthus	Sweet Shrub
Caryopteris	Blue Mist Spirea
Chaenomeles	Quince
Cornus	Dogwood
Cotinus	Broom
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster
Cytisus scoparius	Scotch Broom
Daphne	Daphne
Deutzia	Deutzia
Eleagnus angustifolia	Russian Olive
Enkianthus campanulatus	Enkianthus
Erica sp	Heather
Forsythia	Forsythia
Hammelis	Witch Hazel
Ilex glabra	Inkberry
Ilex 'San Jose'	San Jose Holly
Ilex opaca	American Holly
Juniperus	Juniper (many varieties)
Kalmia latifolia	Mountain Laurel
Kerria japonica	Kerria
Leucothoe	Leucothoe
Ligustrum	Privet
Myrica	Bayberry
Philadelphus	Mock Orange
Picea glauca conica	Dwarf Alberta
Spruce	
Pieris	Andromeda
Potentilla sp	Cinquefoil
Rhododendron sp	Rhodies (except Azaleas)
Salix matsudana 'Tortosa'	Willow
Sambucus racemosa	Red Elderberry
Spirea	Spirea
Symphoricarpos albus	Snowberry
Syringa vulgaris	Lilac
Thuja sp	Arborvitae
Viburnum dilatatum	Linden
Viburnum	
Viburnum plicatum tomentosum	Doublefile
Viburnum	
Viburnum rhytidophyllum	Leatherleaf Viburnum
Weigela	Weigela

DEER RESISTANT PLANTS

Yucca sp

Yucca

Polygonum aubertii
Trachelspermum jasminoides
Wisteria

Silver Lace
Jasmine
Wisteria

Trees and Evergreens

Abies	Fir
Acer negunda	Box-elder
Betula	Birch
Catalpa bignonioides	Common
Catalpa	
Cercis occidentalis	Red Bud
Coptinus coggygria	Smoke Tree
Cornus	Dogwood
Crataegus sp	Hawthorn
Fagus sylvatica	Beech
Ginkgo biloba	Maidenhair tree
Gleditsia	Locust
Gymnocladus dioica	Kentucky
Coffee tree	
Larix decidua	European larch
Liquidambar	Sweetgum
Magnolia	Magnolia
Picea abies	Norway Spruce
Picea pungens glauca	Blue Spruce
Picea sp	Spruce
Pinus 'VanderWolf'	Vander Wolf Pine
Pinus sp	Pine
Quercus	Oak
Robinia pseudoacacia	Black Locust
Stewartia	Stewartia
	Wisteria

Perennial Groundcovers

Aegopodium Podagrana	Bishop's Weed
Ajuga reptans	Bugleweed
Armeria maritima	Sea Thrift
Convallaria majalis	Lily-of-the-Valley
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster
	Crown Vetch
Epimedium sp	Barrenwort
Festuca	Grasses
Gallium odorata	Sweet Woodruff
Gaultheria	Creeping
Wintergreen	
Hedera helix	English Ivy
Hypericum calycinum	Hypericum
Juniperus	Juniper
Lamium sp	Dead Nettle
Mitchella repens	Partridgeberry
Myrtus communis	Myrtle
Pachysandra terminalis	Japanese Pachysandra
Vinca minor	Perwinkle, myrtle
Vinca major	Greater Perwinkle

Vines

Akebia	Akebia
Campsis	Trumpet Vine
Celastrus	Bittersweet
Clematis	Clematis
Gelsemium sempervirens	Jessamine
Lonicera	Honeysuckle
Ipomoea	Morning Glory
Phaedranthus buccinatorius	Blood red trumpet vine

DEER RESISTANT PLANTS

Perennials

Ornamental Grasses	Most grasses Except for Sedges
Achillea sq	Yarrow
Aconitum sp	Monkshood
Alchemilla sp	Lady's Mantle
Allyssum saxatile	Basket of Gold
Amsonia tabernaemontana	Amsonia
Anchusa sp	Bugloss
Anemone sp	Anemones
Angelica Archangelica	Angelica
Aquilegia canadensis	Columbine
Arctotia aloechadifolia	African Daisy
Artemisia sp	Wormwood
Aruncus diocius	Goatsbeard
Asclepias sp	Silkweed
Ascrepias tuberosa	Butterfly Weed
Astilbe sp	Astilbe
Althea rosea	Hollyhock
Baptisia sp	False Indigo
Bergenia sp	Bergenia
Boltonia asteroides	Boltonia
Brunnera sp	Brunnera
Campanula carpatica	Tussock Bellflower
Centaurea sp	Knapweed
Ceratostigma plumbaginoides	Plumbago
Chelone sp	Turtlehead
Chrysanthemum coccineum	Painted Daisy
Chrysanthemum x super.or max.	Shasta Daisy
Chrysanthemum partnenium	Feverfew
Cimifuga racemosa	Bugbane
Colchicum	Colchicum
Coreopsis sp	Coreopsis
Delphinium sp	Larkspur
Dianthus sp	Sweet William, Pinks
Dicentra externa	Bleeding Heart
Dictamnus albus	Gas Plant
Digitalis	Foxglove
Echniacea purpurea	Purple
Coneflower	
Echinops sp	Globe Thistle
Erigeron	Fleabane
Epimedium	Epimedium
Eupatorium sp	Joe-Pye Weed
Euphorbia sp	Spurge
Filipendula sp	Queen-of-the-Prairie
Gailardia pulchella	Blanket Flower
Geranium	Hardy Geranium
Geum sp	Avens
Gypsophilia paniculata	Baby's Breath
Helianthus	Sunflower
Helichysum sp	Strawflower
Helleborus sp	Hellebore
Heuchera	Coral Bells
Iberis sempivirens	Candytuft
Iris sp	Iris
Kniphofia uvaria	Red Hot Poker
Lavandula sp	Lavender
Liatris spicata	Spike Gayfeather
Lilium lancrolium	Tiger Lily
Limonium latifolium	Statice
Linaria sp	Toadflax
Linum perenne	Perennial Blue Flax
Lupinus sp	Lupine
Lychnis	Campion

Lysimachia nummularia
Lythrum sp

Moneywort
Loosestrife

Perennials (cont.)

Maclura Doinfera	Osage orange
Malva	Hollyhock
Matricaria	Feverfew
Matteuccia struthipteris	Ostrich Fern
Mimulus sp	Mimulus, Monkey flower
Monarda didyma	Beebalm
Myosotis scorpiodes	Forget-Me-Not
Oenothera tetragona	Sundrops
Oenothera sp	Evening Primrose
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive Fern
Osmunda cinnamornea	Cinnamon Fern
Osmunda claytoniana	Interrupted Fern
Osmunda regalis	Royal Fern
Papaver orientale	Oriental Poppy
Parkinsonia aculeata	Jerusalem
Thorn	
Pennstaedtia punctlobula	Hay-scented Fern
Perovskia	Russian Sage
Phalaris arundinacea 'Picta'	Ribbon Grass
Physostegia	Obedient Plant
Platycodon grandiflorus	Balloon Flower
Plumbago	Leadwort
Polemonium caeruleum	Jacob's Ladder
Polygonatum	Solomon's Seal
Polystichum acrostichoides	Christmas Fern
Primula sp	Primrose
Pulmonaria	Lungwort
Ranunculus sp	Buttercup
Rheum sp	Rhubarb
Rodgersia	Rodgersia
Salvia sp	Sage
Saponaria sp	Soapwort
Scilla sp	Solla
Solidago sp	Goldenrod
Solanum sp	Nightshade
Stachy's byzantina	Lamb's Ear
Stokesia	Stoke's Aster
Thalictrum	Meadow Rue
Thelyptens noveboracensis	New York Fern
Tradescantia	Spiderwort
Trollius	Globeflower
Tricytris	Japanese Toad Lily
Verbascum sp	Mulfern
Veronica latifolia	Hungana Speedwell
Viola labridorica	Labrador Violet

COMPANION HERBS

<u>Herb</u>	<u>Companion and Effects</u>
Anise	Grows well with coriander, and together are a good deterrent for snails and slugs.
Basil	Improves growth and flavor of tomatoes. Indoors repels houseflies. Do not plant near Rue.
Beebalm	Also companion to tomatoes. Improves growth and flavor.
Borage	Companion to tomatoes, squash and strawberries; deters tomato worms; attracts bees.
Caraway	Improves the growth and flavor of peas. Plant here and there – loosens soil.
Catnip	Plant in borders, deters flea beetles.
Chamomile	Companion to cabbage and onions. Improves growth and flavor. Tea is good for plants as well as people.
Chervil	Companion to radishes; makes them hotter and crisper.
Chives	Loves to be near carrots, roses and apples! Makes them grow and taste better.
Comfrey	“Plant healer.” Good garden barrier plant.
Dill	Helps corn, lettuce, cucumber, carrots and tomatoes.
Fennel	Plant this away from your garden – not friendly to anyone!
Flax	Protects against Colorado potato beetle. Also helps clay soil.
Garlic	Plant near roses and raspberries, and throughout the garden to deter Japanese beetles and other pests.
Horehound	Repels grasshoppers. Improves fruit yield on tomatoes.
Horseradish	Plant at corner of potato patch to deter potato bug.
Hyssop	Companion to cabbage and grapes, deters cabbage moth; keep away from radishes.
Lavender	Butterflies and bees love it! Repels rabbits, mice, ticks, moths and mosquitoes.
Lemon Balm	Plant with cucumbers and tomatoes.
Lemon Verbena	Repels midgies, flies, and other pests.
Lovage	Improves the health of all nearby plants. Invigorating to beans and sweet peppers.
Marjoram	Companion to sweet peppers and sage.
Mint	Companion to tomatoes and cabbage; deters cabbage moths; repels mice and flies.
Nasturtium	Companion to radishes, cabbages and cucumbers. Repels aphids, squash bugs and striped pumpkin beetles.
Parsley	Likes chives, tomatoes, carrots, roses and asparagus.
Rosemary	Plant near cabbage, beans carrots, sage; deters cabbages moths, bean beetles, carrot flies. NOT near potatoes!
Rue	Likes roses and raspberries, disliked by cats and dogs. Incompatible with sage, basil and cabbage.
Sage	Good with tomatoes, carrots, cabbage and rosemary.
Santolina	Good with roses.
Southernwood	Companion to cabbage; deters cabbage moth.
Summer Savory	Companion to onions and beans. Deters bean beetles.
Thyme	Good for most other herbs and veggies, particularly eggplant and cabbage.
Valerian	Stimulates growth of all other plants and vegetables in the vicinity; attracts earthworms.
Yarrow	Invigorating to cucumbers, corn, and other herbs; enhances essential oil production.

HERB CARE

In a world of chemical fertilizers, insecticides, artificial flavorings and preservatives, many are seeking a more wholesome and natural way of life. Herbs are once again finding their way back into our gardens and lives. People are rediscovering the many varied uses of herbs to flavor foods, to make fragrances, cosmetics, dyes and natural insecticides.

Culture

Contrary to popular belief, herb gardening does not require large formal gardens. Herbs, being hardy and adaptable, are easy to grow. Unless otherwise noted provide herbs with full sun and well-drained soil. Indoor herbs should receive at least 5 hours of sunlight or 12-14 hours of artificial light daily.

Harvest

The best time to harvest the foliage of most herbs is just prior to blooming. Parsley, loveage, burnet, and savory leaves are best harvested young. Clip the foliage in the morning after the dew has evaporated but before the sun becomes too hot. Cut approximately 1/3 of the foliage off to encourage the plant to put on new growth. Use only the younger leaves because they have more flavor and are less bitter.

Seeds are ready to be harvested when the seed heads change color; usually greenish-brown. To harvest, cut off seed heads on a hot, dry day. Dry for two weeks on harvesting tray, then store in an airtight container.

Roots are dug as soon as the leaves start to form in the spring or as they begin to die back in the fall. One should only harvest about 1/3 of the roots so as not to rob the plant of all its stored nutrients. Rinse soil off roots before drying, but do not use a brush.

Preservation

Air Drying: To air dry herbs, hang in bunches upside down in a dark, well ventilated area. Or spread in a thin layer on screens or frames covered with cheesecloth.

Oven Drying: Spread thin layer on a cookie sheet and bake at no more than 120 degrees F until they are dry and crispy.

Microwave Drying: Place a few sprigs on a towel and heat on the lowest setting for 30 seconds at a time until dry and crumbly. Timing will vary with different herbs.

Freezing: Remove leaves from stems. Herbs with small, fine leaves should be frozen on the stem. Other larger leaves can be chopped or frozen whole. Do not crowd the leaves in the package, and place them in the freezer where they won't get crushed. Thaw them out and use them the same as you would fresh herbs.

Storage

Store herbs in airtight containers away from heat and light. Glass is best because plastic will absorb the essential oils. Store herbs, dried or frozen, for no more than a year because they begin to lose potency.

GROUNDCOVERS

Acanthus
 Achillea
 Acorus ▶
 Aegopodium ▶●
 Ajuga spp. ▶●
 Alchemilla mollis
 Alternanthera reineckii ▶
 Arabis caucasica
 Arctostaphylos
 Arenaria ▶
 Aristolacia ▶●
 Armeria
 Artemisia ▶
 Asarum ▶●
 Aster ericoides
 Aubrieta ▶
 Aurinia ▶
 Avena candida
 Bergenia ▶●
 Brunnera ▶●
 Calylophus
 Campanula ▶
 Ceanthus gris. horizon.
 Cerastium
 Ceratostigma plumb. ▶
 Chamaemelum
 Chrysogonum virg. ▶
 Clematis
 Cistus salvifolius
 Convallaria ▶
 Coronilla ▶
 Cyclamen ●
 Decumaria ▶
 Delosperma spp.
 Deutzia
 Dianthus
 Duchesnea ▶
 Ephedra ▶
 Epimedium ▶●
 Erigeron
 Eriogonum
 Euonymus spp. ▶●
 Euphorbia ▶
 Fallopia
 Festuca glauca
 Ficus ▶●
 Fragaria ▶
 Galium odoratum ▶●
 Geranium spp. ▶
 Glechoma ▶●
 Gynura ▶
 Gypsophila
 Hedera helix ▶●
 Helianthemum nummula.
 Helleborus ▶●
 Hemerocallis ▶
 Herniaria
 Heuchera ▶
 Hosta ▶●
 Houttuynia cordata ▶●
 Hydrocotyle ▶●
 Hypericum ▶
 Iberis
 Ipomea
 Lamiastrum galeobdolon ▶●
 Lamium maculatum ▶●
 Lathyrus ▶

Laurentia
 Leontopodium
 Liriope spp. ▶●
 Lonicera ▶
 Lotus
 Lysimachia ▶●
 Marrubium
 Maxus reptans ▶
 Minuartia ▶
 Nepeta mussinii ▶
 Oenanthe ▶
 Oenothera ▶
 Ophiopogon ▶
 Pachysandra terminalis ▶●
 Parthenocissus ▶
 Persicaria
 Petunia
 Phlox stol. & sub.
 Pinella ▶●
 Potentilla ▶
 Prunella ▶
 Pulmonaria spp. ▶●
 Ranunculus repens ▶
 Rosa
 Rosularia
 Sagina ▶●
 Saponaria
 Saxifraga ▶
 Sedum spp. ▶
 Sempervivum
 Silene
 Solanum jasminoides
 Soleirolia soleirii ▶
 Spiraea ▶
 Stachys byzantina & lan.
 Symphytum rubrum ▶●
 Teucrium
 Thymus spp.
 Tiarella spp. ▶●
 Trifolium ▶●
 Verbena canadensis
 Veronica spp. ▶
 Vinca minor ▶●
 Viola ▶
 Vitis ▶
 Waldsteinia ternata ▶●

FERNS ▶●

GRASSES:

Arundo
 Bouteloua
 Buchloe
 Carex ▶●
 Equisetum ▶
 Imperata
 Miscanthus sacc.
 Oplismenus ▶
 Panicum
 Phalaris

HERBS:

Helichrysum
 Lippia ▶
 Melissa ▶
 Mentha ▶
 Thymus

PLACEMENT:

SLOPES:

Euonymus
 Hedera
 Hypericum
 Lonicera
 Polygonum
 Parthenocissus
 Potentilla
 Vinca

NATIVE:

Arctostaphylos
 Campsis radicans
 Celastrus scandens
 Hemerocallis
 Heuchera
 Oenothera missouri
 Parthenocissus

SUN LOVING:

Aegopodium
 Ajuga
 Artemisia
 Cotoneaster
 Dianthus
 Euonymus
 Festuca
 Hedera
 Hosta
 Hypericum
 Juniper
 Lamium
 Lonicera
 Parthenocissus
 Polygonum
 Potentilla
 Sagina
 Sedum
 Sempervivum
 Spiraea

SHADE LOVING:

Aegopodium
 Ajuga
 Euonymus
 Galium
 Hedera
 Hosta
 Hydrangea petiolaris
 Lamium
 Lysimachia
 Pachysandra
 Polygonum
 Potentilla
 Vinca

ROCK GARDEN:

Lysimachia
 Sagina
 Sedum
 Sempervivum
 Thyme

GROUNDCOVERS

CARE:

Liberal amounts of weed-free mulch are an essential part of a successful groundcover planting. The mulch helps to deter weed, retain moisture and prevent heaving over winter. Shredded bark at 2-3" covering is quite effective in preventing weed. One cubic yard of mulch will cover 100 square feet to a depth of 3-4".

SPACING:

There is no hard and fast rule regarding the spacing of groundcovers at the time of planting. The closer the spacing, the faster the bed will fill in. Generally the spacing scheme is based upon the size of the plants, preference, budget and the location of the bed. The spacing of a bed near a utility area at the rear of a property might be double that for a bed near the entryway. Keep in mind that the longer the bed takes to fill in, the more maintenance in the form of weeding and mulching will be required.

SPACING:

SQ. FT.	2" apart	3" apart	4" apart	5" apart	6" apart	8" apart	10" apart
50	1800	800	450	300	200	100	75
100	3600	1600	900	600	400	225	150
110	3900	1750	1000	650	450	250	160
120	4300	1900	1100	700	500	275	170
130	4600	2100	1150	750	525	300	190
140	5000	2250	1250	800	550	325	200
150	5400	2400	1350	850	600	350	220
175	6300	2800	1600	1000	700	400	250
200	7200	3200	1800	1150	800	450	290
250	9000	4000	2250	1450	1000	550	360
300	10800	4800	2700	1700	1200	685	430
350	12600	5600	3150	2000	1400	800	500
400	14400	6400	3600	2300	1600	900	580
450	16200	7200	4050	2600	1800	1000	650
500	18000	8000	4500	2900	2000	1125	720
600		9600	5400	3500	2400	1350	890
700		11200	6300	4050	2800	1575	1010
800		12800	7200	4600	3200	1800	1150
900		14400	8100	5200	3600	2025	1400
1000		16000	9000	5750	4000	2250	1440

How to figure the number of groundcover plants required:

Multiply the number of square feet by the number of plants required per square foot using this table:

Distance apart	Plants per sq. ft.
4"	9.1
6"	4
8"	2.25
9"	1.77
10"	1.44
12"	1
18"	.45
24"	.25
36"	.11

One flat of 100 plants will cover:

Inch spacing	square feet
4	11
6	25
8	44
10	70
12	100
15	156
18	225
24	400

BLOOM CHARTS

LONG BLOOMING

Abutilon spp.
 Achillea
 Agapanthus
 Agastache spp.
 Alcea spp.
 Alchemilla spp.
 Althaea
 Aloysia (Lemon Verbena)
 Alyssum montanum
 Amsonia spp.
 Anemone spp.
 Anthemis spp.
 Aquilegia
 Arabis spp.
 Armeria maritima
 Aruncus spp.
 Asclepias tuberosa
 Aster spp.
 Asteromea mongolica
 Astilbe spp.
 Astilbe chinensis
 Aurinia saxatilis
 Baptisia spp.
 Bellis
 Bergenia
 Boltonia asteroides
 Brunnera
 Buddleia spp.
 Callylophus melanocarpa
 Campanula spp.
 Campsis flava
 Caryopteris clandonensis
 Catananche caerulea
 Ceanothus spp.
 Centaurea spp.
 Centranthus
 Ceratostigma plumb.
 Chelone lyonii
 Cistus salvifolius
 Clematis spp.
 Coreopsis spp.
 Coreosis vert.
 Cosmos atrosanguineus
 Delosperma spp.
 Delphinium
 Dendranthema spp.
 Dianthus spp.
 Dicentra Eximia
 Digitalis spp.
 Doronicum
 Erigeron
 Echinacea purpurea
 Echinacea spp.
 Echinops spp.
 Erigeron hybrida
 Erodium spp.
 Eupatorium maculatum
 Euphorbia amygdaloides
 Fragaria spp.
 Gaillardia spp.
 Gaura lindheimeri
 Geranium spp.
 Geum
 Gysophila paniculata
 Helenium
 Helianthus

LONG BLOOMING

Cont.

Heliopsis spp.
 Hemerocallis
 Heuchera spp.
 Hibiscus moscheutos
 Hydrangea spp.
 Hypericum spp.
 Kniphofia spp.
 Lathyrus
 Lavandula angustifolia
 Leucanthemum x superb.
 Liatris spicata
 Ligularia spp.
 Limonium tataricum
 Linaria purpurea
 Linum
 Lobelia cardinalis
 Lonicera nitida
 Lychinis spp.
 Lysimachia spp.
 Lythrum
 Miscanthus
 Monarda didyma
 Myosotis
 Oenothera spp.
 Origanum vulgare
 Papaver spp.
 Pardancanda spp.
 Pennisetum
 Penstemon spp.
 Perovskia spp.
 Persicaria spp.
 Phygelius x rectus
 Phlox paniculata
 Physostegia virginiana
 Potentilla fruticosa
 Pulmonaria
 Rudbeckia spp.
 Salvia spp.
 Scabiosa spp.
 Sedum spp.
 Solidago spp.
 Spiraea spp.
 Stokesia spp.
 Tiarella spp.
 Tradescantia spp.
 Tricyrtis spp.
 Verbasicum spp.
 Verbena spp.
 Veronica spp.
 Viola spp.

SPRING BLOOMING

Abutilon spp.
 Achillea millefolium
 Ajuga spp.
 Alyssum montanum
 Amsonia spp.
 Anemone spp.
 Aquilegia spp.
 Arabis spp.
 Armeria maritima
 Astilbe x arendsii
 Aubrieta spp.
 Aurinia saxatilis
 Baptisia spp.
 Bellis perennis
 Bergenia cordifolia
 Buddleia
 Callylophus melanocarpa
 Campanula poscharsky.
 Ceanothus spp.
 Centaurea montana
 Cerastium tomentosum
 Cistus spp.
 Clematis spp.
 Coreopsis spp.
 Cotoneaster dammeri
 Delphinium spp.
 Deutzia gracilis
 Dianthus spp.
 Dicentra spp.
 Erigeron
 Euphorbia amygdaloides
 Fragaria spp.
 Galium odoratum
 Geum chiloense
 Heuchera spp.
 Heucherella spp.
 Houttuynia cordata
 Hypericum spp.
 Iberis sempervirens
 Lamiastrum galeobdolon
 Lamium maculatum
 Linum perenne
 Lithodora diffusa
 Micromeria fruticosa
 Myosotis sylvatica
 Origanum vulgare
 Papaver spp.
 Penstemon spp.
 Phlox spp.
 Polemonium spp.
 Primula spp.
 Pulmonaria spp.
 Pulsatilla vulgaris
 Ranunculus repens
 Salvia x sylvestris
 Saponaria ocymoides
 Saxifraga stolonifera
 Scabiosa columbaria
 Tiarella spp.
 Tradescantia spp.
 Verbena spp.
 Veronica spp.
 Viola spp.
 Waldsteinia ternata

FALL BLOOMING

Aegopodium podagraria
 Agastache spp.
 Ajania pacifica
 Anemone hupehensis
 Anthemis spp.
 Asclepias tuberosa
 Aster spp.
 Astilbe chinensis
 Boltonia asteroides
 Buddleia spp.
 Callylophus meanocarpa
 Campsis flava
 Caryopteris clandonensis
 Ceratostigma plumbag.
 Chelone lyonii
 Clethra alnifolia
 Coreopsis spp.
 Cosmos atrosanguineus
 Dendranthema spp.
 Echinacea spp.
 Erigeron hybrida
 Eupatorium maculatum
 Fragaria spp.
 Gaillardia spp.
 Gaura lindheimeri
 Geranium spp.
 Heliopsis spp.
 Hemerocallis
 Hibiscus moscheutos
 Hydrangea spp.
 Hypericum x moserian.
 Kniphofia spp.
 Lavatera thuringiaca
 Leucanthemum x superb.
 Liatris spicata
 Lobelia cardinalis
 Lonicera nitida
 Lysimachia spp.
 Nipponanthemum nipp.
 Pardancanda spp.
 Phlox paniculata
 Phygelius x rectus
 Physostegia virginiana
 Potentilla fruticosa
 Rudbeckia spp.
 Salvia spp.
 Scabiosa columbaria
 Sedum spp.
 Solidago spp.
 Spiraea spp.
 Stokesia spp.
 Tricyrtis spp.
 Verbasicum spp.
 Verbena spp.
 Veronica spp.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

SHADE LOVING

Aconitum
 Aegopodium podagraria
 Agapanthus
 Ajuga reptans
 Alchemilla
 Anemone multifida
 Aquilegia
 Arisaema
 Arenatherum
 Aruncus
 Asarum
 Astilbe hybrids
 Bellis
 Bergenia
 Brunnera
 Campanula
 Cerostigma
 Chrysotigma
 Chrysogonum
 Cimicifuga
 Convallaria
 Dactylis
 Dicentra spp.
 Digitalis
 Doronicum
 Eupatorium coelestinum
 Ferns
 Filipendula
 Galium odoratum
 Heder helix
 Helleborus
 Hemerocallis
 Heuchera
 Hosta
 Hystix
 Iris Siberica
 Lamiastrum
 Lamium spp.
 Ligularia
 Liriope spicata
 Lysimachia N.
 Mazus
 Mertensia
 Monarda
 Pachysandra terminalis
 Parthenocissus tricuspid.
 Polygonatum
 Primula
 Pulmonaria spp.
 Sanguinaria
 Smilicina
 Stylophorum
 Tiarella cordifolia
 Uvularia
 Vinca minor
 Viola odorata

DRY SHADE

Ascanthus spinosus
 Alchemilla mollis
 Anaphalis
 Brunnera macrophylla
 Campanulus muralis
 Epimedium
 Euphorbia
 Geranium
 Hylomecon japonicum
 Iris foetidissima
 Lamium
 Liriope musscari
 Omphalodes
 Pachysandra terminalis
 Polygonatum
 Polygonum affine
 Pulmonaria
 Stachys lanata
 Tiarella
 Vinca

SLOPE PLANTING

Alchemilla
 Arabis
 Campanula
 Cerastium
 Ceratostigma
 Leucanthemum
 Dianthus
 Euphorbia
 Geranium
 Heuchera
 Hypericum
 Iberis
 Limonium
 Lysimachea
 Penstemon
 Phlox
 Potentilla
 Prunella
 Salvia
 Saponaria
 Sedum
 Stachys
 Veronica
 Vinca

MOISTURE TOLERANT

Acorus sylvester
 Aruncus
 Asclepias incarnata
 Aster novae-angliae
 Astilbe
 Astrantia
 Baptisia
 Caltha
 Campanula glomerata
 Carex
 Chelone lyonii
 Cimicifuga
 Coreopsis Rosea
 Dodecantheon
 Eupatorium fistulosum
 Ferns
 Filipendula ulmaria
 Gentiana asclepiadea
 Glycera
 Helianthus angustifolius
 Hibiscus moscheutos
 Houttuynia cordata
 Iris ensata & pseud. veri.
 Iris sibirica & kaempferi
 Lilium
 Lobelia cardinalis
 Luzula
 Lythrum
 Macleaya
 Mazus
 Mertensia
 Monarda
 Myosotis
 Ophiopogon spp.
 Phalaris
 Phlox d.
 Polemonium
 Polygonum
 Rodgersia
 Rudbeckia
 Saxifraga
 Senecio aureus
 Solidago graminifolia
 Tradescantia
 Trollius
 Vernonia noveboracen.
 Vinca
 Viola

WATER/BOG PLANTS

Ornamentals
 Aconitum napellus
 Acorus calamus
 Acorus gramineus
 Arum italicum
 Aruncus
 Asclepias incarnata
 Astilbe
 Caltha palustris
 Chelone
 Cyperis alternifolius
 Cyperus diffusus
 Cyperus haspan vivipar.
 Equisetum hyemale
 Equisetum scirpoides
 Eupatorium purpureum
 Euphorbia palustris
 Filipendula ulmaria
 Hibiscus spp.
 Hibiscus mutabilis spp.
 Houttuynia cordata
 Hydrocotyle sibthorpiod.
 Iris ensata
 Iris pseudacorus
 Iris versicolor
 Ligularia
 Liriope
 Lobelia cardinalis
 Lysimachia nummularia
 Monarda
 Mentha
 Myosotis palustris
 Petasites japonicus
 Pontederia cordata
 Rheum palmatum
 Sambucus
 Tradescantia
 Trollius

Grasses
 Calamagrostis
 Carex muskingumensis
 Glycera maxima Variega.
 Miscanthus sacchariflor.
 Phalaris

Ferns
 Marsilea quadrifolia
 Matteuccia struthiopteris
 Osmunda regalis

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

DROUGHT TOLERANT

Achillea
 Alyssum
 Amsonia
 Antennaria
 Anthemis
 Arabis
 Armeria
 Artemisia
 Asclepias
 Baptisia
 Belamcanda
 Campanula
 Catanache
 Centaurea
 Cerastium
 Coronilla
 Coreopsis
 Cortaderia
 Dianthus
 Echinops
 Erigeron
 Euphorbia
 Festuca
 Gaillardia
 Geranium
 Hemerocallis
 Hosta
 Hypericum
 Kniphofia
 Lavandula
 Limonium
 Lychnis
 Malva
 Miscanthus
 Oenothera
 Salvia
 Santolina
 Saponaria
 Sedum
 Sempervivum
 Solidago
 Stachys
 Veronica p.
 Waldsteinia

SUNNY & DRY

Achillea spp.
 Anthemis tinctoria
 Arabis caucasica
 Artemisia spp.
 Asclepias tuberosa
 Aurina saxatilis
 Centaurea montana
 Cerastium tomentosum
 Coreopsis spp.
 Cosmos spp.
 Echinacea purpurea
 Echinops ritro
 Eryngium spp.
 Euphorbia spp.
 Gaillardia spp.
 Gaura lindheimeria
 Helianthemum nemmulla.
 Helianthus spp.
 Hemerocallis hybrids
 Iberis sempervirens
 Lavandula
 Liatris spp.
 Oenothera spp.
 Perovskia atriplicifolia
 Phlox subulata
 Physostegia virginiana
 Potentilla spp.
 Rudbeckia spp.
 Salvia
 Santolina spp.
 Saponaria ocymoides
 Sedum spp.
 Sempervivum tectorum
 Stachys byzantina
 Thymus spp.

TROUGHS, ALPINE & ROCK GARDENS, ROCK WALLS

Aconus gramineus
 Aeonopsis cabulica
 Alchemilla alpina
 Alchemilla saxatilis
 Allium cyaneum
 Allium macimowiczii
 Alyssum serphyllifolium
 Alyssum wulfenianum
 Amorpha nana
 Anacamperos rufescens
 Anacyclus p. depressus
 Anemmonella thalictro.
 Aquilegia varieties
 Arabis
 Arenana montana, tetra.
 Armenia m.
 Artemisia virdis
 Aruncus aethusifolium
 Aster alpinus
 Astilbe chinensis
 Campanula
 Cerastium alpina
 Cyclamen hederifolium
 Dalea
 Delospermas
 Dianthus varieties
 Digitalis obscura
 Drabas
 Dracocephalum tanguit.
 Drosanthemum hispidum
 Edraianthus graminifolius
 Ephedras
 Erigeron
 Eriogonums
 Erodiums
 Erythronium americanum
 Euonymus
 Gaura
 Gazania
 Gentiana
 Geum triflorum
 Gypsophilia
 Helianthemus
 Hepatica americana
 Heuchera
 Hieracum lanatum
 Hymenoxys grandiflora
 Hypericum olympicum
 Iberis
 Inula ensifolia
 Iris varieties
 Laurentia ax. & flu.
 Leucanthemum
 Lewisias
 Lilium
 Linum flavum & per.
 Lychnis
 Marrubium rotundifolium
 Mazus

TROUGHS, ALPINE & ROCK GARDENS, ROCK WALLS Cont.

Mertensia maritima
 Monarda
 Oenothera
 Ophipopogon
 Origanum
 Orostachys
 Othonna capensis
 Oxytropis lambertii
 Papaver burseri
 Penstemon spp.
 Petrocoptis
 Philadelphus microph.
 Phlox stol. & sub.
 Potentilla varieties
 Pratia
 Primula dent. & sax.
 Ptilotrichum spinosum
 Pulsatillas
 Rhinophyllum broomii
 Rosularias
 Ruschia pulvinaris
 Saponaria varieties
 Satureja varieites
 Saxifraga
 Scabiosa lucida
 Scutellarias
 Sedum varieties
 Semiaquilegia
 Sempervivums
 Sinocrassula yunannense
 Solidago
 Talinum oka. & p.
 Tanacerum niveum
 Teucrium hycanicum
 Thalictrum ichangense
 Thymus
 Trollius pumilus
 Umbelicus rupestris
 Uvularia
 Verbascum
 Veronica spp.

NATIVE PLANTS

GRASSES

Acorus
Andropogon v.
Deschampsia c.
Hystix Patula
Paniceum virgatum
Phalaris arundinacea

FERNS

Dryopteris s.
Onoclea sensibilis
Osmunda cinnamomea
Osmunda claytoniana
Osmunda regalis
Polypodium v.
Polystichum a.

PERENNIALS

Asarum canadense
Aster cordifolius
Aster divaricatus
Aster lateriflorus
Aster bovi-belgii
Antennaria
Aquilegia canadensis
Baptisia australis
Belamcanda chinensis
Bellis perennis
Boltonia asteroides
Caltha palustris
Campanula rotundifolia
Cerastium tomentosum
Chelone glabra

PERENNIALS Cont.

Cimicifuga racemosa
Claytonia virginica
Coreopsis rosea
Cypripedium acaule
Dicentra eximia
Digitalis purpurea
Draba reptans
Eupatorium coelestinum
Eupatorium maculatum
Geranium sanguineum
Helenium autumnale
Hosta ventricosa
Liatris spicata
Lobelia siphilitica
Mertensia virginica

PERENNIALS Cont.

Monarda didyma
Oenothera tetragona
Phlox divaricata
Phlox maculata
Phlox paniculata
Digitalis purpurea
Podophyllum peltatum
Polemonium reptans
Rudbeckia fuldiga
Rudbeckia hirta
Rudbeckia speciosa
Tiarella cordifolia
Viola cullata
Viola pedata

SPECIAL INTEREST

FOLIAGE INTEREST

Acorus
Aegopodium
Agrostemma (Lychnis)
Ajuga
Alchemilla
Alyssum
Ampelopsis
Antennaria
Arisaema
Artemisia
Asarum
Bergenia
Brunnera
Caltha
Cerastium
Ceratostigma
Cyclamen
Duchesnea
Epimedium
Ferns
Grasses
Hebe
Heuchera
Hosta
Lamium
Leontopodium
Ligularia
Macleaya
Mazus
Perovskia
Polygonatum
Polygonum
Potentilla
Rodgersia
Ruta
Santolina
Sedum
Sempervivum
Stachys
Tiarella
Yucca

FRAGRANT FOLIAGE

Achillea
Acorus
Agastache
Allium
Aloysia triphylla
Anthemis tinctoria
Artemisia
Asarum
Dictamnus
Eupatorium purpureum
Foeniculum vulgare
Galium odoratum
Geranium
Houttuynia
Hyssopus officinalis
Lamium
Lavandula angust.
Melissa officinalis
Mentha
Monarda
Nepeta
Origanum
Perovskia
Pyrethrum
Rosmarinus officinalis
Ruta
Salvia
Santolina
Teucrium
Thymus

FRAGRANT FLOWERS

Akebia
Allium
Alpina
Anemone hybrida
Anthemis & tinctoria
Arabis caucasica
Asclepias inca. & tub.
Aurinia saxatilis
Berlandiera
Buddleia
Buxus
Ceanothus
Cistus purpureus
Clematis ter. & recta
Clethra rosea
Convallaria
Crambe
Decumaria
Dianthus & plumarius
Filipendula
Gaura lindheimeri
Heliotropium
Hemerocallis varieties
Heptacodium
Hesperis
Hosta varieties
Hydrangea
Iberis
Iris pallida
Itea virginica
Lavender angustifolia
Lilium
Lonicera japonica
Monarda
Oenothera caespitosa
Pachysandra
Paeonia
Papaver burseri & nud.
Philadelphus
Phlox
Polygonatum

FRAGRANT FLOWERS Cont.

Primula
Pycnanthemum
Pyracantha
Salvia spp.
Spiranthes
Tulbaghia violacea
Valeriana
Veronicastrum
Vigna
Viola corn. & odor.
Vitis agnus-castus

VINES

Akebia
Amphelopsis
Aristolachia
Asparagus
Bignonia
Campsis
Celastrus
Clematis
Cocculus
Convolvulus
Cucurbita
Decumaria
Dicentra scandens
Dioscorea
Fallopia
Ficus
Humulus
Hydrangea
Lathyrus
Lonicera
Parthenocissus
Passiflora
Schisandra
Schizophragma
Solanum
Thunbergia
Vitis

SPECIAL USES

CUT FLOWERS

Achillea spp.
Agapanthus hybrids
Agastache spp.
Alchemilla mollis
Allium spp.
Anemone hupehensis
Anemone multifida
Anthemis spp.
Aquilegia hybrids
Armeria maritima
Artemisia ludoviciana
Asclepias incarnata
Asclepias tuberosa
Aster spp.
Astilbe hybrids
Astrantia major
Baptisia
Bergenia cordifolia
Buddleia davidii
Callicarpa spp.
Campanula persidifolia
Caryopteris clandonensis
Catanache caerulea
Centaurea
Chelone lyonii
Coreopsis spp.
Crocoshia
Delphinium
Dianthus
Dicentra spp.
Digitalis purpurea
Echinacea
Echinops
Erigeron hybrids
Eryngium spp.
Eupatorium spp.
Foeniculum vulgare
Gaillardia spp.
Geum
Grasses
Gypsophila spp.
Helenium spp.
Helianthus
Heliopsis spp.
Heuchera spp.
Hosta
Hydrangea spp.
Iris
Kniphofia hybrids
Lavandula angustifolia
Leucanthemum superb.
Liatris spp.
Limonium spp.
Lupinus hybrids
Monarda didyma
Paeonia
Papaver nudicaule
Papaver orientale
Penstemon spp.
Persicaria
Phlox paniculata
Physalis
Physostegia virginiana
Platycodon grandiflorus

CUT FLOWERS Cont.

Salvia spp.
Scabiosa spp.
Sedum spectabile
Solidago spp.
Solidaster luteus
Stachys byzantina
Stokesia laevis
Tanacetum coccineum
Tanacetum parthenium
Thalictrum
Tubaaghia violacea
Verbena bonariensis
Veronica spicata
Viola spp.
Weigela florida

FLORAL ARRANGEMENTS

Acanthus
Achillea
Agapanthus
Alchemilla mollis
Anaphalis
Alstroemeria
Astrantia
Catananche caerulea
Crocoshia masonorum
Delphinium
Doronicum
Erigeron
Echinops ritro
Eryngium
Gaillardia
Gypsophila
Heuchera
Hosta
Kniphofia
Leucanthemum
Liatris callileppis
Lysimachia clethroides
Malcleaya
Nerine bowdenii
Polygonatum multiflorum
Polygonum amplexicaule
Polygonum bistorta sup.
Rodgersie
Stachys lantana
Thalictrum
Veronica alba
Grasses
Avena candida
Cortaderia argentea
Lasiogrostis splendens
Miscanthus japonicus

CONTAINERS

Abutilon
Alchemilla
Alyssum
Amsonia
Artemisia
Agapanthus
Astilbe
Campanula carpatica
Ceratostigma plumbagin.
Coreopsis
Cosmos atrosanguineus
Crocoshia
Dianthus spp.
Dicentra
Geranium spp.
Helichrysum
Hemerocallis
Heuchera
Heucherella
Hosta
Iberis
Lavandula
Nepeta
Origanum laevigatum
Pennisetum set. Rubrum
Penstemon
Phalaris
Phlox spp.
Platycodon
Polemonium caeruleum
Salvia spp.
Scabiosa columbaria
Stachys byzantina
Stokesia
Verbena
Veronica spp.
Viola spp.

ATTRACTIVE TO SONGBIRDS, BIRDS, BUTTERFLIES, HUMMINGBIRDS

BIRDS

Aquilegia
Asclepias tuberosa
Aster
Coreopsis
Dianthus
Echinacea purpurea
Helianthis
Leucanthemum
Limonium latifolium
Phlox paniculata
Rudbeckia
Scabiosa caucasica
Sedum spectabile
Solidago

SONGBIRDS

Aster
Arisaema
Euphorbia
Erodium
Helianthus
Smilacina
Viola
GRASS:
Carex
Andropogon
Panicum
Dactylis
Festuca

BUTTERFLIES

Achillea spp.
Agastache spp.
Alcea
Allium
Amsonia hubrechtii
Antennaria
Arabis
Armeria
Aruncus
Asclepias incarnata
Asclepias tuberosa
Aster spp.
Astilbe
Aubrieta
Aurinia
Baptisia
Bletilla spp.
Boltonia asteroides
Buddleia davidii
Buddleia x wyeriana
Calamintha
Caryopteris
Centaurea spp.
Centranthus
Ceratostigma plumbagin.
Chelone lyonii
Cimicifuga
Coreopsis spp.
Dendranthema
Dianthus spp.
Dictamus
Digitalis
Echinacea spp.
Echinops
Erigeron
Eupatorium spp.
Gaillardia
Geranium
Helenium hybrids
Helianthemum
Heliopsis spp.
Heliotrope
Hemerocallis
Hesperis
Heuchera
Hibiscus
Iberis
Lavandula spp.
Leucanthemum, spp.
Liatris spp.
Lilium
Lobelia cardinalis
Lunaria
Lupinus
Lythrum
Malva
Mentha spicata
Monarda didyma
Myosotis
Nepeta spp.
Origanum spp.
Penstemon spp.

BUTTERFLIES Cont.

Perovskia atriplicifolia
Phlox carolina
Phlox divaricata
Phlox paniculata, spp.
Physostegia
Polygonum aubertii
Primula
Prunella
Rudbeckia spp.
Salvia
Saponaria
Scabiosa spp.
Sedum spp.
Solidago spp.
Stokesia laevis
Tanacetum
Verbena canadensis
Veronica spp.
Viola

HUMMINGBIRDS

Agastache
Ajuga reptans
Alcea rosea
Aquilegia spp.
Armeria
Asclepias tuberosa
Buddleia
Campanula spp.
Campsis
Clematis
Crocsmia
Delphinium elatum & hy.
Dianthus spp.
Dicentra spp.
Digitalis spp.
Echinops
Hemerocallis spp.
Heuchera sanguinera
Hibiscus moscheutos
Iris
Kniphora hybrids
Lilium
Lobelia cardinalis
Lonicera spp.
Lupinus hybrids
Monarda didyma
Nepeta
Papaver
Penstemon spp.
Phlox paniculata
Salvia spp.
Saponaria

COLOR CHART

Blue

Aconitum napellus
 Aconitum sparks
 Adenophora
 Agapanthus umbellatus
 Ajuga varieties
 Amsonia montana
 Anchusa italica D.S.
 Aquilegia glabellata
 Aster a. Goliath
 Aster cordifolius
 Aster Professor Kip.
 Aster Tongolensis
 Aster X Fr. Monch
 Brunnera
 Campanula excisa
 Campanula persicifol.
 Campanula rotunifol.
 Centaurea montan
 Clematis Bell of Of Wok
 Clematis H.F. Young
 Clematis Jubilation
 Clematis Ramona
 Delphinium Blue Bird
 Delphinium Blue Elf
 Echinops ritro
 Eryngium
 Gentiana semptemfida
 Geranium e. Johnson
 Hosta ventricosa
 Iris ensata - Tomiza
 Iris pumila - Blue
 Iris siberica Caesar.
 Limonium perezi
 Linum
 Lisianthus yodel B.
 Lobelia syphilitica
 Mazus retans
 Mertensia virginica
 Myosotis Victoria B.
 Penstemon Blue Of Z.
 Pervoskia
 Phlox div. Laphamii
 Phlox sub Blue Emerald
 Phlox x Chattanoogaee
 Phytoma scheuczeri
 Platycodon g. Blue
 Platycodon Double B.
 Polemomium caerule.
 Scabiosa compiment B
 Stokesia Blue Dan
 Veronica allioni
 Veronica armena
 Veronica Blue Charm
 Veronica canida
 Veronica crater
 Veronica prostrata
 Veronica terucrium
 Vinca minor
 Viola c. Freckles

Grass

Festuca
 Sisyrrinchium

Herbs

Lavandula angustifolia
 Lavandula Hidcote Blue

Lavender To Purple

Anemone hupenensis
 Anemone pulsatilla
 Asarum
 Aster alpinus Happy End
 Aster na. Purple Dome
 Aster nb. Persian R.
 Astilbe c. Pumila
 Astilbe Mainz
 Astilbe t. Superba
 Aubrieta Whitewell G.
 Baptista australis
 Bergenia c. Morning R
 Callirhoe
 Campanula c. Blue Ch.
 Campanula c. Collina
 Campanula glomerata
 Campanula glo. Superba
 Campanula Poscharsky.
 Catanache
 Ceratostigma
 Clematis Jackmanii
 Clematis Mrs. Thomps.
 Cypripedium acaul
 Delphinium King Arthur
 Echinacea Bright Star
 Erigeron Azure Fairy
 Erinus
 Eupatorium
 Gentiana acaluis
 Hosta Candy Hearts
 Hosta Crown Jewel
 Hosta Dorset Blue
 Hosta aureo marginata
 Hosta for. Hyacinthina
 Hosta Francee
 Hosta Golden Tiara
 Hosta Green Gold
 Hosta Hadopen Heron
 Hosta Halycon
 Hosta Krossa Regal
 Hosta Sum & Substance
 Hosta Tall Boy
 Hosta Thomas Hogg
 Hosta und. Albo Marg.
 Hosta und. Variegated
 Liatris pchnostacy
 Liatris spicata
 Liatris sp. Floristan V.
 Liatris sp. Kobold
 Lilium martagon
 Limonium latifolia
 Lythrum virgatum P
 Mazus reptans
 Monarda dis. Prairie N.
 Penstemon Prair. Dusk
 Phlox pan. The King
 Phlox sto. Blue Ridge
 Platycodon g. Double
 Platycodon Mariesii
 Salvia May Knight
 Salvia Blue Queen
 Salvia f. Friesland
 Salvia Stratford Blue
 Scabiosa Compl Blue
 Silene schafta
 Stachys lanata
 Teucrim chamaedrys

Lavender To Purple

Cont.

Thalictrum
 Thalictrum dipteroc.
 Trades. Zwanenburg
 Trillium erectum
 Verbena canadensis
 Veronica pectinata
 Veronica spicata Blue
 Veronica Sunny Border
 Viola c. Royal Robe
 Viola o. Queen Charl.
 Viola pedata
 Xanthorhiza

Herbs

Borage oficinalis
 Geraniums, Scented
 Heliotropium peruv.
 Lavandula Hidcote Blue
 Lavandula Munstead
 Nepta
 Thyme, Lemon (C)
 Thymus vulgaris
 Salvia ffinalis

Grasses

Miscanthus sinensis
 Molina caerulea V.
 Sisyrrinchium bellum

Orange Colors

Anthemis St. Johannis
 Anthyllis vulmeraria
 Asclepias tuberosa
 Belamcanda
 Cheiranthus Orange
 Erigeron auranticus
 Eschscholzia a.
 Geum coccineum Borissi
 Geum Mrs. Bradshaw
 Hemoc. Handiwork
 Kniphofia u. Pfitzeri
 Ligularia den.
 Desdemona
 Lilium Enchantment
 Lychnis Arkwright V.
 Physallis franchetti
 Potentilla tonguei
 Trollius chinensis Gq

Mixed Colors

Achillea mil. Sum, Past.
 Aconitum bicolor
 Actaea pachypoda
 Alcea r. Chater's Mix
 Alcea Powerpuffs Mix
 Alcea Single Mix
 Aquilegia McKana Mix
 Aquilegia Music Mix
 Aquilegia canadensis
 Aquilegia flabellata
 Aquilegia vulgaris
 Aster a. Mixed
 Aubrieta Mix
 Bellis
 Campanula Mixed
 Carnation Mix
 Delphinium Magic Foun.
 Dianthus barbatus Dwa.
 Dianthus barbatus Dou.
 Dianthus del. Spotty
 Dianthus plumaris
 Dianthus caryophyllus
 Digitalis Excelsior
 Digitalis Foxy
 Digitalis P. Giant
 Dodecatheon
 Eschscholzia m. B.M.
 Gaillardia Goblin
 Gaillardia Monarch
 Helenium
 Hemerocallis Frans
 Hem. Frosty Beauty
 Hepatica
 Hesperis
 Hibiscus Dixie Bell
 Kniphofia u. springti.
 Lathyrus latifolius
 Linaria Fairy Bouquet
 Linaria vulgaris
 Lunaria lennis Mixed
 Lupines Garden Gnome
 Lupinus Liitle Lulu
 Lupinus p. Russell S
 Papaver Champagne
 Papaver Iceland
 Pardancandra
 Primula
 Pyrethrum Robinson M
 Ratibida columnifera
 Scabiosa House Hybrids
 Didalcea Mix
 Trillium sessile
 Viola forumula Mix

COLOR CHART

Pink

Achillea m. Roseum
 Achillea Apple Blossom
 Agrostemma
 Anemone tomentosa R.
 Anemone vitifolia
 Anemone X-H Prinz H.
 Antennaria
 Arabis a. Compink.
 Arabis b. Spring
 Arctostaphylos
 Armeria
 Asclepias Incarna.
 Asiatic-p. Pixie
 Aster na. Alma Po.
 Aster nb. Melba
 Astilbe simp. Spr.
 Astilbe Bremen
 Astilbe b. Beauty
 Astilbe Cattelya
 Astilbe chin. Finala
 Astilbe Federsee
 Astilbe p. Blossom
 Astilbe Rheinland
 Astilbe simp. Hennie Gr.
 Astilbe thun.Ostrich Pl.
 Aubrieta leichtli.
 Bletilla Striata.
 Boltonia a. Pink B.
 Calamagrostis Brachy.
 Centaurea dealbata
 Centranthus
 Chelone Lyonii
 Chry. r. Clara Cur.
 Claytonia
 Clematis Comtess.
 Clematis Nelly Mo.
 Coreopsis Rosea
 Coronilla varia
 Cortaderia
 Cortaderia pampasp
 Cyclamen hed
 Delosperma copperi
 Delphinium Guinevere
 Dianthus Rose Dawn
 Dianthus Zing Rose
 Dianthus g. Tiny R.
 Dicentra spectable.
 Dicentra Luxuriant
 Dicentra Zestful
 Digitalis mert.
 Echinacea Magnus
 Epimedium y. Roseum
 Eremurus robustus
 Erigeron Pink Jewel
 Erodium
 Fragaria Shades Of Pink
 Geranium Ballerina
 Geranium Claridge
 Geranium e. Wargra.
 Geranium s. Lanca.
 Gypsophilla Pink F.
 Gyposphilla repens
 Hemoc. Bama Music
 Hemoc. Bonnie Barb. Al.
 Hemoc. Fair Isabel
 Hemoc. Hall's Pink
 Hemoc. Mary Kirk
 Hemoc. Snow Valley

Pink Cont.

Hibiscus Lady Baltimore
 Hystix patla
 Incarvillea delava
 Lamium Beacon
 Lamium maculatum
 Liliium Pink Pixie
 Lythrium Morden's Pink
 Lythrium Rosea Superba
 Malva
 Mertensia virgini.
 Monarda Croftway
 Myosotis v. Rose
 Oenothera speciosa
 Paeonia Edulus Superba
 Paeonia Mons Jules Elie
 Paeonia Myrtle Gentry
 Paeonia Philomele
 Paeonia Queen Of Ham.
 Paeonia Rosabel
 Paeonia Sarah Bernha.
 Paeonia Suff.
 Papaver o. Queen Alex.
 Papaver Princess L
 Penstemon Elfin P
 Petrohagia
 Phlox Maculata
 Phlox pan Bright
 Phlox pan Dodo Han.
 Phlox pan Fairest One
 Phlox pan Pinafore
 Phlox sub Emerald Pink
 Physostegia Pink
 Platycodon g. Shell Pink
 Polygonum Border
 Polygonum s. Janet Fisk
 Polygonum reynout
 Prunella Pink
 Pulomonaria Moon
 Pyrethrum roseum
 Saponaria
 Sedum species
 Sedum Sieboldii
 Sedum spec. Aut.Joy
 Sedum spec. Var.
 Sedum stoloniferi.
 Sedum Brilliant
 Sedum Vera Jameson
 Thalictrum aquil.
 Veronica Minuet
 Veronica spicata Rosea
 Veronicastrum

Herbs

Cordiandum satum
 Geranium Pink
 Champagne
 Lavandula Jean Davis
 Origanum vulgare
 Satureja hortensis

Red

Achillea Red Beauty
 Achillea Paprika
 Aquilegia Crimson S.
 Asiatic r. Pixie
 Aster nb. Alert
 Aster nb. Rose Bud
 Astilbe Etna
 Astilbe Glut
 Astilbe Red Light
 Astrantia c. Rubra
 Aubrieta r. Cascade
 Bergenia c. Rotblum
 Bergenia c. Morning Red
 Campsis
 Campsis Madame Galen
 Carnation g. Cardinal
 Clematis Jack Rubra
 Clematis Red Cardinal
 Clematis Vile De Lyon
 Crocosmia Lucifer
 Dianthus Brilliant
 Dianthus Flashing Light
 Digitalis mertonensis.
 Epimedium a. Rubrum
 Eupatorium m. Gateway
 Gaillardia Burgundy
 Gaillardia Goblin
 Gaillardia Monarch
 Hedysarum Coronarium
 Hem. Anzac.
 Hem. Carey Quinn
 Hem. Hearts Afire
 Hem. Poin Set
 Heuchera s. Bressingh.
 Heuchera s. Spendens
 Hibiscus Lord Balt.
 Knautia Macedonica
 Liliium Red Pixie
 Lobelia Cardinalis
 Loniceria Red Flame
 Lychnis chalecedonia
 Lychnis X -Haageana
 Lythrum Robert
 Monarda Adam
 Monarda Cambr. Scar.
 Monarda Gardenview
 Monarda Scarlet
 Paeonia Arcturus
 Paeonia Felix Supreme
 Paeonia Francis Ortegog
 Paeonia Grover Cleve.
 Paeonia Kansa
 Paeonia Karl Rossenfeld
 Paeonia, Red
 Paeonia Tree Red
 Papaver Allegro
 Papaver Beauty
 Papaver Brilliant
 Penstemon Prairie Fire
 Phlox pan Starfire
 Phlox pan Tenor
 Phlox sub Atropurea
 Phlox sub Crimson
 Phlox sub Red Wing
 Potentilla Gibson
 Potentilla m. Willmo.
 Pyrethrum James
 Ratibida

Red Cont.

Saxifraga
 Sedum Dragons Blood
 Sedum Rosy Glow
 Sedum tel. Indian Cheif
 Veronica spic. Red Fox
 Viola c. Arkwright Ruby

Herbs

Thymus ser. Cocc.

COLOR CHART

White

Achillea n. Ballerina
 Achillea The Pearl
 Aegopodium
 Agapanthus umbellatus
 Anacyclus depressus
 Anaphalis margarita.
 Anemone p. Alba
 Anemone sylvestris
 Antennaria
 Aquilegia Dove
 Aquilegia flab. Alba
 Arabis a. Snowcap
 Arabis procurrans
 Arenaria montana
 Aruncus diocus
 Asiatic w. Wonder
 Aster davaricatus
 Aster lateriflorus H.
 Aster nb. Snow Cushion
 Aster nb. Snowball
 Astilbe Bridal Veil
 Astilbe Deutschland
 Astilbe Queen Of Hol.
 Astilbe White Gloria
 Baptista leucantha
 Bergenia c b White
 Boltonia a. Snowbank
 Campanula c. White C.
 Centranthus ruber Alba
 Cerastium tomentosum
 Chelone glabra
 Cimicifuga
 Clem. Duchess Of Ed.
 Clem. Gillian Bl.
 Clem. paniculata
 Convallaria
 Cortaderia
 Cyclamen Hederifolium
 Delphinium Galahad
 Dianthus Aqua
 Dianthus arenarius
 Dicentra cucullaria
 Dicentra spec. Alba
 Dictamnus albus
 Echinacea p. Alba
 Epimedium youn. nei.
 Erianthus ravennae
 Eupatorium b. Bridge
 Filipendula vulgaris
 Gaura lindheimeri
 Gyp. Bristol
 Gyp. Perfecta
 Gyp. Snow Flake
 Gyp. repens W.
 Hebe
 Helleborus Niger
 Hemoc. Ice Carnival
 Heuchera sanguinea Wc
 Hibiscus Blue River
 Hosta August Moon
 Hosta Big Daddy

White Cont.

Hosta Bress. Blue
 Hosta Francis William
 Hosta Plantaginea
 Hosta Royal Standard
 Hosta Sieboldiana
 Hosta Tokudama
 Hutchinsia Alpina
 Iberis Sempervirens
 Iris S. Snow Queen
 Lamium White Nancy
 Leucanthemum Aglaya
 Alaska, Dieners Giant,
 Marconi, Silver Prin.,
 Snowcap, Snow Lady
 Thomas Killen
 Liatris Florstan White
 Liliium White Wonder
 Limonium yataricu
 Linum perenne Alba
 Lobelia syphil. Alba
 Lonicera japonica
 Macleaya cordata
 Matricaria
 Oenothera ccaespictosa
 Paeonia Goods Gem
 Paeonia Henry Sass
 Paenonia Mole De
 Vernille
 Paeonia, White
 Penstenom d. Husker
 Phlox div. Fullers
 Phlox macula Omega
 Phlox pan Mt. Fuji
 Phlox pan Rime
 Phlox st. Bruces
 Phlox sub White
 Phlox sub Miss. Lin.
 Physotegia Summer
 Platycodon Alba
 Podophyllum
 Polygonatum Odoratum
 Polygonum Aubrietii
 Sagina subulata
 Salvia argentea
 Sanguinaria
 Smilacina
 Tiarella
 Tradescantia Snow
 Tricyrtis
 Trillium grandiflor.
 Veronica Icicle
 Viola c. White Czar
 Yucca

Herbs

Galium odoratum
 Geranium Snowflake
 Melissa officinalis
 Nepeta cataria
 Origanum majorana

Grasses

Cortaderia Pampas W.
 Erianthus

Yellow

Achillea filipendulina
 Achillea schwallenberg
 Achillea tomentosa
 Alchemilla mollis
 Alyssum
 Anthemis tinctoria
 Arisaema
 Asiatic Lily, Yellow
 Bupthalmum
 Caltha
 Caulophyllum
 Centaurea macrocephala
 Cheiranthus g. Bedder
 Chiastophyllum
 Chry. Cobham
 Chry. Mary Stoker
 Chry. Pacific
 Chrysogonum
 Coreopsis
 Coreopsis g. Early Sun.
 Coreopsis v. Grandiflora
 Coreopsis v. Moonbeam
 Coreopsis v. Zagreb
 Cordyialis
 Cotula
 Delpserma nubigenum
 Dianthus knappi
 Digitalis amigua
 Doronicum
 Draba repens
 Duschesnea indica
 Epimedium vers Sulp
 Eremurus bungei
 Euphobia polychroma
 Euphorbia myrsinites
 Gaillardia Dazzler
 Geum Lady Strathedum
 Helianthemum Double
 Heliopsis scabra
 Hem. Hillsdale
 Hem. Hyperion
 Hem. Lemon Frost
 Hem. Manilla Moon
 Hem. Primrose
 Hem. Star Dream
 Hem. Stella D'oro
 Hem. Suzie Wong
 Hem. Tick Tock
 Hem. Wild Rod.
 Hem. Yellow Stone
 Hypericum
 Inula orientalis
 Ligularia przewalsill
 Liliium Sunray
 Leontopodium
 Lysimachia ciliata Atr.
 Lysimachia punctata
 Lyismachia nummularia
 Mimulus Guttatus
 Oenothera erythrosepala
 Oenothera fruitcosa
 Oenothera missouriensi
 Paeonia, Tree Yellow
 Polygonatum biflorum
 Ranunculus repens
 Rudbeckia Goldstrum
 Rudbeckia Goldilocks
 Rudbeckia laciniata

Yellow Cont.

Rudbeckia speciosa
 Rudbeckia triloba
 Santolina incana
 Sedum reflexum
 Solidago Golden Baby
 Solidago Golden Fleece
 Stylophorum
 Trollius Earliest
 Uvularia grandiflora
 Verbascum chaixii
 Waldsteinia

Herbs

Ruta graveolens
 Artemisia absinthium
 Calendula officinalis

HEIGHT CHART

Below 6"

Achillea tomentosa
 Anacyclus depressus
 Antennaria
 Arabis a. compinkie
 Arenaria montana
 Armeria maritima c.
 Campanula elatines
 Campanula excisa
 Campanula posch.
 Cerastium
 Chiasstorphyllum
 Cerastium
 Cotula
 Cyclamen heder.
 Delopserma
 Dianthus bar. Dwarf
 Dianthus de. Brill.
 Dianthus g. Tiny Ruby
 Dianthus Rose Dawn
 Duchesnea indica
 Draba repens
 Euonymus f. Kewensis
 Gypsophilla repens
 Hepatica
 Hosta Crown Jewel
 Lamium
 Lysimachia nummularia
 Mazus reptans
 Phlox subulata
 Polygonum Border Jewel
 Potentilla tonguei
 Prunella Love Pink
 Rubus cal Emerald
 Sagina subulta
 Saxifraga c. Purple
 Sedum Golden Acre
 Sedum Golden Carpet
 Sedum kam. Variegatum
 Sedum ref. Blue Spruce
 Sedum species Button
 Sedum Dragons Blood
 Sedum stoloniferum
 Sempervivum
 Silene schafta
 Veronica allioni
 Veronica aremena
 Veronica pectinata
 Veronica p. Heavenly
 Veronica repens
 Viola c. Arkwright
 Viola pedata

Herbs

Mentha corsican
 Statureja douglasii
 Mentha citriodora
 Thymus serphy. Coc.
 Nasturtium officinale

Ferns

Asplenium ebenoides
 Polypody virginianum

6-12"

Achillea ageratifolia
 Achillea n. Ballerina
 Achillea tomentosa
 Acorus g. variegatus
 Aegopodium
 Aethionema cord.
 Ajuga
 Alchemilla mollis
 Alyssum
 Anemone pulsatilla
 Anemone p. Alba
 Aquilegia c. Bieder.
 Aquilegia flabellata
 Arabis a. Snowcap
 Arabis b. Spring
 Arctostaphylos
 Armeria laucheana P.
 Artemisia S. Mound
 Asarum canadense
 Asarum europaeum
 Aster a. Happy End
 Aster Snow Cushion
 Aster Snow Ball
 Astilbe, Dwarf
 Aubrieta
 Bellis
 Campanula carpatica
 Ceratostigma
 Chry. m. Snowcap
 Chry. m. Snow Lady
 Chrysogonum virginia
 Claytonia v.
 Convallaria
 Corydalis lutea
 Cyclamen hederifolium
 Cypridedium acaule
 Dianthus ar. Snow
 Flurries
 Dianthus Aqua
 Dianthus d. Flashing
 Dianthus d. Zing Rose
 Dianthus caryophyllus
 Dianthus Rose Dawn
 Dicentra cucullaria
 Dodecatheon
 Epimedium
 Erinus
 Erodium erythronium
 Eschscholzia
 Euphorbia mysinites
 Fragaria
 Gentiana semptemfida
 Geranium c. Ballerina
 Geranium sanguineum
 Geum boussi
 Festuca
 Hebe pinguifolia Pag.
 Helianthemum
 Helleborus niger
 Hemoc. Stella D' Oro
 Hieracum
 Hosta Blue Boy
 Hosta Candy Hearts
 Hosta Hosta Dorset Blue
 Hosta Golden Sunburst
 Hosta Golden Tiara

6-12" Cont.

Hypericum
 Iberis
 Incarvillea
 Iris crista
 Iris pumila
 Lamiastrum Herman's
 Linum n. Heaven Blue
 Lisianthus y. Blue
 Lunaria Fairy Bouquet
 Matricaria p. Goldrb.
 Mimulus guttatus
 Myosotis
 Oenothera missourien.
 Papaver n. Champagne
 Papaver o. Allegro
 Penstemon b. Elfin P.
 Penstemon pinifolius
 Phlox divaricata
 Phlox stoloniferous
 Polygonum darjeeling
 Potentilla Miss Will.
 Primula
 Pulmonaria
 Santolina incana
 Saponaria
 Saxifraga
 Sedum floriferum
 Sedum Rosy Glow
 Sedum sieboldi
 Sedum Vera Jameson
 Sempervivum
 Solidago Golden Fleece
 Teucrium chamaedrys
 Tiarella
 Trillium erectum
 Veronica canida
 Dianthus ar. Snow
 Vinca minor
 Viola c. Arkwright
 Viola c. Royal Robe
 Viola c. White Czar
 Viola c. Formula Mix
 Waldsteinia ternata

Herbs

Allium odoratum
 Heliotrope pervianum
 Petroselinum
 Santolia virens
 Satureja montana
 Chives - Allium
 Lavandula Hidcote Blue
 Lavandula Cotton, Gre.
 Thymus vulgaris

Grasses

Carex flacca
 Carex glauca
 Carex m. variegata

Ferns

Asplenium ebenoides
 Polypody virginianum

12-18"

Anemone sylvestris
 Aquilegia c. Crimson
 Aquilegia Music Mix
 Aquilegia canadensis
 Arisaema triphyllum
 Aster alpinus
 Aster n.a.. Purple Dome
 Aster melba
 Aster Persian Rose
 Aster Rose Serenade
 Aster p. Kippenburg
 Aster t. Wartburg Star
 Astilbe Bremen
 Astilbe Bridal Veil
 Astilbe chinensis Finale
 Astilbe s. Hennis Gra.
 Bergenia
 Brunnera
 Bleitilla striata
 Caltha
 Campanula rotundifolia
 Carnation Dwarf Mix
 Catanache
 Centaurea montana
 Cheiranthus
 Chrys. m. Cobham Gold
 Coreopsis rosea
 Coreopsis v. Zagreb
 Delphinium Blue Fount.
 Dianthus del. Spotty
 Dianthus p. Spring B.
 Dicentra eximia
 Erigeron auranticus
 Erigeron Pink Jewel
 Eryngium
 Eschscholzia avarant.
 Euphorbia polychroma
 Gaillardia Burgundy
 Gaillardia Dazzler
 Gaillardia Goblin
 Geranium Claridge Dr.
 Geranium endressii
 Geum coccineum Borissi
 Heuchera sanguinea
 Hosta Amber Maiden
 Hosta August Moon
 Hosta Blue Angel
 Hosta Candy Hearts
 Hosta Ellerbrock
 Hosta f. Aureo-Macula.
 Hosta f. Aureo-Margin.
 Hosta f. Hyacinthina
 Hosta Francee
 Hosta Frances William
 Hosta Gold Standard
 Hosta Green Gold
 Hosta Hadspen Heron
 Hosta Honey Bells
 Hosta Lunar Eclipse
 Hosta Moon Glow
 Hosta Northern Lights
 Hosta Plantaginea
 Hosta Royal Standard
 Hosta Sundance
 Hosta Tardiana Hasp. Bl

HEIGHT CHART

12-18" Cont.

Hosta tokudama
 Hosta u. albo margina.
 Hosta u. Variegated
 Hosta ventricosa
 Hypericum X Moser. Tri.
 Imperata cylind. Red b.
 Lamiastrum g. Variega.
 Limonium tataricum
 Linum perenne
 Lupinus Little Lulu
 Luzula sylvatica
 Lychnis X-Haageana
 Phlox Pam Pinafore P.
 Physostegia v. Summer
 Platycodon mariesii
 Podophyllum
 Polemonium
 Polygonum reynoutria
 Potentilla gibson
 Pyrethrum James Kel.
 Pyrethrum roseum
 Ranunculus repens
 Ruta g. Blue Mound
 Rudbeckia speciosa
 Salvia May Night
 Salvia s East Friesla.
 Saxifraga
 Scabiosa House hybrids
 Sedum spec. Brilliant
 Sedum t. Indian Chief
 Smilacina racemosa
 Solidago Golden Baby
 Stachys
 Stokesia l. Blue Da.
 Stylophorum diphyllum
 Trillium grandiflora
 Veronica Blue Charm
 Veronica Crater Lake
 Veronica Icicle
 Veronica s. Blue
 Veronica s. Red Fox
 Veronica s. Rosea

Ferns

Adiantum pedatum
 Athrium aspenoiclea
 Athyrium goeringianum
 Athyrium otophorum
 Dryopteris marginalis
 Onoclea sensibilis
 Polystichum acrostich.
 Polystichum tsus-Sim.

Grasses

Arrenatherum
 Datylis lutea
 Schizachyrium scopari.

Herbs

Petroselinum
 Geraniums-Scented
 Lavendula Jean Davis
 Lavendula Munstead Str.
 Lavendula cotton, Gre.
 Mentha rotundifolia
 Mentha chocolate

18-24"

Achillea m. Red Beauty
 Achillea m. Roseum
 Adenopora lilifolia
 Agrostemma Blood Red
 Anthemis
 Aquilegia Mckana Mix
 Aquilegia canadensis
 Artemisia ver. Sea Foam
 Asclepias tuberosa
 Aster n.a. Purple Dome
 Astilbe Peach Blossom
 Astilbe Red Light
 Astilbe White Gloria
 Aстранtia ccariolica
 Rubra
 Campanula glomerata
 Carnation g. Cardianl
 Centaurea montana
 Chrys. m. Alaska
 Chrys. m. Diener's Gn
 Coreopsis g. Early Su.
 Coreopsis l. Sunburst
 Coreopsis v. Moonbeam
 Coronilla varia.
 Delphinium Blue Fount.
 Delphinium Blue Mirro.
 Dianthus Barbatous Mix
 Dianthus Knappii
 Doronicum
 Erigeron Pink Jewel
 Euonymus f. Majestic
 Euonymus f. Variegated
 Gailardia Burgundy
 Gaillardia Dazzler
 Geranium Claridge Dru.
 Geum Lady Strathedum
 Geum Mrs. Bradshaw
 Gyp. p. Pink Fairy
 Gyp. p. Snow Flake
 Hemoc. Bama Music
 Hemoc. Cary Quinn
 Hemoc. Frans Hall
 Hemoc. Hall's Pink
 Hemoc. Snow Valley
 Hemoc. Yellow Stone
 Hosta August Moon
 Hosta Candy Hearts
 Hosta Ellerbrock
 Hosta f. Aureo-Macula.
 Hosta f. Aureo-Margin.
 Hosta f. Hyacinthina
 Hosta Francee
 Hosta Frances Williams
 Hosta Gold Standard
 Hosta Green Gold
 Hosta Hadspen Heron
 Hosta Halcyon
 Hosta Honey Bells
 Hosta Lunar Eclipse
 Hosta Moon Glow
 Hosta Northern Lights
 Hosta Plantaginea
 Hosta Royal Standard
 Hosta Sundance
 Hosta Tokudama
 Hosta u. Albo-Margin.
 Hosta u. Middle Ridge
 Hosta u. Variegated
 Hosta Wide Brim

18-24" Cont.

Inula orientalis G.
 Kniphofia u. Pfitzeri
 Liatris s. Kobold
 Limonium b. Filigree
 Linaria vulgaris
 Linum perenne
 Lychnis chalcedonica
 Lythrum Robert
 Mertensia virginica
 Oenothera fruiticosa
 Papaver n. Iceland
 Penstemon Prarie Dusk
 Penstemon Prarie Fire
 Physallis franchetti
 Physostegia v. Summer
 Platycodon Blue
 Pyrethrum Robinson M.
 Salvia spicata Rosea
 Salvia s. Stratford Bl
 Smilacina racemosa
 Solidago Golden Baby
 Tradescantia Zwanen.
 Uvularia grandiflora
 Veronica Icicle
 Veronica Spicata Blue
 Veronica Sunny Border

Ferns

Adiantum pedatum
 Athyrium asplenoicles
 Dryopteris marginalis

Grasses

Schizachyrium

Herbs

Artemisia dracunculus
 Melissa officinalis
 Menta spicata
 Origanum onites
 Salvia officianlis
 Salvia icteria
 Salvia Tricolor
 Lippia citriodora

24-36"

Achillea c. Gold
 Achillea m. Summer Pas.
 Achillea Schwallenberg
 Achillea t. Pearl
 Anaphalis margar.
 Anemone v. Robus.
 Aquilegia Dove
 Aquilegia Vulgar.
 Artemisia s. Queen
 Asclepias incarn.
 Asiatic Lily
 Aster cordifolius
 Aster divaricatus
 Aster lateriflor.
 Astilbe b. Beauty
 Platycodon Blue
 Astilbe Diamond
 Astilbe Etna
 Astilbe Fanal
 Astilbe Glut
 Astilbe Queen Oh.
 Astilbe Rheinland
 Astilbe t. Supera
 Baptista austral.
 Belamcanda
 Bupthalmum
 Campanula calyca.
 Campanula persic.
 Caulophyllum
 Centaurea dealba.
 Centranthus
 Chrys. m. Aglaya
 Chrys. m. Thomas
 Chrys. r. Clara C.
 Delphinium Bellad.
 Delphinium Magic
 Dicentra spec.
 Dictamnus albus
 Digitalis ambigua
 Digitalis Foxy
 Digitalis merton
 Echinacea
 Echinops
 Eremurus bungei
 Erigeron azure
 Gaillardia monarch
 Gaura lindheimeri
 Glyceria aquatilis
 Gyp. p. Bristol F.
 Gyp. p. Perfecta
 Helipsis scabra
 Hemoc. Anzac
 Hemoc. Bama Music
 Hemoc. Bonnie Barb. Al.
 Hemoc. Carey Quinn
 Hemoc. Fair Isabell
 Hemoc. Frosty Beauty
 Hemoc. Handiwork
 Hemoc. Hearts Afire
 Hemoc. Ice Carnival
 Hemoc. Manilla Moon
 Hemoc. Mary Kirk
 Hemoc. Poin Set
 Hemoc. Suzie Wong
 Hesperis
 Heuchera Palace P.
 Hibiscus Dixie B
 Hosta n. Halo

24-36" Cont.

HEIGHT CHART

Hosta n. Lights
 Hosta Ryans Big One
 Hosta sieb El. Bg
 Hosta Sum & Substance
 Hosta Tall Boy
 Hosta Thomas Hogg
 Hosta und. Univattata
 Iris ensata Mix
 Iris b. Lemon M.
 Iris s. Dwarf P.
 Knautia macedoneca
 Knip u. Primrose
 Knip u. Springti.
 Leucanthemum
 Lilium martagon
 Lobelia syphilitica Al.
 Lunaria bienns M.
 Lupinus Garden G
 Lupinus p. Russell
 Lysimachia cleth.
 Lysimachia punct.
 Lythrum Morden's
 Lythrum Rosea
 Lythrum virgatum
 Monarda
 Paeonia
 Papaver Beauty Of Liv.
 Papaver Brilliant
 Papaver Prince
 Pardancanda
 Pardancanda Purple Sp.
 Pennisetum a. Hamelin
 Penstemon Blue Of Zur.
 Penstemon d. Husk.
 Phlox maculata
 Phlox pan. Blue Boy
 Phlox pan. Fairest One
 Phlox pan. Tenor
 Phlox pan. Starfire
 Phlox pan. The King
 Physotegia Pink B
 Polygonatum biflor
 Polygonatum var.
 Ratibida
 Salvia argentea
 Salvia Blue Queen
 Thalictrum aquil.
 Trollius

Ferns

Athyrium aspleno
 Athyrium fillis F.
 Dryopteris mar.
 Osmunda cinnamon
 Osmunda h. Clayton
 Osmunda regalis

Grasses

Carex albula
 Cryopteris atrata
 Hystix patula
 Pennisetum
 Phalaris arundinac.
 Stipa capillata

24-36" Cont.

Herbs

Anthrius cerefolium
 Allium porrum
 Anthum graveolens
 Carthamus cinctorius
 Onicum basilicum
 Nepeta cataria
 Mentha piperata
 Salvia rutilans

Over 3'

Aconitum
 Agapanthus
 Alcea
 Anemone x h Prinz H.
 Anchusa l. Dropmore
 Aruncus diocus
 Aster f. Monch
 Aster n.s. Alma Pot.
 Astilbe cattelya
 Astilbe spinell
 Baptista leucantha
 Boltonia
 Centaurea macro.
 Chelone
 Cimicifuga
 Clematis
 Delphinium PG Series
 Digitalis excelstor
 Digitalis PG Series
 Eremurus
 Helenium
 Hemoc. Hillsdale
 Hemoc. Hyperion
 Hemoc. Poin Set
 Hemoc. Star Dream
 Hibiscus Blue River
 Hibiscus Lady Balt.
 Hibiscus Lord Balt.
 Iris s. Dwarf Purple
 Iris s. Snow Queen
 Liatris s. Floristan V.
 Liatris s. Floristan W.
 Liatris p. Alba
 Ligularia dentata
 Lilium asiatic
 Lilium martagon
 Linaria purpurea
 Lobelia
 Malva
 Panicum v. Heavy Metal
 Phlox pan. Blue Boy
 Phlox pan. Dodo Han.
 Rudbeckia n Aut. Sun
 Rudbeckia s. neumanii
 Rudbeckia triloba
 Verbasum chaixii
 Yucca filamentosa

Ferns

Athrium fillis Fem.
 Matteuccia
 Osmunda cinnamon
 Osumunda clayton

Grasses

Andropogon
 Cortaderia
 Erianthus
 Miscanthus
 Pennisetum
 Sorghastrum

GLOSSARY

*indicates a cross-reference

Achene a small, dry, single-seeded fruit, which does not split to release seed

Acuminate gradually tapering to an elongated point

Acute sharply pointed, with an angle less than 90 degrees

Alternate leaves arranged successively on alternate sides of the stem or branch

Amplexicaul with the base of the leaf encircling the stem

Anther the part of the *stamen which contains the pollen

Anthesis the time of opening of the flowers

Axil the angle formed by *bract or leaf with branch or stem

Basal leaves those at the stem base

Biennial a plant that completes its life cycle within two years, usually flowering in the second year

Biterminate a leaf that divides into 3 and then into 3 again

Bract a small modified leaf at the base of the flowerstalk or beneath the flowerhead; also refers to part of cones

Bracteole a small *bract

Bulbil a small bulb, sometimes produced by plant instead of seed

Calyx the outer parts of a flower, usually green

Canaliculate with the sides turned upwards, channelled

Capsule a dry fruit containing seeds

Carpel the part of the flower which produces the seeds

Ciliate with a fringe of hairs on the margin

Clavate shaped like a club, narrow at the base, swelling towards the apex

Clone the vegetatively propagated progeny of a single plant

Cordate heart-shaped, with rounded lobes at the base

Corm an underground storage organ formed by a swollen stem, lasting only one year, next year's one arising from the old one

Corolla the inner parts of the flower, comprising the petals, usually used when the petals are united into a tube

Crenate leaves with shallow, rounded teeth or scalloped edges

Cryptogram the group of plants which have no stamens, pistils, or flowers, e.g. ferns, mosses, fungi, etc.

Cultivar a cultivated variety, denoted by a fancy name in inverted commas, e.g. 'Lodden Pink'

Decumbent trailing loosely onto the ground

Dentate with sharp, regular teeth

Diploid containing twice the basic number of chromosomes (the usual complement)

Exserted sticking out, usually of the *style or *stamens from the flower

Filament that part of the *stamen which supports the *anther

Flexuous wavy, usually of a stem

Forma a minor variant, less different from the basic species than a *variety. Abbreviated **f.** or **ff.** if plural

Genus a grouping of *species, such as *Iris* or *Paeonia*

Glabrous without hairs or glands

Glandular with glands, which are usually stalked, like hairs with a sticky blob on the apex

Glaucous with a grayish bloom, especially on the leaves

Globose more or less spherical

Glume an outer, sterile *bract which, alone or with others, encloses the spikelet in grasses

Hastate with broad but pointed apex, and two diverging lobes at the base

Hyaline transparent, often soft or papery

Hybrid the progeny of two different species

Incised with deep cuts in the margin

Inflorescence the flowers and flower stalks, especially when grouped

Involucre a ring of *bracts forming a calyx-like structure around and below a flowerhead

Laciniate deeply and irregularly toothed and divided into narrow lobes

Lanceolate shaped like a spearhead, widest below the middle, with a tapering point

Leaflets the parts of a compound leaf

Linear long and narrow, with parallel sides

Lyrate with a broad, but pointed apex and lobes becoming smaller towards the leaf base

Monocarpic usually dying after flowering and fruiting

Nectary the part of the flower which produces nectar

Ob lanceolate shaped like a spearhead, but widest above middle

Obtuse bluntly pointed, with an angle greater than 90 degrees

Orbicular almost round

Ovate almost round, but with a pointed apex, broader than *lanceolate

Palmate with lobes or leaflets, spreading like fingers of a hand

Panicle a branched *raceme

Pedicel the stalk of a flower

Peduncle the stalk of an *inflorescence

Peltate shaped like a round shield, with the stalk in the center

Perennial a plant lasting more than two years

Petal generally the colored part of the flower

Pinnae leaflets of a *pinnate leaf

Pinnate referring to a compound leaf having two rows of leaflets in either side of a central axis

Pinnatifid a leaf divided halfway to the midrib, like a feather

Pinnule a small *pinnae

Puberulent with a fine but rather sparse covering of hairs

Pubescent with a fine coating of hairs, denser than *puberulent

Raceme an *inflorescence with the flowers on a central stem oldest at the base; flowers with stalks of equal length growing from a central stem

Rhizome an underground organ formed from a swollen stem, which lasts for more than a year

Rootstock part of the plant from which roots and stems arise

Rosette an encircling ring of leaves

Scarious dry and papery, usually also transparent

Sepal the outer, usually green parts of the flower vs. petal

Serrate sharply and finely toothed

Sessile without a stalk

Spathulate with a broad, rounded apex and tapering into a narrow stalk

Species group of individuals, having common characteristics distinct from other groups; the basic unit of plant classification. Abbreviated **sp.** or **spp.** if plural

Stamen the pollen-bearing part of the flower, usually made up of *anther and *filament

Staminode a sterile *stamen, often a flattened *filament

Stigma the sticky part of the flower which receives the pollen

Stoloniferous having a short creeping stem produced by a plant with a central rosette or an erect stem

Striate marked with long, narrow depressions or ridges

Style that part of the flower which carries the *stigma

Subcordate weakly heart-shaped at the base

Suborbicular almost round, but usually slightly narrower

Subspecies a division of a species, with minor and not complete differences from other subspecies, usually distinct either ecologically or geographically. Abbreviated to **subsp.** or **sub spp.** if plural

Taproot a straight root, or circular section, thick at the top and tapering to a point, growing downwards from the stem

Tetraploid with four times the basic number of chromosomes

Triploid with three times the basic number of chromosomes: these plants are usually sterile, but robust growers, good gardenplants

Truncate ending abruptly, as if cut off at right angles

Umbel an *inflorescence in which the branches arise from a single point, usually forming a flat or gently rounded top

Undulate wavy, usually of the edges of a leaf

Variety a group of plants with a *species, usually differing in one or two minor characters. Generally referring to natural variations, the term *cultivar is used for man-made or

chosen varieties. Adjective varietal, abbreviated **var.** or **vars.** if plural

Whorls leaves or flowers arranged at the same level around the branch or stem

CROSS REFERENCE FOR COMMON/BOTANICAL NAMES

A

Adders Tongue	- Erythronium
Alkanet	- Brunnera, Anchusa
Alpine Bells	- Soldanella
Alpine Strawberry	- Fragaria
Alpine Violet	- Clycamen hed.
Alumroot	- Heuchera
American Bittersweet	- Celastrus scandens
American Columbine canadensis	- Aquilegia
Anemone	- Anemone
Anise	- Pimpinella asium
Applemint	- Mentha rotundifolia
Aster	- Aster
Autmun Fern	- Dryopteris crythroisora
Autumn Moor Grass	- Sesleria
Avens	- Geum

B

Baby's Breath	- Gypsophilla
Bachelor's Button	- Centaurea
Basil	- Ocimum basilicum
Balloon Flower	- Platycodon
Barren Strawberry	- Waldsteinia
Barrenwort	- Epimedium
Basket Of Gold	- Alyssum
Bearded Iris	- Iris germanica
Beardtongue	- Penstemon
Bears Breech	- Acanthus
Bear's Foot Hellebore	- Hellebous foetidus
Bee Balm	- Monarda
Bellflower	- Campanula
Bergamot	- Monarda
Bethlehem Sage	- Pulmonaria
Big Flower Coreopsis	- Coreopsis grandiflora
Big Merrybells	- Uvularia
Birds Foot Violet	- Viola Pedata
Bishop's Weed	- Aegopodium
Bittersweet	- Celastrus
Blackberry Lily	- Belamcanda
Black Blooming Sedge	- Carex nigra
Black Eyed Susan	- Rudbeckia
Black Fountain Grass	- Pennisetum a. Moudry
Bladder Fern	- Cystopteris bulbifera
Blanket Flower	- Gaillardia
Blazing Star	- Liatris
Bleeding Heart	- Dicentra
Blood Red Grass	- Agrostemma (Lychnis)
Bloodroot	- Sanguinaria canadensis
Bloody Cransebill	- Geranium sanguineum
Bluebells Of Scotland	- Campanula r.
Bluebonnet	- Lupinus
Blue Cohosh	- Caulophyllum
Blue Eyed Grass	- Sisyrinchium bellum
Blue Oat Grass	- Helictrotricon
Blue Fescue	- Festuca glauca
Blue Flag Iris	- Iris versicolor
Blue Sedge	- Carex flacca or glauca
Blue Switch Grass	- Panicum v. Henry Metal
Blue Wood Aster	- Aster cordifolius
Borage	- Borage officinalis
Border Pinks	- Dianthus
Bootle Brush Grass	- Hystix
Bowman's Root	- Porteranthus trifoliatus
Bronzeleaf Rodger's Flower	- Rodersia
Broom	- Genista
Bugleweed	- Ajuga

Bugloss	- Anchusa
Bugbane	- Cimicifuga

B Cont.

Butter And Eggs	- Linaria
Butter Daisy	- Coreopsis
Butterfly Flower	- Asclepias tuberosa

C

Calendula	- Calendula officinalis
California Poppy	- Eschscholzia
Champion	- Silene, Lychnis
Candy Lily	- Pardancandra
Candytuft	- Iberis
Canterbury Bells	- Campanula
Caraway	- Carum carv
Cardinal Flower	- Lobelia
Carnation	- Dianthus caryophyllus
Catchfly	- Lychnis, Silene
Catmint	- Nepeta
Catnip	- Nepeta cataria
Celandine Poppy	- Stylophorum
Chamomile	- Anthemis
Chervil	- Anthriscus cerefolium
Chinese Lantern	- Physalis
Chives	- Allium
Chocolate Mint	- Mintha Spp.
Christmas Fern	- Polystichum acrostichoides
Christmas Rose	- Helleborus niger
Chrysanthemum	- Leucanthemum
Cilantro	- Coriandrum sativum
Cinnamon Fern	- Osmunda cinnamomea
Cinquefolia	- Potentilla
Clayton Fern	- Osmunda Claytonia
Clematis	- Clematis
Clove Pinks	- Dianthus plumarius
Colorado Columbine	- Aquilegia caerulea
Columbine	- Aquilegia
Common Mayapple	- Podophyllum
Common Myrtle	- Vinca minor
Common Oregano	- Origanum vulgare
Common Thrift	- Armeria
Common Yarrow	- Achillea millefolium
Coneflower	- Rudbeckia, Echinacea
Coral Iris	- Iris foudidissima
Coriander	- Coriandrum sativum
Corsican Mint	- Mentha corsican
Corsican Pearlwort	- Sagina
Cowslip	- Caltha
Cranesbill	- Geranium, Hardy
Creeping Buttercup	- Ranunculus
Creeping Jenny	- Lysimachia
Creeping Lilyturf	- Liriope muscari & spicata
Creeping Mazus	- Mazus
Creeping Phlox	- Phlox subulata & stolon.
Creeping Thyme	- Thymus s. coccineum
Common Shooting Star	- Dodecatheon
Coral Bells	- Heuchera
Crown Vetch	- Coronilla
Culver's Phycis	- Veronicastrum
Cup And Saucer	- Campanula medium clay.
Cupid's Dart	- Catanche
Curled Parsley	- Petroselinum crispum
Curry	- Helichryseum italicum
Cushion Spurge	- Euphorbia
Cutleaf Coneflower	- Rudbeckia laciniata

CROSS REFERENCE FOR COMMON/BOTANICAL NAMES

D

Daisy	- Chrysanthemum
Dalmation Bellflower	- Campanula portenschlagiana
Daylily	- Hemerocallis
Dame's Rocket	- Hesperis
Dead Nettle	- Lamium, Lamiastrum
Desert Candle	- Erythronium
Dill	- Anethum graveoloens
Dragon Tails	- Asplenium e.
Drooping Sedge	- Carex pendula
Dutchmans Breeches	- Dicentra cucu. Haria
Dwarf Bleeding Heart	- Dicentra Exima
Dwarf Blue Fescue	- Festuca cinera Dwarf
Dwarf Blue Star	- Amsonia montana
Dwarf Chinese Astilbe	- Astilbe
Dwarf Crested Iris	- Iris cristata
Dwarf Fountain Grass	- Pennisetum a. Hameln
Dwarf Iris	- Iris pumila
Dwarf Lace Plant	- Polygonum
Dwarf Sedge	- Carex c. Himekansugi
Dwarf Solomon's Seal	- Polydonatum humile

E

Edelweiss	- Leontopodium
English Daisy	- Bellis perenne
English Lavender	- Lavandula
English Painted Fern	- Athrium oto.
English Thyme	- Thymus vulgaris
English Grass	- Miscanthus s. Gracillimus
Evening Primrose	- Oenothera

F

False Dragonhead	- Physotegia
False Goat's Beard	- Astilbe
False Indigo	- Baptisia
False Miterwort	- Tiarella wherryii
False Rock Cress	- Aubrieta
False Solomon's Plume	- Smilacina
False Spirea	- Astilbe
False Sunflower	- Heliopsis, Helenium
Fan Columine	- Aquilegia flabellata
Feather Flower	- Astilbe
Feather Reed Grass	- Calamagrostis
Fennel	- Foeniculum vulgare
Fernleaf	- Coreopsis verticillata
Fernleaf Dill	- Anethum graveolens
Fernleaf Yarrow	- Achillea filipendulina
Feverfew	- Gaillardia
Five Finger	- Potentilla
Flame Grass	- Discanthus purpurascens
Flaming Torch	- Lythrum
Flax	- Linum
Fleabane	- Erigeron
Fleeceflower	- Polygonum
Flowering Spurge	- Euphorbia
Foamflower	- Tiarella cordifolia
Foamy Bells	- Heucherella
Forget Me Not	- Myotis
Fountain Grass	- Pennisetum alopecurioides
Foxglove	- Digitalis
Fox's Brush	- Centranthus
French Honeysuckle	- Hedysarum
French Tarragon	- Artemisia chanunculus
Fringed Leaf Bleeding Heart	- Dicentra eximia
Frostcurl Sedge	- Carex albula
Frost Grass	- Spodiopon
Funkia	- Hosta

G

Garden Peony	- Paeonia
Garden Sage	- Salvia officinalis
Gas Plant	- Dictamus
Gayfeather	- Liatris
German Chamomile	- Matricaria recutita
Germander	- Teucrium
Giant Desert Candle	- Eremurus
Globeflower	- Trollius
Globe Thistle	- Echinops
Gloxinia, Hardy	- Incarvillea
Goatsbeard	- Astilbe, Aruncus
Gold Dust	- Alyssum
Golden Daisy	- Coreopsis
Golden Dead Nettle	- Lamiastrum
Golden Jap. Forest Grass	- Hakonechloa macra
Golden Lemon Thyme	- Thymus citriodorus aureus variegatus
Golden Marguerite	- Anthemis
Goldenrod	- Solidago
Golden Sage	- Salvia c. Icteria
Golden Showers	- Coreopsis vert.
Golden Seal	- Hydrastis canadensis
Goldenstar	- Chrysogonum
Goldies Fern	- Dryopteris Goldiana
Goutweed	- Aegopodium
Grapeleaf Anemone	- Anemone vitifolia
Gray Cotton Lavender	- Santolina cham.
Greater Solomon's Seal	- Polygonatum cummatatum
Grecian Rose	- Geum
Green Lavender Cotton	- Santolina virens
Greek Oregano	- Origanum vulgare
Greek Yarrow	- Achillea ager.
Graybeard Grass	- Spodiopogon
Gumbo Lily	- Oenothera caespitosa

H

Hall's Honeysuckle	- Lonicera
Hardy Ageratum	- Eupatorium
Hardy Aster	- Aster
Hardy Carnation	- Dianthus caryophyllus
Hardy Gloxinia	- Incarvillea
Hardy Ice Plant	- Delosperma
Hardy Lady Fern	- Athyrium fillis femina
Hardy Pampas Grass	- Saccharum ravennae
Harebell	- Campanula
Hay Scented Fern	- Dennstaedta pun.
Heartfelt Bergenia	- Bergenia
Helen's Flower	- Helenium
Heliotrope	- Heliotrope
peruvianum	
Hen + Chicks	- Sempervivum
Heron's-bill	- Erodium
Hollyhock	- Alcea
Hollyhock Mallow	- Malva
Honesty Plant	- Lunaria
Houseleek	- Sempervivum

I

Indian Grass	- Sorghastrum
Indian Paint Brush	- Lobelia
Iris	- Iris
Italian Bugloss	- Anchusa
Italian Oregano	- Origanum onites
Italian Parsley	- Petroselinum neoplitanum

CROSS REFERENCE FOR COMMON/BOTANICAL NAMES

J

Jack-In-The-Pulpit	- Arisaema triphyllum
Jacob's Ladder	- Polemonium
Japanese Anemone	- Anemone
Japanese Bloodgrass	- Imperata cyl. Red Baron
Japanese Iris	- Iris ensata
Japanese Painted Fern	- Athyrium goer.
Japanese Sedge	- Carex morrowil
Japanese Silvergrass	- Miscanthus sinensis
Japanese Spurge	- Pachysandra
Japanese Sweet Flag	- Acorus gramineus
Japanese Toad Lily	- Tricurtis
Jasmine	- Jasminium
Joe Pye Weed	- Eupatorium
Jupiter's Beard	- Centranthus

K

Kamchatka Bugbane	- Cimicifuga
Kansas Gayfeather	- Liatris
Karl Foerster Feather Reedgrass	- Calamagrostis x acut. Karl Foerster
Korean Feather Reedgrass	- Calma. a.Brichtata.
Korean Houttuynia	- Houttuynia
Korean Rock Fern	- Polystichum tsus Simense
Knapweed	- Centaurea

L

Lace Plant	- Polygonum
Lady Fern femina	- Athyrum filix-
Lady Fingers	- Anthyllis
Lady's Mantle	- Alchemilla
Lamb's Ear	- Stachys
Larkspur	- Delphinium
Lavender	- Lavendula
Lavender Cotton	- Santolina
Leadwort	- Plumbago
Leatherleaf Sedge	- Carex buchananii
Leatherwood Fern	- Dryopteris marginalis
Leek	- Allium porrum
Lemon Balm	- Melissa officinalis
Lemon Grass	- Cymbopogon citratus
Lemon Mint	- Monarda citriodora
Lemon Verbena	- Lippa citriodora
Lenten Rose	- Helleborus oorientalis
Leopardsbane	- Doronicum
Leopard Plant	- Ligularia
Lily	- Liliun
Lilyleaf Ladybell	- Adenophora
Lily Of The Nile	- Agapanthus
Lily Of The Valley	- Convallaria
Lilyturf	- Lirope
Lisianthus	- Eustoma
Little Blue Stem	- Schizachyrium
Little Dot	- Ceratostigma
Live Forever	- Sedum
Liver Balsam	- Erinus
Long Beach Fern	- Thelpteris phegopteris
Loosetrife	- Lysimachia,
Lythrum	
Lovage	- Levisticum officinalis
Lungwort	- Pulmonaria
Lupines	- Lupinys

M

Maiden Grass	- Miscanthus sinensis
Maidenhair Fern	- Adiantum pedatum
Maiden Pink	- Dianthus deltoides
Maltese Cross	- Lychnis
Manna Grass	- Glycirea aquatillus Var.
Marguerite	- Anthemis
Marsh Marigold	- Caltha pulstris
Masterwort	- Astrantia carnilica rubra
Mayflower	- Hepatica
Meadow Rue	- Thalictrum
Meadow Sage	- Salvia
Meadowsweet	- Filipendula
Mexican Oregano	- Lippia graveolens
Milfoil	- Achilea
Miniature Fountain Grass	- Pennisetum a. Little Bunny
Miniature Hollyhock	- Sidalcea
Mint	- Mentha
Mistflower	- Eupatorium
Mock Strawberry	- Duchesnea indica
Money Plant	- Lunaria
Monkshood	- Aconitum
Montbretia	- Crocosmia
Moor Grass	- Molina
Morning Light Jap. Slv. Gr.	- Miscanthus s. Morning Light
Moss Pinks	- Phlox subulata
Mother Of Thyme	- Thymus serphyllum
Mullein	- Verascum
Myrtle	- Vinca

N

New York Aster	- Aster novi-belgii
New York Fern	- Thelypteris navadensis
New Zealand Sedge	- Carex comans
Northern Sea Oats	- Chasmanthium
Nutmeg Thyme	- Thymus Ser. Nutmeg

O

Obedient Plant	- Pnyostegia
Old Fashioned Bleeding Heart	- Dicentra spetabilis
Oregano	- Origanum
Oriental Fountain Grass	- Pennisetum orientale
Oriental Poppy	- Papaver
Ostrich Fern	- Matteuccia pennsylvanica, Athyrium pyemocanpon
Oswego Tea	- Monarda
Ox-Eye Daisy	- Leucanthemum

P

Painted Daisy	- Tanacetum
Palm Sedge	- Carex muskingumensis
Pampas Grass	- Cortaderia
Parsely	- Petroselinum
Pasque Flower	- Anemone pulsatilla, Pulsatilla
Pennyroyal	- Mentha pulegium
Peony	- Paeonia
Peppermint	- Mentha peperata
Periwinkle	- Vinca
Pig Squeak	- Bergenia
Pinchusion Flower	- Scabiosa
Pineapple Sage	- Salvia rutilaus
Pink Ladyslipper	- Cypripedium
Pink Pampas Grass	- Cortaderia sel. Rosea
Pinks	- Dianthus
Plantain Lily	- Hosta
Plumbago	- Ceratostigma

CROSS REFERENCE FOR COMMON/BOTANICAL NAMES

Plume Grass - *Saccharum ravennae*

P Cont.

Plume Poppy - *Macleaya*
 Poker Plant - *Kniphofia*
 Polygonum - *Persicaria*
 Polypody Fern - *Polypody virginium*
 Poppy - *Papaver*
 Poppy Mallow - *Callirhoe*
 Porcelain Vine - *Ampelopsis b. Elegans*
 Poppine Grass - *Miscanthus sin. 'Strictus'*
 Prairie Coneflower - *Ratibida*
 Prairie Gentian - *Lisianthus*
 Prairie Mallow - *Sidalcea*
 Primrose - *Primula*
 Primrose, Evening - *Oenothera*
 Prostrate Rosemary - *Rosmarinus*
o. prostratus
 Purple Coneflower - *Echinacea purpurea*
 Purpleleaf Wintercreeper - *Euonymus for. Coloratus*
 Purple Loosestrife - *Lythrum*
 Purple Moor Grass - *Molina caerulea variegata*
 Purple Rock Cress - *Aubrieta*
 Pussytoes - *Antennaria*
 Pyrethrum - *Tanacetum*

Q

Quaker Bonnets - *Lupinus*
 Quaking Grass - *Briza Media*

R

Ragwort - *Ligularia*
 Red Hot Poker - *Kniphofia*
 Red Switch Grass - *Panicum virg.*
 Red Valerian - *Centranthus*
 Reed Grass - *Calamagrostis brachytricha*
 Rhubarb - *Rheum*
 Ribbon Grass - *Phalaris arundinacea pictata*
 Rock Cress - *Arabis*
 Rockfoil - *Saxifraga*
 Rock Madwort - *Alyssum*
 Rock Soapwort - *Saponaria*
 Rock Rose - *Helianthemum*
 Rodger's Flower - *Rodgersia*
 Roman Chamomile - *Anthemis hobilis*
 Rose Champion - *Agrostemma, Lychnis*
 Rose Mallow - *Hibiscus*
 Rosemary - *Rosemary*
officinalis
 Royal Fern - *Osmunda regalis*
 Rue - *Ruta*
 Ruellia - *Wild Petunia, Humilis*
 Russian Sage - *Perovskia*
 Rusty Woodsia - *Woodsia Obtusa*

S

Sage - *Salvia*
 Sandpink - *Dianthus arenarius*
 Sandwort - *Arenaria*
 Saxifraga - *Bergenia*
 Scotch Bluebell - *Campanula rotundifolia*
 Sea Holly - *Eryngium*
 Sea Lavender - *Limonium*
 Sea Pink - *Armeria*
 Sedge - *Carex*
 Self Heal - *Prunella*

Senecio - *Ligularia*
 Sensitive Fern - *Onoclea sensibilis*
 Serbian Bellflower - *Campanula posecharskyana*
 Scented Geraniums - *Pelargonium*
 Shaggyshield Fern - *Dryopteris atrata*

S Cont.

Shasta Daisy - *Leucan themum*
 Shooting Star - *Dodecatheon*
 Shrub Yellow Root - *Xanthorhiza*
 Siberian Bugloss - *Brunnera*
 Siberian Iris - *Iris sibirica*
 Siberian Wallflower - *Cheiranthus*
 Silberfeder Maiden Grass - *Miscanthus s. Silberfeder*
 Silkwood - *Asclepias*
 Silver King - *Artemisia*
 Silverlace Vine - *Polygonum*
 Silver Mound - *Artemisia*
 Silver Queen - *Artemisia*
 Silver Thyme - *Thymus vulgaris argenteus*
 Silver Var. Japanese Sedge - *Carex morrowii variegata*
 Silvery Speenwort - *Athyrium asp.*
 Small Solomon's Seal - *Polygonatum*
 Snakeroot - *Eupoatorium*
rugosum

Sneezeweed - *Helenium*
 Sneezewort - *Achillea ptarmica*
 Snow Trillium - *Trillium grandiflorum*
 Snowdrop - *Anemone*
 Snow In Summer - *Cerastium*
 Snow On The Mountain - *Aegopodium*
 Soap Plant - *Saponaria*
 Solomon's Seal - *Polygonatum*
 Southern Belle - *Hibiscus*
 Spearmint - *Mentha spicata*
 Speedwell - *Veronica*
 Spiderwort - *Tradescantia*
 Spirea - *Astilbe*
 Spotted Dead Nettle - *Lamium*
 Spurge - *Euphorbia*
 St. John' Wort - *Hypericum*
 Starflowers - *Boltonia*
 Statice - *Limonium*
 Stiff Feather Reed Grass - *Calamagrostis x a. stricta*
 Stokes Aster - *Stokesia*
 Stonecrop - *Sedum*
 Stork's-bill - *Erodium*
 Strawberry - *Fragaria*
 Striped Feather Reed Grass - *Calamagrostis x a. Overdam*
 Summer Forget Me Not - *Anchusa*
 Summer Savory - *Satureja hortensis*
 Sundrop - *Oenothera*
 Sun Rose - *Helianthemum*
 Sunflower, Perennial - *Helianthus*
 Sunray Flower - *Inula*
 Sun Rose - *Helianthemum*
 Swamp Milkweed - *Asclepias incarnata*
 Sweet Marjoram - *Origanum majorana*
 Sweet Pea - *Lathyrus*
 Sweet William - *Dianthus barbatus*
 Sweet Woodruff - *Galium odoratum*
 Switch Grass - *Panicum v. Heavy Metal*
 Swordleaf Inula - *Inula*

T

Tall Garden Phlox - *Phlox paniculata*
 Tarragon - *Artemisia*

CROSS REFERENCE FOR COMMON/BOTANICAL NAMES

Thrift	- Armeria
Thyme	- Thymus
Tickseed	- Coreopsis
Toadflax	- Linaria
Toothedwood Fern	- Dryopteris spinulosa
Trailblazer Switch Grass	- Panicum v. Trailblazer
Tree Peony	- Paeonia suffruticosa
Trillium	- Trillium

T Cont.

Tritoma	- Kniphofia
True Daisy	- Bellis perenne
True Lavender	- Lavandula
Tufted Hair Grass	- Deschampsia
Turtlehead	- Chelone
Turk's Cap	- Aconitum
Turk's Cap Lily	- Lilium martaga

V

Variegated Japanese Sedge	- Carex hac. Evergold
Variegated Jap. Silver Grass	- Miscanthus sin. Variegatus
Variegated Miscanthus	- Miscanthus t. Cabaret
Variegated Porcelain Vine	- Ampelopsis
Variegated Sage	- Salvia officinalis Tricolor
Verbena	- Verbena
Violet	- Viola
Virginia Bluebell	- Mertensia
Virginia Spiderwort	- Tradescantia

W

Wake Robin	- Trillium e.
Wand Flower	- Gaura
Watercress	- Nasturtium officinale
Weeping Oregano	- Rosmarinus o. Prostratus
White Wood Aster	- Aster divaricatus
Wild Ginger	- Asarum
Wild Petunia	- Ruella
Wild Sienna	- Cassia
Wild Sweet William	- Phlox d., Phlox m.
Windflower	- Japanese Anenome
Wintercreeper	- Euonymus fort.
Woodrush	- Luzula sylvatica
Woodweaxen	- Genista
Woolly Betony	- Stachys
Woolly Thyme	- Thymus seudolanufinosus
Woolly Yarrow	- Achillea tom.
Wormwood	- Artemisia

Y

Yarrow	- Achillea
Yellow Archangel	- Lamiastrum
Yellow Corydalis	- Corydalis
Yellow Flag Iris	- Iris pseudacorus
Yellow Marguerite	- Anthemis

Z

Zebra Grass	- Miscanthus s. Zebrinus
Zebra Iris	- Iris palida Var.